

# HOMWORK...

p. 236: #7 - 10

**NOTE:** Each question requires a graph to get possible solutions!

7. a) Graph the solution set for the following system of inequalities. Determine a solution. Check its validity.

$$9x + 18y < 18$$

$$3x - 6y \leq 18$$

*Handwritten notes:*  
 $CS \leq RS$   
 $0 \leq 18$  True  
 $CS \leq RS$   
 $0 \leq 18$  True

- b) Is each point below a possible solution to the system? How do you know?

- i) (4, -1)      ii) (-2, 2)      iii) (-4, -2)  
 iv) (9, 1)      v) (-2.5, -1.5)      vi) (2, -2)

$$9x + 18y = 18$$

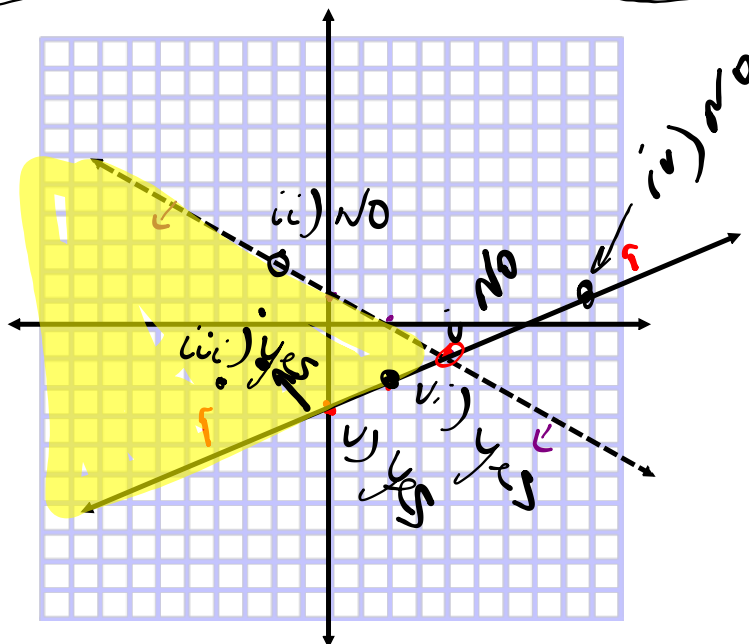
$$\frac{18y}{18} = \frac{-9x + 18}{18}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

$$3x - 6y = 18$$

$$-6y = -3x + 18$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$$



8. Trish is setting up her social networking page:

- She wants to have no more than 500 friends on her new social networking page.
- She also wants to have at least three school friends for every rugby friend.

- Define the variables and write a system of inequalities that models this situation.
- Describe the restrictions on the domain and range of the variables.
- Graph the solution set to determine two possible combinations of school friends and rugby friends she could have.

Variables

$x \rightarrow$  # of rugby friends  
 $y \rightarrow$  # of school friends

$x \in \mathbb{W}$   
 $y \in \mathbb{W}$

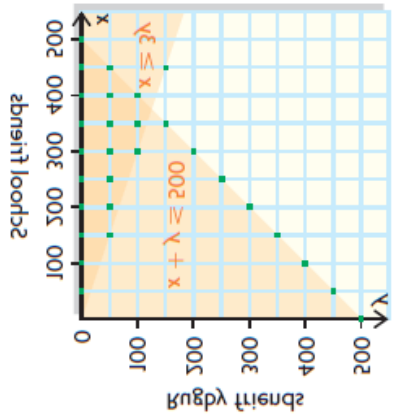
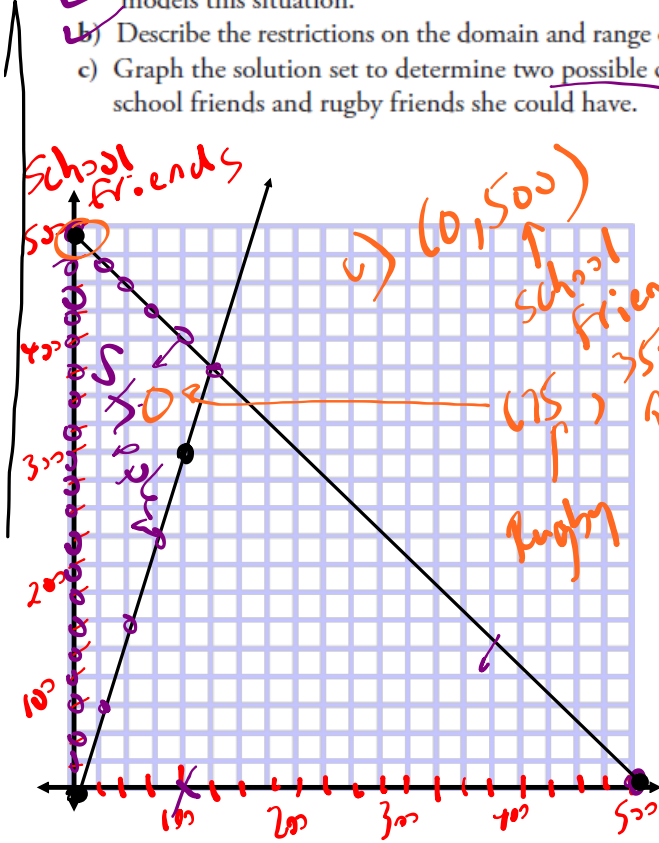
$x + y \leq 500$

$y \geq 3x$

$y = 3x$

x	y
0	0
100	300

unit (500, 0)  
 unit (0, 500)  
 Test (100, 0)  
 $100 + 0 \leq 500$  ✓  
 $0 \leq 3(100)$  ✓  
 No



Social Network Friends

- 320 school friends and 100 rugby friends  
 e.g., 500 school friends and 20 rugby friends:
- The variables must be whole numbers:  $x, y \in \mathbb{W}$
  - $\{(x, y) \mid x \leq 3y, x, y \in \mathbb{W}\}$
  - $\{(x, y) \mid x + y \leq 200, x, y \in \mathbb{W}\}$
- Let  $x$  represent the number of school friends. Let  $y$  represent the number of rugby friends.

# 5.4

Notes - Optimization Problems.pdf

## Optimization Problems I: Creating the Model

linear inequality

overlap

**optimization problem**  
A problem where a quantity must be maximized or minimized following a set of guidelines or conditions.

**constraint**  
A limiting condition of the optimization problem being modelled, represented by a linear inequality.

**objective function**  
In an optimization problem, the equation that represents the relationship between the two variables in the system of linear inequalities and the quantity to be optimized.

**feasible region**  
The solution region for a system of linear inequalities that is modelling an optimization problem.

### Need to Know GRAPH

- You can create a model for an optimization problem by following these steps:
  - Step 1.** Identify the quantity that must be optimized. Look for key words, such as *maximize* or *minimize*, *largest* or *smallest*, and *greatest* or *least*.
  - Step 2.** Define the variables that affect the quantity to be optimized. Identify any restrictions on these variables.
  - Step 3.** Write a system of linear inequalities to describe all the constraints of the problem. Graph the system.
  - Step 4.** Write an objective function to represent the relationship between the variables and the quantity to be optimized.

objective function

# EXAMPLE of an OPTIMIZATION Problem...

Mick and Keith make MP3 covers to sell, using beads and stickers.

- At most, 45 covers with stickers and 55 bead covers can be made per day.
- Mick and Keith can make 45 or more covers, in total, each day.
- It costs \$0.75 to make a cover with stickers, \$1.00 to make one with beads.



Let  $x$  represent the number of covers with stickers and let  $y$  represent the number of bead covers.

Let  $C$  represent the cost of making the covers.

RESTRICTIONS:  $x \in \mathbb{W}$   $y \in \mathbb{W}$

CONSTRAINTS:  $x \leq 45$   $y \leq 55$   $x+y \geq 45$

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION:  $x=45$   $y=55$

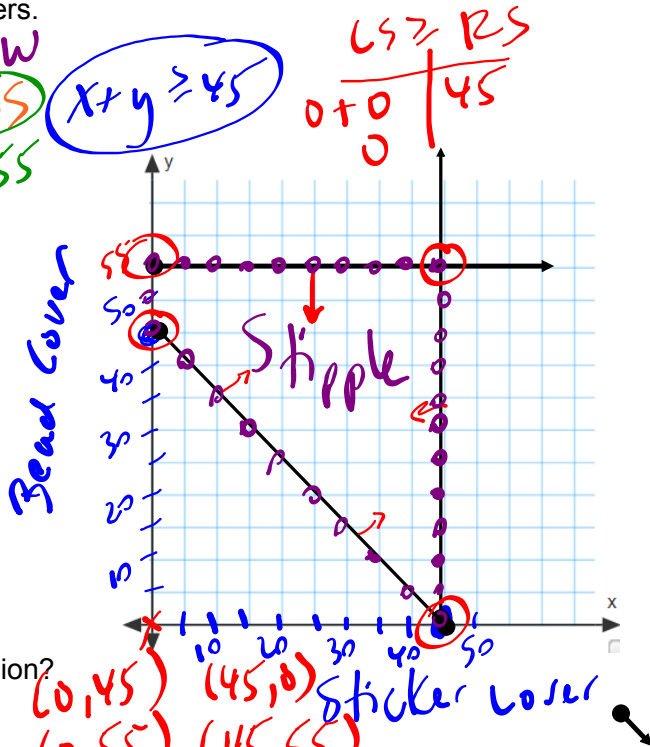
a) Graph the solution set.

Handwritten calculations for graphing the constraints:

$$x+y=45$$

x-int (let  $y=0$ )  
 $x+0=45$   
 $x=45$   
 $(45,0)$

y-int  
 $0+y=45$   
 $y=45$   
 $(0,45)$



b) What are the vertices of the feasible region?

Points of intersection:  $(0,45)$ ,  $(45,0)$ ,  $(0,55)$ ,  $(45,55)$

c) Which point would result in the maximum value of the objective function?

$(45,55) \Rightarrow \$88.75$

d) Which point would result in the minimum value of the objective function?

$(45,0) \Rightarrow \$33.75$

\* Not graphed Objective function (Make \$)

Use it to decide which solution is max/min (vertices)

$$C = \$0.75x + 1.00y$$

vertex	cost
$(0,45)$	$\$45$
$(0,55)$	$0.75(0) + 1.00(55) = \$55$
$(45,0)$	$0.75(45) + 1.00(0) = \$33.75$
$(45,55)$	$0.75(45) + 1.00(55) = \$88.75$

**GOAL**

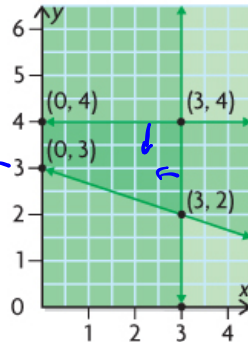
Solve optimization problems.

**EXPLORE...**

- The following system of linear inequalities has been graphed below:

System of linear inequalities:

$y \geq 0$   
 $x \geq 0$  *Quadrant I*  
 $y \leq 4$   
 $x \leq 3$   
 $3y \geq -x + 9$



- a) For each objective function, what points in the feasible region represent the minimum and maximum values?
- $T = 5x + y$
  - $T = x + 5y$
- b) What do you notice about the optimal points for the two objective functions? Why do you think this happened?

**SAMPLE ANSWER**

- a) i) For  $T = 5x + y$ ,

If $(x, y)$ is...	Then...	
(3, 2)	$T = 5(3) + 2$ $T = 17$	
(3, 4)	$T = 5(3) + 4$ $T = 19$	maximum
(0, 3)	$T = 5(0) + 3$ $T = 3$	minimum
(0, 4)	$T = 5(0) + 4$ $T = 4$	

- ii) For  $T = x + 5y$ ,

If $(x, y)$ is...	Then...	
(3, 2)	$T = 3 + 5(2)$ $T = 13$	minimum
(3, 4)	$T = 3 + 5(4)$ $T = 23$	maximum
(0, 3)	$T = 0 + 5(3)$ $T = 15$	
(0, 4)	$T = 0 + 5(4)$ $T = 20$	

- b) I noticed that the values of the coefficients of the variables and the values of the variables themselves all contribute to the value of the objective function. For  $T = 5x + y$ , the  $x$ -value is multiplied by 5 and the  $y$ -value is multiplied by 1. For  $T = x + 5y$ , the  $x$ -value is multiplied by 1 and the  $y$ -value is multiplied by 5. In each case, the greater the coordinate that is multiplied by 5, the greater the value of the objective function is. The converse is true for the least values.

## **HOMEWORK...**

**Page 248: #1, #2, #3, #5**



### **NOTE:**

Create a model means graph the solution region

## Attachments

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Notes - Optimization Problems.pdf