

Tuesday, February 10/15
Science 122

<http://mvhs-sherrard.weebly.com/>



Grad meeting to Wednesday during IS - Main Theatre.

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1. Check -> RHR - Sheet
 2. Symbols: Current Into and Out of Page/Board
 3. Two Wires
 4. Electric Motor - Notes
- Model -> TBC
 5. Quiz -> Start to End of Electric Motors
-> Thursday, Feb 12/13.
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6. Magnitude of Magnetic Fields
 7. Worksheet - Magnetic Field Produced by a Wire

Tuesday, February 10/15
Physics 122/121

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Grad meeting to Wednesday during IS - Main Theatre

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1. Check -> Worksheets - Type II Force Problems
 2. Type III Force Problems - Incline Plane Problems - TBC
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3. Text: Chapter 5 -> Page 191, #25
Page 194, #27, 28
 4. Worksheet - Sample Problems: Inclined Planes
 5. Quiz - Force Problems: Types I, II and III
-> Monday/Tuesday Next Week

Type II - Simple

1.

Diagram showing a mass suspended by two strings from a horizontal surface. The strings are at 30° to the horizontal. Tension forces T are shown along the strings. The weight W acts downwards from the mass. Horizontal components of tension are labeled T_x and vertical components are labeled T_y .

Equations:

$$\vec{F}_{net,y} = m\vec{a}_y$$

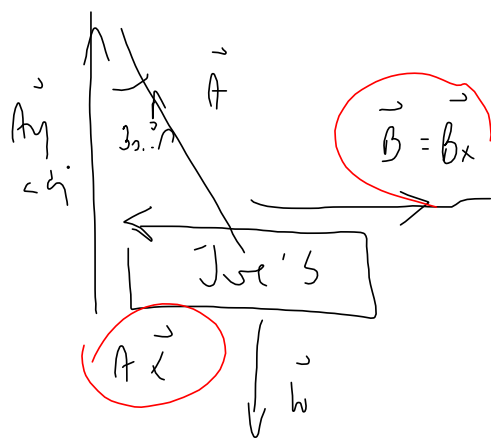
$$+T_y + T_y - W = 0$$

$$\boxed{2T_y - W = 0}$$

$$2(T \sin \theta) - W = 0$$

$$2T \sin \theta = W$$

Short Sheet - Complex.



$$\begin{aligned}
 + B_x - A_x &= 0 \\
 B - A \sin 30.0^\circ &= 0 \\
 B &= A \sin 30.0^\circ \\
 B &= 866.0 \sin 30.0^\circ \\
 B &= \underline{433 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$W = 750 \text{ N}$$

$$+ A_y - W = 0$$

$$A \cos 30.0^\circ - W = 0$$

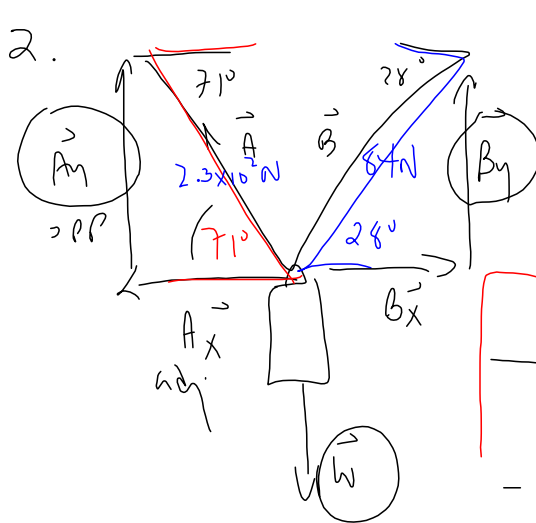
$$A = \frac{W}{\cos 30.0^\circ}$$

$$A = \frac{750}{\cos 30.0^\circ}$$

$$A = 866.0 \text{ N}$$

magnitude \rightarrow size.

The magnitude in B is
433 N.



$m = 26 \text{ kg}$

$+A_y + B_y - W = 0$ (3)

$A \sin 71^\circ + B \sin 28^\circ - mg = 0$

$-A_x + B_x = 0$ (2)

$-A \cos 71^\circ + B \cos 28^\circ = 0$

$84 \text{ N} = B = \left[\frac{A \cos 71^\circ}{\cos 28^\circ} \right]$

$\tan 28^\circ = \frac{\sin 28^\circ}{\cos 28^\circ}$

$A \sin 71^\circ + \left(\frac{A \cos 71^\circ}{\cos 28^\circ} \right) \sin 28^\circ - mg = 0$ (1)

$A \sin 71^\circ + A \cos 71^\circ \tan 28^\circ - mg = 0$

$A \sin 71^\circ + A \cos 71^\circ \tan 28^\circ = mg$

$A (\sin 71^\circ + \cos 71^\circ \tan 28^\circ) = mg$

$A = \frac{mg}{\sin 71^\circ + \cos 71^\circ \tan 28^\circ}$ (1)

$A = \frac{(26)(9.80)}{\sin 71^\circ + \cos 71^\circ \tan 28^\circ}$

$A = \frac{(26)(9.80)}{\sin 71^\circ + \cos 71^\circ \tan 28^\circ}$

$A = 2.3 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$ (1)

Tuesday, February 10/15
Science 10

On Feb 24, St. John Ambulance is putting on a First-Aid and CPR course for students. It is free, and students do get certified. Focus -> Grade 10 students.

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1. Article Review - Indicators - 4 Days Late Today
 2. Assignment - Indicator Species - 2 Days Late Today
 3. Assignment - Oh, What a Tangled Web...
- Pass in Today for Marking
 4. Quiz - Ecology to Food Webs -> Thursday
 5. Textbook: Page 13 - Understanding Concepts #1, 2, 4 a-b
Page 23 - Understanding Concepts, #1, 2, 3, 4, 5 } HW
 6. Biodiversity -> Video Tomorrow
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7. Bioaccumulation