# **HOMEWORK???**

p. 225: #1 & 2

p. 235: #2, 5 & 6 2. Graph each system of linear inequalities. Justify your representation of the solution set. (a)  $\{(x, y) \mid -x + 2y \ge -4, x \in \mathbb{R}, y \in \mathbb{R}\}\$  b)  $\{(x, y) \mid 2x + 3y \le 9, x \in \mathbb{I}, y \in \mathbb{I}\}\$  $\{(x, y) \mid y - 6x \ge 1, x \in I, y \in I\}$  $\{(x, y) \mid y \ge x, x \in \mathbb{R}, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$ 

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#### LEARN ABOUT the Math \*\*\* Can be found on p. 226 A company makes two types of boats on different assembly lines: aluminum fishing boats and fibreglass bow riders When both assembly lines are running at full capacity, a maximu of 20 boats can be made in a day. The demand for fibreglass boats is greater than the demand for aluminum boats, so the compar makes at least 5 more fibreglass boats than aluminum boats each day. What combinations of boats should the company make each day? EXAMPLE 1 Solving a problem with discrete whole-number variables using a system of inequalities Mary's Solution: Using graph paper I knew I could solve this problem by representing the situation algebraically with a system of two linear inequalities and graphing the system. Let *a* represent the number of aluminum fishing boats. Let *f* represent the number of fibreglass bow riders. ----Since only complete boats are sold, I knew that a and f are whole numbers and the graph would consist of discrete points in the first quadrant. $a \in W$ and $f \in W$ The two inequalities describe The relationship between the two types of boats . a combination of boats to a maximum of 20. can be represented by this system of inequalities: • at least 5 more fibreglass boats than aluminum a + f = 20To graph each linear inequality, I knew I had to a-intercept: a + 0 = 20 a = 20 (20, 0)f-intercept: 0 + f = 20 f = 20 (0, 20)graph its boundary as a stippled line, an shade and stipple the correct half plane To graph each boundary, I wrote each linear equation and then determined the a- and f-intercepts so I could plot and join them. a + 5 = fa + 5 = f f-intercept: 0 + 5 = f f = 5 (0, 5)*a*-intercept: a + 5 = 0 a = -5 (-5, 0)For a+5=f, I knew (-5,0) wasn't going to be a point on the boundary, because it's not in the first quadrant, so I chose another point by solving the equation for a=5. (5, 10) is a point on this boundary. Test (0, 0) in $a + f \le 20$ . $\frac{LS}{a+f}$ I tested point (0, 0) to determine which half plane to shade for $a + f \le 20$ . 0 + 0 Since $0 \le 20$ , (0, 0) is in the solution region. Fibreglass vs. Aluminum 20 春 (0, 20) per of alur I tested (0, 0) to determine which half plane to shade for $a + 5 \le f$ . Test (0, 0) in $a + 5 \le f$ . RS LS a + 5 0 + 5Since 5 is not less than or equal to 0, (0, 0) is not in the solution region. I plotted the points (0, 5) and (5, 10) on the same coordinate plane. I used these points to draw a green stippled boundary for a + 5 $\leq$ f. I shaded the half plane above the boundary orange, since the test point (0, 0) is not a solution to the linear inequality and the solution region is discrete. linear inequalities is represented by the intersection or overlap of the solution regions of the two inequalities. This made sense since points in this region satisfy both inequalities. I knew that the triangular solution region included discrete points along its three boundaries, including the y-axis from y=5 to y=20. 10 Number of aluminum fishing bo Fibreglass vs. Alumii 20-**1** 15-(3, 12) I stippled its solution region. I knew that any whole-number point in the triangular solution region is a possible solution. For example, (3, 12) is a possible solution. Number of aluminum fishing boats $\{(a, f) \mid a + f \le 20, a \in W, f \in W\}$ $\{(a, f) \mid a + 5 \le f, a \in \mathbb{W}, f \in \mathbb{W}\}\$ Any point with whole-number coordinates in the intersecting or overlapping region is an acceptable combination. For example, 3 aluminum boats and 112 fibreglass boats is an acceptable combination.

## **LEARN ABOUT** the Math

\*\*\* Can be found on p. 226

A company makes two types of boats on different assembly lines: aluminum fishing boats and fibreglass bow riders.

When both assembly lines are running at full capacity, a maximum of 20 boats can be made in a day.

• The demand for fibreglass boats is greater than the demand for aluminum boats, so the company makes at least 5 more fibreglass boats than aluminum boats each day.



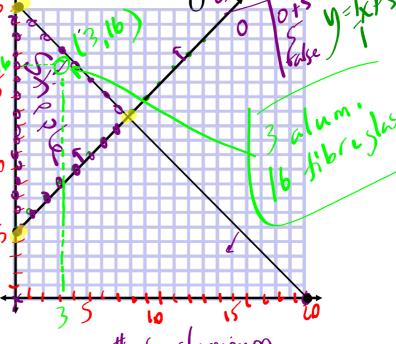
Libreglass depends on aluminum

What combinations of boats should the company make each play?

X -> # of aluminum bouts y-> # of fibreglass books

JInequations =>

d) 62APH X+y = 20 X+int > (20,0) 200 Y-int > (0,20) 200 Y-int > (0,20) 200



### Reflecting

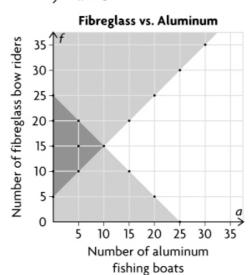
- **A.** Is every point on the boundaries of the solution region a possible solution? Explain.
- **B.** Are the three points where the boundaries intersect part of the solution region? Explain.
- C. How would the graph change if fewer than 25 boats were made each day?
- **D.** All points with whole-number coordinates in the solution region are valid, but are they all reasonable? Explain.

#### **Answers**

- **A.** No. Only whole-number coordinate points on the boundaries are part of the solution region, because the variables represent numbers of boats and only whole numbers of boats make sense.
- **B.** Yes. Equality is possible for both inequalities, and all of these points have whole-number coordinates: (0, 5), and (0, 20).) Intersection not whole numbers.
- **C.**  $a + f \le 20 \to a + f \le 25$

The solution region would be larger, because its boundary would move up.

$$\begin{aligned}
x + y &\le 25 \\
y &\ge x + 5
\end{aligned}$$



**D.** This would depend on the market. For example, if there was a high demand for boats, then points in the solution region with high coordinates, such as (7, 13), would probably make more sense. If there was a low demand for fishing boats, then points with low *x*-coordinates, such as (0, 20), would make more sense.

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## **HOMEWORK...**

p. 236: #7 - 10

NOTE: Each question requires a graph to

get possible solutions!