

## Check-Up...

$$81 \bullet 27^{-2(x-1)} = \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{9}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3^4) \cdot (3^{2x+2}) &= \frac{3}{(3^2)^{1/3}} \\ (-6x+6+4)(3^{-6x+6}) &= \frac{3^{1/3}}{3^{3/3}} \\ 3^{-6x+10} &= 3^{1/3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore -6x+10 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$-18x+30 = 1$$

$$-18x = -29$$

$$x = \frac{29}{18}$$

This is a little different...hmmm...any ideas??

Solve the following...

$$2^{2x} - 33(2^x) + 32 = 0$$

$$(2^x)^2 - 33(2^x) + 32 = 0$$

Let  $m = 2^x$

$$m^2 - 33m + 32 = 0$$

$$\frac{32^{3x-4}}{16^{-x+3}} = 4(8^{5x-1})$$

+  $\frac{31}{4}$

$$\frac{(2^5)^{3x-4}}{(2^4)^{-x+3}} = (2^2)(2^3)^{5x-1}$$

$$\frac{2^{15x-20}}{2^{-4x+12}} = (2^2)(2^{15x-3})$$

$$2^{19x-32} = 2^{15x-1}$$

$$\therefore 19x - 32 = 15x - 1$$

$$\frac{4x}{y} = \frac{31}{4}$$

$x = \frac{31}{4}$

Solve the following...

$$125(5^{2x}) - 30(5^x) + 1 = 0$$

$$125(5^x)^2 - 30(5^x) + 1 = 0$$

$$\text{Let } m = 5^x$$

$$125(m)^2 - 30m + 1 = 0$$

$$125m^2 - 25m - 5m + 1 = 0$$

$$25m(5m-1) - 1(5m-1) = 0$$

$$(5m-1)(25m-1) = 0$$

Re-Sub.

$$m = \frac{1}{5} \quad \text{OR} \quad m = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$m = 5^x$$

$$5^x = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$5^x = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$5^x = 5^{-2}$$

$$x = -2$$

# Homework...

Worksheet - Solving Exponential Equations.doc

# 7, 8, 10, 11, 12

## Attachments

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[Worksheet - Solving Exponential Equations.doc](#)