

Friday, September 21/12
Science 10



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1. Bell Work
 2. ICA (In Class Assignment) - Return
 3. Textbook Scavenger Hunt - **Complete by Monday of Next Week**
 4. Certainty Rule for Multiplying and Dividing (Page 345)
 5. Precision Rules for Adding and Subtracting (Page 346)
 6. Page 349: Understanding Concepts #6-8 - **Work on #6 to the bell**

Stopped Here P6
 7. Converting Units (Page 348)
 8. Page 349: Understanding Concepts #9



Bell Work - Science 10 : Sept. 21/12 ✓

Copy each of the following measured or calculated values.

- Place a check mark above each certain digit and a question mark above each estimated or uncertain digit.
- State the certainty of each measurement as a number of significant digits.

(i) 45.09 kg
✓✓✓?
4 SD

(iii) 7.20 x 10² s
✓✓?
3 SD

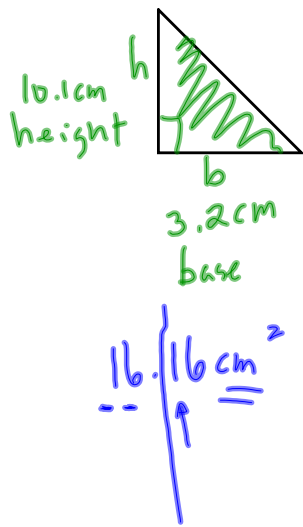
(ii) 0.00206 km
✓✓?
3 SD

(iv) 5090.0 km
✓✓✓✓?
5 SD

Certainty Rule for Multiplying and Dividing

Page 345

When multiplying and/or dividing, the answer has the same number of significant digits as the measurement with the fewest number of significant digits.



Find the area of the triangle.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

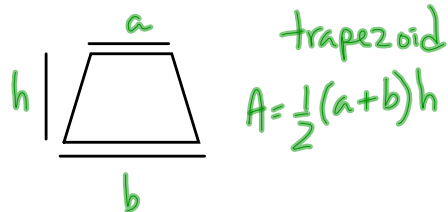
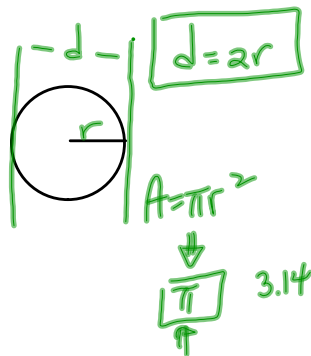
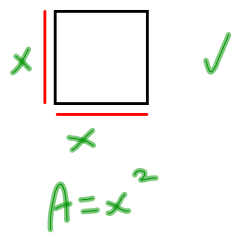
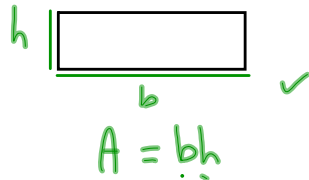
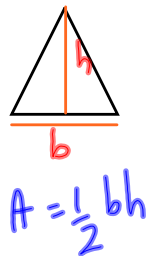
area

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(3.2\text{ cm})(10.1\text{ cm})$$

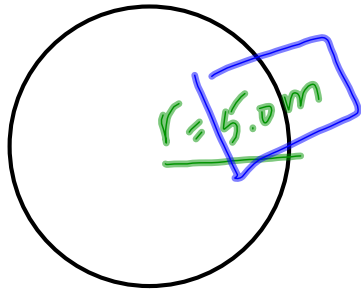
$$A = 16.16\text{ cm}^2$$

$$A = 16\text{ cm}^2$$

2 sig 16.16 cm²



Example: Find the area of the circle.



$$A = \pi r^2 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$A = \pi (5.0)^2 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$A = 78.53981634 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A \approx \underline{79 \text{ m}^2}$$

p. 349. #6. (a-d)

#6. a) $\frac{22.4 \text{ h}}{350} \times \frac{0.1 \text{ mm}}{150} = \frac{2.21}{2 \text{ mm}}$

b) $\frac{465 \text{ km}}{5.21 \text{ h}} = \frac{89.3 \text{ km}}{350 \text{ h}}$

c) $\frac{18 \text{ cm}^3}{250} \times \frac{1.10 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3} = \frac{20 \text{ g}}{19.8 \text{ g}}$

d) $\frac{72.5 \text{ min}}{350} \times \left[\frac{1 \text{ h}}{60 \text{ min}} \right] = \frac{1.21 \text{ h}}{350}$
 defined value.

Precision is measured by the number of decimal places in a measured or calculated value.

When adding and subtracting measured values of known precision, the answer has the same number of decimal places as the measured value with the fewest decimal places.

Example:

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.2 \text{ mm} \\ 3.05 \text{ mm} \\ + 7.60 \text{ mm} \\ \hline 11.85 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow 11.9 \text{ mm} \end{array}$$

Example: Subtract 21.423 cm (from) 137.21 cm.

$$\begin{array}{r} 137.21 \text{ cm} \\ - 21.423 \text{ cm} \\ \hline 115.79 \text{ cm} \end{array}$$