

Review

① Given $f(x) = \begin{cases} -3 & \text{if } x < -2 \\ 2x + 4 & \text{if } -2 \leq x < 2 \\ -(x-3)^2 + 1 & \text{if } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$

(a) Evaluate:

$$\underline{f(-2)} + 3 \underline{f(2)} + [\underline{f(0)}]^2$$

(b) Sketch $f(x)$

(a) $f(-2) = 2(-2) + 4 = 0$ $f(2) = -(2-3)^2 + 1 = -1 + 1 = 0$

$f(0) = 2(0) + 4 = 4$

$$= 0 + 3(0) + (4)^2 = 16$$

① $y = -3$

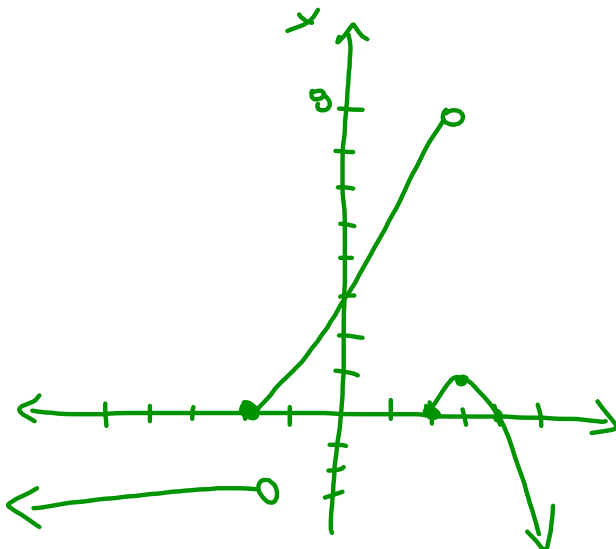
② $y = 2x + 4$

③ $y = -(x-3)^2 + 1$

x	y
-2	0
2	8

$V(3, 1)$

x	y
2	0



ex. 2 $f(x) = x + 3$ $g(x) = 2 - x^2$ $h(x) = 4x^2$

(a) Evaluate $(f+g)(-1)$

(b) Evaluate $f_g(3w)$

(c) Evaluate $h[f(0)]$

(d) Evaluate $g \circ h \circ f(-1)$

(e) Express in simplest form: $g(-2y) + 3f(y^2+1) + h(y-2)$

(a) $(f+g)(-1)$

$= f(-1) + g(-1)$

$f(-1) = -1 + 3$
 $= 2$

$g(-1) = 2 - (-1)^2$
 $= 1$

$= 2 + 1$

$= 3$

$h(x) = 4x^2$ $f(x) = x + 3$

(c) $h[f(0)]$

$f(0) = 0 + 3$
 $= 3$

$h(3) = 4(3)^2$
 $= 36$

(d) $g \circ h \circ f(-1)$

$f(-1) = -1 + 3 = 2$

$h(2) = 4(2)^2 = 16$

$g(16) = 2 - (16)^2$
 $= -254$

(b) $f_g(3w)$

$[f(3w)] \times [g(3w)]$

$f(3w) = 3w + 3$

$g(3w) = 2 - (3w)^2$

$= 2 - 9w^2$

$(3w + 3)(2 - 9w^2)$

$6w - 27w^3 + 6 - 27w^2$

(e) $g(-2y) = 2 - (-2y)^2$
 $= 2 - 4y^2$

$f(y^2+1) = (y^2+1) + 3$
 $= y^2 + 4$

$h(y-2) = 4(y-2)^2$

$= 4(y^2 - 4y + 4)$

$= 4y^2 - 16y + 16$

$= (2 - 4y^2) + 3(y^2 + 4) + (4y^2 - 16y + 16)$

$= 2 - 4y^2 + 3y^2 + 12 + 4y^2 - 16y + 16$

$= 3y^2 - 16y + 30$

3/ Given $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ is

- Stretched vertically by a factor of 3
- Reflected in y-axis
- Stretched horizontally by a factor of $\frac{3}{8}$
- Shifted left 7
- Shifted up 3

What is new equation of $f(x)$??

$$f(x) = 3\sqrt{-\frac{8}{3}(x+7)} + 3$$

(b) If $(9, 3)$ is on $f(x)$, where is this point after transformations applied??

$$(x, y) \rightarrow \left(-\frac{3}{8}x - 7, 3y + 3\right)$$

$$(9, 3) \rightarrow \left(-\frac{3}{8}\left(\frac{27}{1}\right) - 7, 3(3) + 3\right)$$

$$\left(-\frac{83}{8}, 12\right)$$

3/ Given $3(\frac{h(x)-2}{3}) = -\frac{12}{3}f(4x-20) + \frac{6}{3}$
 $h(x)$ is a transformation of $f(x)$..

- Reflection in x-axis? yes $h(x) - 2 = -4f[4(x-5)]$
- " " y-axis? No $h(x) = -4f[4(x-5)] + 4$
- Ver. stretch? $\times 4$
- H. stretch? $\frac{1}{4}$
- H. shift? Rt. 5
- V. shift? Up 4

Test is Tuesday!!

Attachments

Example - Squaring a Binomial.avi

Worksheet - Expanding.pdf