

Change base and evaluate:

change base and evaluate:

a)
$$\log_4 25$$
 $\log_2 46$
 $\log_3 5$
 $\log_4 9$

Write the following as a single logarithm

Write the following as a single logarithm...

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[2 \left(\log_2 x + 3 \log_2 y \right) - 3 \log_2 z \right]$$

Solve the following...
$$\frac{3^x \cdot 2^{x+1}}{4^{3x}} = 5^{2x}$$

Write the following as a single logarithm...

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[2(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - 3\log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y)^2 - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y)^2 - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - 3\log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - 3\log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - 3\log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + 3\log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[(\log_2 x + \log_2 y) - \log_2 z \right]$$

Solve the following...
$$\frac{3^{x} \cdot 2^{x+1}}{4^{3x}} = 5^{2x} - x = 0.1241$$

$$\log \left(\frac{3^{x} \cdot 2^{x+1}}{4^{3x}}\right) = \log 5^{2x}$$

$$\log 3^{x} + \log 2^{x+1} - \log 4^{3x} = \log 5^{2x}$$

$$(x) \log 3 + (x+1) \log 2 - (3x) \log 4 = \Re x \log 5$$

$$\log 3(x) + \log 2(x) + \log 3 - 3\log 4(x) = 2\log 5(x)$$

$$\log 3(x) + \log 2(x) - 3\log 4(x) - 2\log 5(x) = -\log 3$$

$$(\log 3 + \log 2 - 3\log 4 - 2\log 5) - -\log 2$$

$$(\log 3 + \log 2 - 3\log 4 - 2\log 5)$$

$$(\log 3 + \log 2 - 3\log 4 - 2\log 5)$$

$$(\log 3 + \log 2 - 3\log 4 - 2\log 5)$$

$$(\log 3 + \log 2 - 3\log 4 - 2\log 5)$$

$$(\log 3 + \log 2 - 3\log 4 - 2\log 5)$$

Applications of Logarithms

A \$1,000 deposit is made at a bank that pays 12% compounded annually. How much will you have in your account at the end of 10 years?

Now you Try!

#1. An investment of \$100 is made in a term deposit that pays 9.5 % / year compounded annually. How long will it take to triple the value of the investment?

Applications of Logarithms

Hospitals utilize the radioactive substance iodine-131 in the diagnosis of conditions of the thyroid gland. The half-life of iodine-131 is eight days.

a) If a hospital acquires 2 g of iodine-131, how much of this sample will remain after 20 days?

b) How long will it be until only 0.01 g remains?

Now you Try!

If you start a biology experiment with 5,000,000 cells and 45% of the cells are dying every minute, how long will it take to have 1,000 cells?

Example:

#2. Mr. Svarc has been growing a new bacteria culture. The population was intially 5000 bacteria and doubles every three hours.

a) What will be the population after 240 minutes.

 $\frac{x}{9} = \frac{3}{5000} = \frac{3}{10000} = \frac{3}{5000} = \frac{3}{50000} = \frac{3}{$

b) How many hours will it take for the bacteria population to reach 1 million?

1000000=500c(2) X3

HOMEWORK: Work on the following...

Page 177: #4

#5

Page 181: #11 (1st column)

#12 #14

Page 183: #24

#25(1st column)

SOLUTIONS.

	SOLUTIONS		
Answers 4. (a) 2.68 QUESTION	(b) 1.59 (c) 2.98	3 (d) 1.85	(e) 1.87 (f) 1.26 Page 178
If students und	derstand the "Thinloreration of changing alize that the resul		ion 5" in the margin and to exponential form, then e similar to the ones they
Answers			
5. (a) 1.85	(b) 0.73		
Answers			
11. (a) 2.585	(b) 0.811	(c) 1.200	(d) -5.213
(e) 0.132	(f) 1.701	(g) 1.461	(h) 1.113
Answers			
12. (a) 2	(b) 25	(c) 2	(d) 16
(e) 196	(f) $\frac{729}{64}$	(g) 5	(h) 2
Answers			
14. (a) 1.796	(b) 2.377	(c) -0.115	
Answers			
24. (a) 4	(b) $\frac{7}{6}$	(c) 4	
(d) 0.429	(e) 2	(f) 1.66	1
QUESTION	25		Page 183
Answers			
25. (a) 5	(b) 2 or 0	(c) 0.40	4 (d) $\frac{1}{7}$ or 343
(e) 3	(f) 5	(g) $\frac{17}{14}$	(h) 0.480
(i) 3 (the oth	er root, –2, is extrar	• • •	or -1