

Warm-Up

7(b) 83 166

Pg. 30

#20

$$\Rightarrow -27 + (-22) + (-17)$$

$$t_{15} = 43$$

$$S_{15} = 120$$

$$\textcircled{1} a + 14d = 43$$

$$120 = \frac{15}{2} [2a + 14d]$$

$$\textcircled{2} 16 = 2a + 14d$$

$$a + 14d = 43$$

$$2a + 14d = 16$$

$$-a = 27$$

$$a = -27$$

$$-27 + 14d = 43$$

$$14d = 70$$

$$d = 5$$

$$-27 + -22 + -17$$

Homework

Pg. 27

5 (b) $t_1 = -6$ $t_n = 21$

$$t_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

$$S_n = 75$$

$$21 = -6 + (n-1)d$$

$$27 = (n-1)d$$

$$75 = \frac{n}{2} [2(-6) + (n-1)d]$$

$$75 = \frac{n}{2} [-12 + 27]$$

$$\frac{150}{15} = \frac{15n}{15}$$

$$10 = n$$

$$7. b) 6 + 12 + 18 + \dots + 996$$

$$996 = 6 + (n-1)(6)$$

$$996 = 6n$$

$$\underline{n = 166}$$

↑
must be
multiple of 6

$$S_{166} = \frac{166}{2} [2(6) + (165)(6)]$$

$$= \underline{83166}$$

Geometric Series:

- The summation of the terms of a geometric sequence

$$\text{Formula} \dashrightarrow S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} \quad \text{OR} \quad S_n = \frac{a(r^n-1)}{r-1}$$

Let's derive this formula that can be used to determine the sum of "n" terms in any geometric series...

$$(r)S = (a + ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + \dots + ar^{n-2} + ar^{n-1}) \cdot r$$

- Multiply both sides of this summation by r and then subtract the two equations

$$Sr = ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + \dots + ar^{n-1} + ar^n$$
$$S = \underline{ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + \dots + ar^{n-1} + a}$$

$$Sr - S = ar^n - a$$

$$S(r-1) = a(r^n-1)$$

$$S = \frac{a(r^n-1)}{r-1}$$

Example:

Find the sum of each of the following series:

(a) $S = -3 - 6 - 12 - 24 - \dots - 196608$

$$= -3 + (-6) + (-12) \dots + (-196608)$$
$$\frac{-196608}{-3} = \frac{-3(2)^{n-1}}{-3}$$

$$65536 = (2)^{n-1}$$

$$(2)^{16} = (2)^{n-1}$$

$$\underline{n=17}$$

$$S_{17} = \frac{-3(2^{17}-1)}{(2-1)}$$

$$= -393213$$

$$t_n = ar^{n-1}$$
$$S_n = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1}$$

(b) $S = 5 - 10 + 20 - 40 + \dots + 5242880$

$$\frac{5242880}{5} = \frac{5(-2)^{n-1}}{5}$$

$$1048576 = (-2)^{n-1}$$

$$(-2)^{20} = (-2)^{n-1}$$

$$\underline{n=21}$$

$$S_{21} = \frac{5((-2)^{21} - 1)}{-2 - 1}$$

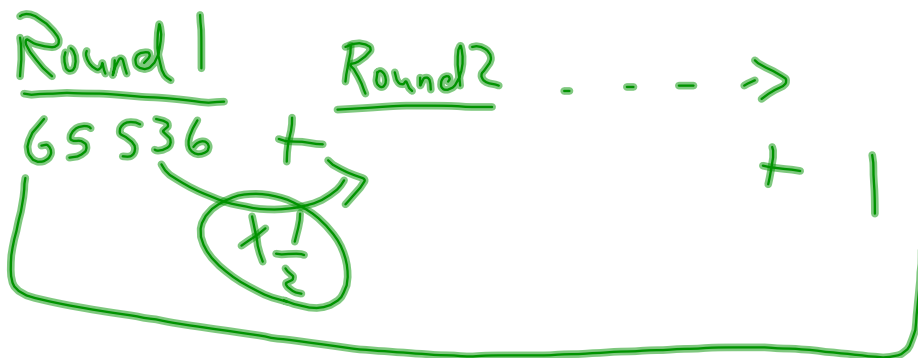
$$= \underline{3495255}$$

Internet Cribbage tournament ...

131 072 participants

⇒ single elimination

How many games will be played in total?



$$1 = 65536 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{65536} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{16} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$\underline{n=17}$$

$$S_{17} = \frac{65536 \left(\frac{1}{2}^{17} - 1\right)}{\frac{1}{2} - 1}$$

$$\underline{\underline{= 131\,071}}$$

Pg. 53

3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18

Attachments

applications of sequences.doc