



Warm Up Grade 9



Write the following as a repeated multiple and evaluate

1) $-(-7)^5$

2) (-3^5)

3) -2^6

4) $-(-4)^2 (6)^3$

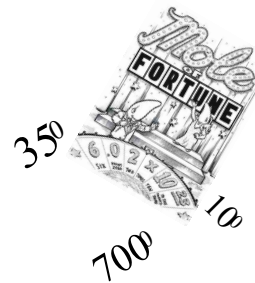
Write as a power then evaluate

1) $(-4)(-4)(4)(4)(-5)(-5)$

2) $-(3)(3)(-7)(-7)(-7)$



Section 2.2



Powers of Ten and the Zero Exponent



Avogadro's number = 6.0221415×10^{23}

The speed of light = $2.99\ 792\ 458 \times 10^8$ m / s

Temperature of the Sun's Core = 1.5×10^6 °C

since 15000000 kelvin = 14999726.85 degree Celsius

Light years= 4.96×10^{12} km

Distance related to Powers of 10
<http://vimeo.com/819138>

Any number (except 0) with an exponent 0 will equal 1

$$2^0 = 1$$

$$13^0 = 1$$

$$199^0 = 1$$

$$(-6)^0 = 1$$

$$(\infty)^0 = 1$$



Why???

Zero Exponent LAW



A power with a base not equal to zero, and an exponent of 0 is equal to 1

Any number raised to the power of ZERO is equal to 1

$$x^0 = 1$$

Powers of 10

on page 59

Number in Words	Standard Form	Power
One billion	1 000 000 000	10^9
One hundred million	100 000 000	10^8
Ten million	10 000 000	10^7
One million	1 000 000	10^6
One hundred thousand	100 000	10^5
Ten thousand	10 000	10^4
One thousand	1 000	10^3
One hundred	100	10^2
Ten	10	10^1
One	1	10^0

*Image taken from "Math Makes Sense" page 59, copyright to Pearson Education Canada

The exponent on a power of 10 tells you how many zeros follow the 1.

Writing Numbers Using Powers of Ten

$$10\ 000 = 10^4$$

↑↑↑↑

Write 96 713 as a power of 10

10^4	10^3	10^2	10^1	10^0
Ten Thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
9	6	7	1	3

$$(9 \cdot 10^4) + (6 \cdot 10^3) + (7 \cdot 10^2) + (1 \cdot 10^1) + (3 \cdot 10^0)$$

$$(90000) + (6000) + (700) + (10) + (3)$$

$$96713$$

Write as power of ten.

7 605 404

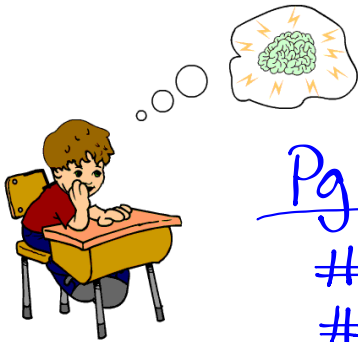
$$(7 \cdot 10^6) + (6 \cdot 10^5) + (5 \cdot 10^3) + (4 \cdot 10^2) + (4 \cdot 10^0)$$

$10^0 = 1$
 $10^1 = 10$
 $10^2 = 100$
 $10^3 = 1000$

$$7000000 + 600000 + 5000 + 400 + 4$$

$$7605404$$

PRACTICE TIME

Pg 56

#20
 #21 a-iii
 #23

Pg 61

#4 ac #6
 #5 ac #9 ac