OPTIONAL BONUS ASSIGNMENT is due: page 62, "MATH LINK"

OCTOBER 16, 2015

UNIT 2: POWERS AND EXPONENT LAWS

SECTION 2.3: ORDER OF OPERATIONS WITH POWERS

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WHAT'S THE POINT OF TODAY'S LESSON?

We will continue working on the Math 9 Specific Curriculum Outcome (SCO) "Numbers 1" OR "N1" which states:

"Demonstrate an understanding of powers with integral bases (excluding base 0) and whole number exponents by: representing repeated multiplication using powers; using patterns to show that a power with an exponent of zero is equal to one; solving problems involving powers."

We will also begin working on the Math 9 Specific Curriculum Outcomes (SCOs) "Numbers 2" and "Numbers 4" OR "N2" and "N4" which state:

"Demonstrate an understanding of operations on powers with integral bases (excluding base 0) and whole number exponents."

AND

"Explain and apply the order of operations, including exponents, with and without technology."



What does THAT mean???

SCO N1 means that we will learn about the two parts of a power (the base, or "the big number", and the exponent, or "the little number"). We will show what a power means when we write it out using multiplication (ex: $3^2 = 3 \times 3$), and we will use patterns to prove, for example, that $3^0 = 1$. Finally, we will use what we know about powers to solve problems.

SCO N2 means that we will learn rules to work with powers with integer bases (other than 0) and exponents of 0 or higher.

SCO N4 means that we will use order of operations (as always) to solve problems that include powers both with and without calculators.



Evaluate using fractions.

$$\frac{5}{2} - 0.5 + (-2)^{0}$$

$$=\frac{5}{2}-\frac{5}{10}+\frac{1}{5}$$
 L(m=10

$$=\frac{25}{10}-\frac{5}{10}+\frac{2}{10}$$

$$=\frac{20}{10}+\frac{2}{10}$$

$$=\frac{2a}{10}$$

HOMEWORK QUESTIONS???

(page 61, #4 TO #11)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(0.4) & (4 \times 10^{3}) + (1 \times 10^{0}) + (9 \times 10^{5}) + (3 \times 10^{1}) \\
&= 904031 \\
c) = (8 \times 10^{8}) + (5 \times 10^{5}) + (2 \times 10^{2}) \\
= 800000000 + 20000 + 20000 + 20000$$

HOMEWORK QUESTIONS??? (Page 61, #4 TO #11)

SECTION 2.3: ORDER OF OPERATIONS WITH POWERS

You've just won a competition, and you must answer the following skill-testing question to

collect your prize: $6 \times (3^2 + 2) - 10 \div 2$

(ANSWER: 61)

Would you be able to solve it and collect the prize?

66 - 5

What does BEDMAS stands for?

B: Brackets

E: Exponents

D: Division

Division M:Multiplication

A: Addition

S: Subtraction

In order, from left to right.

Why is it important that EVERYONE follows the SAME order of operations?

This is important because it is the only way that everyone can get the SAME answer to a question.

PLEASE TURN TO PAGE 64 IN MMS9. LOOK AT EXAMPLE 1 -ADDING AND SUBTRACTING WITH POWERS.

Evaluate:

1.
$$4^{3} - 4^{2}$$
 2. $5^{0} + 6^{2}$ 3. $(2-4)^{2}$

$$= 64 - 16 = 1 + 36 = (-2)^{2}$$

$$= 48 = 37 = 4$$

PLEASE TURN TO PAGE 64 IN MMS9. LOOK AT EXAMPLE 2 -MULTIPLYING AND DIVIDING WITH POWERS.

Evaluate:

1.
$$[2 \times (-3)^3 - 6]^2$$

= $[2 \times (-27)^3 - 6]^2$
= $[-54 - 6]^2$
= $[-60]^2$
= $[-60]^2$

2.
$$(18^{2} + 5^{0})^{2} \div (-5)^{3}$$

= $(324 + 1)^{2} \div (-125)$
= $(325)^{2} \div (-125)$
= $(05625 \div (-125))$
= -845

PLEASE TURN TO PAGE 65 IN MMS9. LOOK AT EXAMPLE 3 - SOLVING PROBLEMS USING POWERS.

$$\frac{690}{2 \times 4^{2} + \pi \times 1^{3}}$$
=\frac{690}{2 \times 10 + 71 \times 1}
=\frac{690}{33 + 71}
=\frac{690}{35.1415}
=\frac{19.6348}{19.6}
=\frac{19.6}{19.6}

CONCEPT REINFORCEMENT:

MMS9:

PAGES 66 TO 68: #4, #7, #10, #15 #16 (no

key strokes), #18a and #22