HOMEWORK Questions?

Test *TOMORROW.

- Simple Interest I = Pr t

$$I = \operatorname{Pr} t$$
 $A = P + \operatorname{Pr} t$
 $A = P + I$ $A = P(1 + rt)$

PRACTICE QUESTIONS...

p. 509:

Formulas...#1, 2a, 3,4,6, 7a

TVM-Solver...#8 9

p. 506: Self Test

p. 483: Mid-Chp Review

- Compound Interest

$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} \qquad I = A - P$$

- Rate of Return -

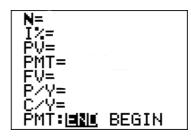
$$ROR = \frac{earn}{invested} \times 100\%$$

- Present Value

doubling time =
$$\frac{72}{rate}$$

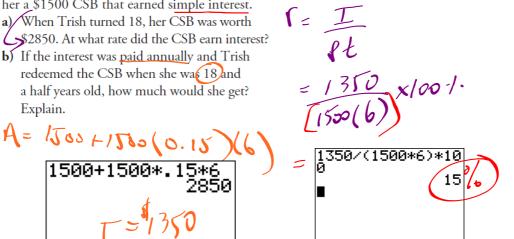
$$P = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}}$$

- Regular Payments (TVM-Solver)



> 1. When Trish was 12, her grandmother bought 🔊 her a_\$1500 CSB that earned simple interest. a) When Trish turned 18, her CSB was worth

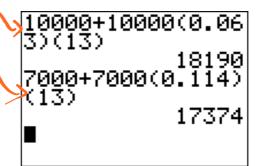
b) If the interest was paid annually and Trish redeemed the CSB when she was 18 and a half years old, how much would she get?



- 2. Steve is celebrating his 18th birthday.
 - · On his 5th birthday, his grandmother bought him a \$10 000 GIC that earns 6.3% simple
 - · On the same birthday, his grandfather bought him a \$7000 CSB that earns 11.4% simple interest



- a) What is the value of each investment now?
- b) Graph both investments on the same grid to show how the values of the investments change over time.
- c) What conclusion can you draw from comparing the graphs?



- 3. Examine these two investments, and then answer the questions below.
 - Sonia invested in a \$2000 GIC that earns 6.2% simple interest, paid annually, for 5 years.
 - Trent bought a \$2000 GIC that earns 5.3%, compounded monthly, for a 5-year term.
 - a) Predict which investment will have the greater rate of return. Explain.

 - c) Explain the difference in the interest earned on the two investments.

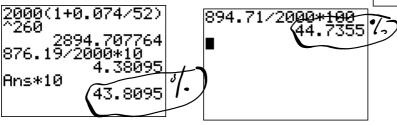
2000+2000(0.062) 2000(1+0.053 2605.341315

 James and Johnny received equal inheritances of 2000, which they invested for 5 years at 7.4%. James's account compounded semi-annually, and Johnny's account compounded weekly.

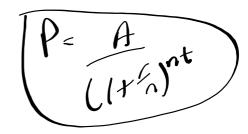
a) Predict who will earn more interest. Verify your answer.

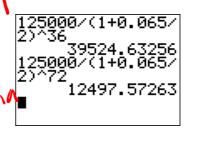
b) Compare their rates of return

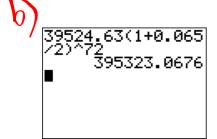
(a) 2000(1+0.074/2) 10 2876.189918 2000(1+0.074/52) 2894.707764



- **6.** Phil and his daughter Lina opened accounts at different times. Each account earned 6.5%, compounded semi-annually.
 - Phil kept his account for 18 years and now has \$125 000 in the account.
 - Lina kept her account for 36 years and now has \$125 000 in the account.
 - a) Who invested the greater principal How much more did he or she invest?
 - b) If Lina had invested the same principal as Phil, what would be the future value of her account after 36 years?

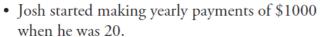




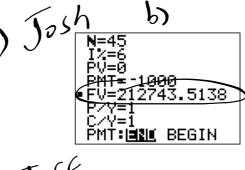


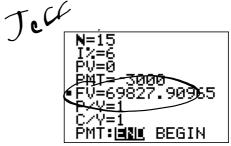
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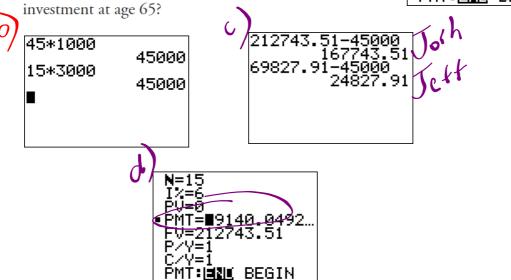
9. Two brothers, Josh and Jeff, held investments that earned 6%, compounded annually. Both of them made regular payments into their investments until they were 65.



- Jeff did not start until he was 50, but made annual deposits of \$3000.
- a) What is the future value of each investment?
- **b)** How much did each man invest altogether?
- c) How much interest did each man earn?
- d) What annual deposit would Jeff have needed to make if he had wanted his investment to have the same future value as Josh's







Foundations of Math 11 - Investing Money Formulas

Simple Interest I = Prt

$$I = \operatorname{Pr} t$$
 $A = P + \operatorname{Pr} t$
 $A = P + I$ $A = P(1 + rt)$

Compound Interest

Rule of 72

$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} \qquad I = A - P$$

doubling time =
$$\frac{72}{rate}$$

Rate of Return

$$ROR = \frac{earn}{invested} \times 100\%$$

Present Value

Regular Payments (TVM-Solver)

$$P = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}}$$



PRACTICE TIME... * Survey on p. 16

- Mid Chapter Review: Read p. 481 482
 Do #1 8 on p. 483
- Chapter Review: Read p. 507 508
 Do #1 12 on p. 509
- Sample Test??? p. 506 #1 4