

HOMWORK Questions? Test *TOMORROW...

PRACTICE QUESTIONS...
 p. 509:
 Formulas...#1, 2a, 3, 4, 6, 7a
 TVM-Solver...#8, 9, 10
 p. 506: Self Test
 p. 483: Mid-Chp Review

- Simple Interest

$$I = Prt \quad A = P + Prt$$

$$A = P + I \quad A = P(1 + rt)$$

- Compound Interest

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} \quad I = A - P$$

- Rate of Return -

Rule of 72

$$ROR = \frac{\text{earn}}{\text{invested}} \times 100\%$$

$$\text{doubling time} = \frac{72}{\text{rate}}$$

- Present Value

$$P = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}}$$

- Regular Payments (TVM-Solver)

N=
 I%=
 PV=
 PMT=
 FV=
 P/Y=
 C/Y=
 PMT: END BEGIN

1. When Trish was 12, her grandmother bought her a \$1500 CSB that earned simple interest.
- When Trish turned 18, her CSB was worth \$2850. At what rate did the CSB earn interest?
 - If the interest was paid annually and Trish redeemed the CSB when she was 18 and a half years old, how much would she get? Explain.

$$I = Prt \Rightarrow \frac{I}{Prt}$$

$$r = \frac{I}{Pt} = \frac{1350}{[1500(6)]} \times 100\%$$

$$A = 1500 + 1500(0.15)(6)$$

$1500 + 1500 * .15 * 6$ 2850 $I = \$1350$

$\frac{1350}{(1500 * 6) * 100}$ 15%
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2. Steve is celebrating his 18th birthday.
- On his 5th birthday, his grandmother bought him a \$10 000 GIC that earns 6.3% simple interest.
 - On the same birthday, his grandfather bought him a \$7000 CSB that earns 11.4% simple interest.



$10000 + 10000(0.063)(13)$ 18190
$7000 + 7000(0.114)(13)$ 17374

- What is the value of each investment now?
- Graph both investments on the same grid to show how the values of the investments change over time.
- What conclusion can you draw from comparing the graphs?

3. Examine these two investments, and then answer the questions below.

- Sonia invested in a \$2000 GIC that earns 6.2% simple interest, paid annually, for 5 years.
- Trent bought a \$2000 GIC that earns 5.3%, compounded monthly, for a 5-year term.

- Predict which investment will have the greater rate of return. Explain.
- Verify your prediction.
- Explain the difference in the interest earned on the two investments.

$2000 + 2000(0.062)(5)$ 2620
$2000(1 + 0.053/12)^{60}$ 2605.341315

Trent
Sonia
Higher Rate → More interest.

4. James and Johnny received equal inheritances of \$2000, which they invested for 5 years at 7.4%. James's account compounded semi-annually, and Johnny's account compounded weekly.
- Predict who will earn more interest. Verify your answer. *Weekly*
 - Compare their rates of return.

a) $2000(1+0.074/2)^{10}$ ← *semi-annual*
 2876.189918
 $2000(1+0.074/52)^{260}$ ← *weekly*
 2894.707764

$2000(1+0.074/52)^{260}$
 2894.707764
 $876.19/2000*10$
 4.38095
 Ans*10
 43.8095 %

$894.71/2000*100$
 44.7355 %

6. Phil and his daughter Lina opened accounts at different times. Each account earned 6.5%, compounded semi-annually.
- Phil kept his account for 18 years and now has \$125 000 in the account.
 - Lina kept her account for 36 years and now has \$125 000 in the account.
- Who invested the greater principal? How much more did he or she invest?
 - If Lina had invested the same principal as Phil, what would be the future value of her account after 36 years?

$$P = \frac{A}{(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}}$$

a) *phil*

$125000 / (1 + 0.065/2)^{36}$
 39524.63256
 Lina $125000 / (1 + 0.065/2)^{72}$
 12497.57263

b)

$39524.63(1+0.065/2)^{72}$
 395323.0676

$39524.63 - 12497.5$
 27027.06

More Phil

9. Two brothers, Josh and Jeff, held investments that earned 6%, compounded annually. Both of them made regular payments into their investments until they were 65.

a) Josh b)

- Josh started making yearly payments of \$1000 when he was 20.
- Jeff did not start until he was 50, but made annual deposits of \$3000.

```
N=45
I%=6
PV=0
PMT=-1000
FV=212743.5138
P/Y=1
C/Y=1
PMT: [ ] BEGIN
```

- What is the future value of each investment?
- How much did each man invest altogether?
- How much interest did each man earn?
- What annual deposit would Jeff have needed to make if he had wanted his investment to have the same future value as Josh's investment at age 65?

Jeff

```
N=15
I%=6
PV=0
PMT=-3000
FV=69827.90965
P/Y=1
C/Y=1
PMT: [ ] BEGIN
```

b)

```
45*1000    45000
15*3000    45000
█
```

c)

```
212743.51-45000    Josh
167743.51
69827.91-45000    Jeff
24827.91
```

d)

```
N=15
I%=6
PV=0
PMT=-9140.0492...
FV=212743.51
P/Y=1
C/Y=1
PMT: [ ] BEGIN
```

Foundations of Math 11 - Investing Money Formulas

Simple Interest

$$\begin{array}{ll} I = Prt & A = P + Prt \\ A = P + I & A = P(1 + rt) \end{array}$$

Compound Interest

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Rule of 72

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Present Value

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Regular Payments (TVM-Solver)

$$\begin{array}{l} N = \\ I\% = \\ PV = \\ PMT = \\ FV = \\ P/Y = \\ C/Y = \\ PMT: END BEGIN \end{array}$$

PRACTICE TIME... * Survey on p. 16

- Mid Chapter Review: Read p. 481 - 482

Do #1 - 8 on p. 483

- Chapter Review: Read p. 507 - 508

Do #1 - 12 on p. 509

- Sample Test??? p. 506 #1 - 4