

Hours Worked, $h$	Gross Pay, $P$ (\$)
1	12
2	24
3	36
4	48
5	60

$$\begin{aligned} P(h) &= 12h \\ P(20) &= 12(20) \\ &= 240 \end{aligned}$$

Let's write the function notation

$$P(h) = 12h$$

What is the person's pay after 20 hours?

$$P(20) = 12(20)$$

$$P(20) = \$240$$

# Example



## Equation

The equation  $V = -0.08d + 50$  represents the volume,  $V$  liters, of gas remaining in a vehicle's tank after travelling  $d$  kilometers. The tank is not filled until it is empty.



- a) Describe the function.

Write the equation in function notation.

$$\text{f. Notation } V(d) = -0.08d + 50$$

b) Determine the value of  $V(600)$ .  
What does this number represent?

$$V(600) = -0.08(600) + 50$$

$\begin{aligned} &= -48 + 50 \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$

$\begin{aligned} &\text{2L left in tank} \\ &\text{after 600 km.} \end{aligned}$

- c) Determine the value of  $d$  when  $V(d) = 26$ .

What does this number represent?

$$\begin{aligned} V(d) &= -0.08d + 50 \\ 26 &= -0.08d + 50 \\ -24 &= -0.08d \\ \frac{-24}{-0.08} &= d \\ d &= 300 \end{aligned}$$



# Try This!!!

3. The equation  $C = 25n + 1000$  represents the cost,  $C$  dollars, for a feast following an Arctic sports competition, where  $n$  is the number of people attending.

- a) Describe the function.

Write the equation in function notation.

$$C(n) = 25n + 1000$$

- b) Determine the value of  $C(100)$ .

What does this number represent?

$$\begin{aligned} C(100) &= 25(100) + 1000 \\ &= 2500 + 1000 \\ &= 3500 \end{aligned}$$

- c) Determine the value of  $n$  when  $C(n) = 5000$ .

What does this number represent?

$$5000 = 25n + 1000$$

$$5000 - 1000 = 25n + 1000 - 1000$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4000 &= 25n \\ \frac{4000}{25} &= \frac{25n}{25} \\ 160 &= n \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = 7x - 1 \quad g(x) = 3(x - 1)$$

$$h(x) = 2x^2 - 1$$

a)  $f(3)$

$$\begin{aligned} f(3) &= 7(3)^{-1} \\ &= 7^{-1} \\ &= 7^0 \end{aligned}$$

b)  $\underline{h(-2)}$

$$\begin{aligned} h(-2) &= 2(-2)^2 - 1 \\ &= 8 - 1 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = 7x - 1 \quad | \quad g(x) = 3(x - 1)$$

$$h(x) = 2x^2 - 1$$

c)  $g(3) = 3(3 - 1)$  d)  $h(f(1))$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3(2) & f(1) = 7(1) - 1 \\ &= 6 & &= 7 - 1 \\ & & &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h(6) &= 2(6)^2 - 1 \\ &= 2(36) - 1 \\ &= 72 - 1 \\ &= 71 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = 7x - 1 \quad g(x) = 3(x - 1)$$

$$h(x) = \underline{2x^2 - 1}$$

e)  $h(2) - f(3)$

$$h(2) = 2(2)^2 - 1 \\ = 7$$

$$f(3) = 7(3) - 1 \\ = 21 - 1 \\ = 20$$

$$7 - 20 \\ \boxed{-13}$$

# Homework

- Worksheet

# 1-16

first 6 are MC