

tissue - group of similar cells that performs a particular function.
- four main types: muscle, epithelial, nervous and connective

- 1) *muscle tissue* - enables the body to move.
- 2) *epithelial tissue* - cover interior and exterior body surfaces. (skin)
- 3) *nervous* - transmits nerve impulses throughout the body.
- 4) *connective* - provides support for the body and connects its parts.

organ - a group of different types of tissues that work together to perform a single function.

ex: The eye is made up of epithelial tissue, nervous tissue, muscle tissue and connective tissue.

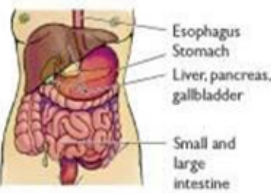
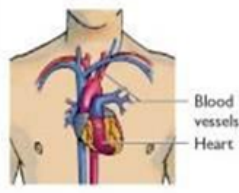
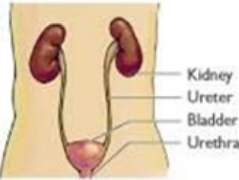
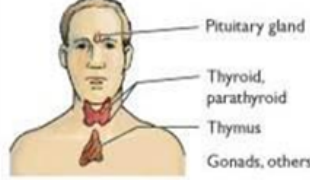
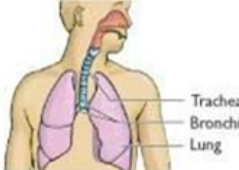
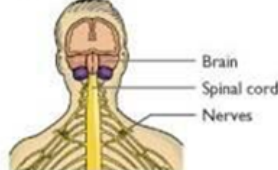
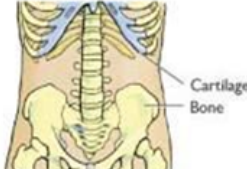
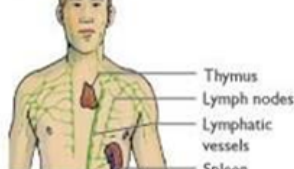

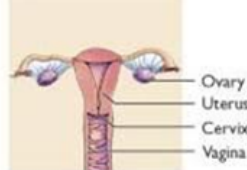

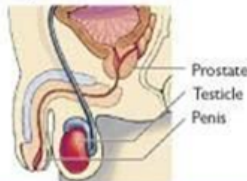
organ system - a group of organs that perform closely related functions.
- the human body has eleven organ systems...

nervous system
integumentary system
respiratory system
digestive system
excretory system
skeletal system
muscular system
circulatory system
endocrine system
reproductive system
lymphatic/immune system

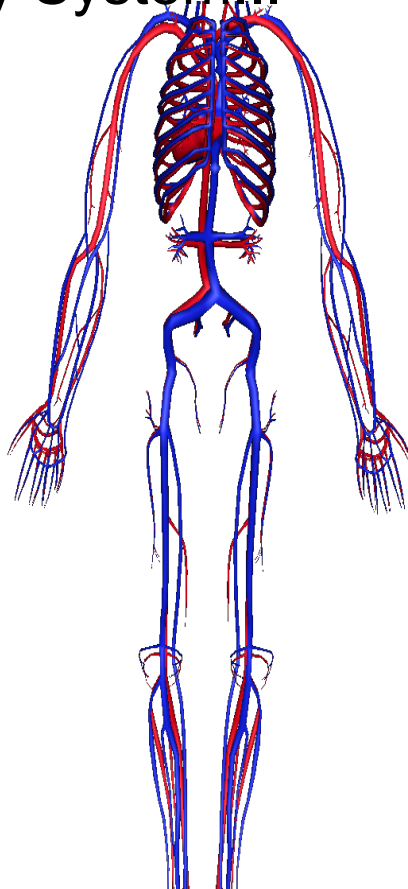


KNOW the NAME and it's FUNCTION...

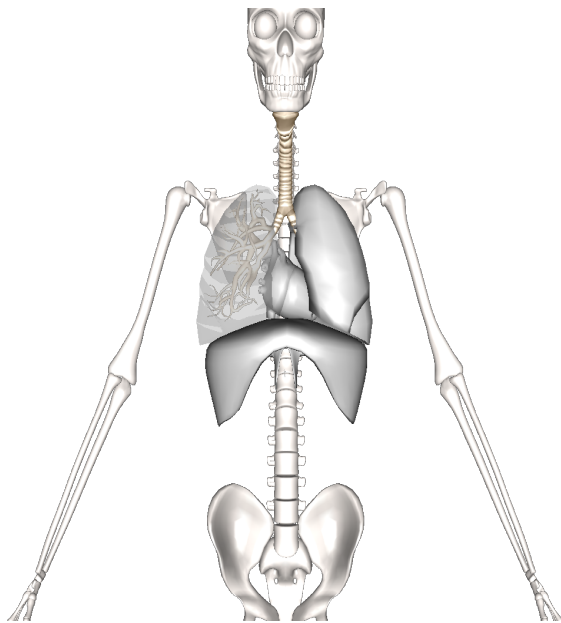
TABLE 5.1 | Organs and Functions of the Human Organ Systems

Organ System	Function	Organ System	Function
Digestive  <p>Esophagus Stomach Liver, pancreas, gallbladder Small and large intestine</p>	<p>Ingests and breaks down food so that it can be absorbed by the body</p> <p>Chapter 7</p>	Cardiovascular  <p>Blood vessels Heart</p>	<p>Enables the transport of nutrients, gases, hormones, and wastes to and from cells of the body</p> <p>Chapter 9</p>
Urinary  <p>Kidney Ureter Bladder Urethra</p>	<p>Eliminates liquid wastes; regulates water balance</p> <p>Chapter 11</p>	Endocrine  <p>Pituitary gland Thyroid, parathyroid Thymus Gonads, others</p>	<p>Secretes hormones into bloodstream for regulation of body activities</p> <p>Chapter 16</p>
Respiratory  <p>Trachea Bronchi Lung</p>	<p>Enables gas exchange, supplying blood with oxygen and removing carbon dioxide</p> <p>Chapter 10</p>	Nervous  <p>Brain Spinal cord Nerves</p>	<p>Senses environment; communicates with and activates other parts of the body</p> <p>Chapters 14 and 15</p>
Skeletal  <p>Cartilage Bone</p>	<p>Provides mechanical support for the body; stores minerals; produces red blood cells</p> <p>Chapter 6</p>	Lymphatic and Immune  <p>Thymus Lymph nodes Lymphatic vessels Spleen</p>	<p>Protects against infections</p> <p>Chapter 12</p>
Muscular  <p>Skeletal muscles</p>	<p>Enables movement, posture, and balance via contraction and extension of muscles</p> <p>Chapter 6</p>	Reproductive—Female  <p>Ovary Uterus Cervix Vagina</p>	<p>Produces eggs and supports the development of offspring</p> <p>Chapter 18</p>
Integumentary  <p>Hair Nails Skin</p>	<p>Protects body from environment, injury, and infection; stores fat</p> <p>Chapter 6</p>	Reproductive—Male  <p>Prostate Testicle Penis</p>	<p>Produces and delivers sperm and associated fluids</p> <p>Chapter 18</p>

3D Circulatory System...



3D Respiratory System...



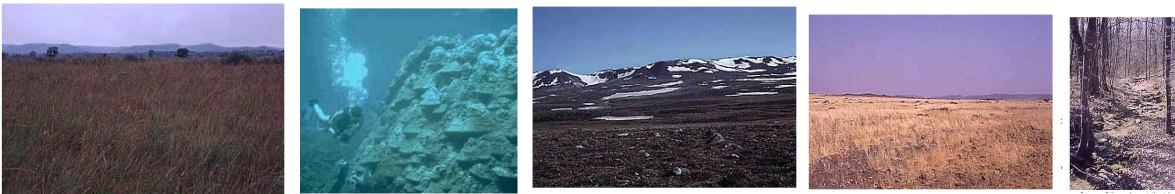
NOTES - Ecological Organization.pdf

Levels of Ecological Organization

The levels of organization studied by ecologists are organisms, species, populations, communities, ecosystems, biomes and finally the biosphere.

- **Organism** - an individual living thing.
- **Species** - group of individuals that are closely related and can mate to produce fertile offspring.
(don't have to be in the same place)
- **Population** - all the members of the same species that live in the same place at the same time.
- **Community** - a group of various species that live in the same place and interact with each other.
- **Ecosystem** - a collection of all the organisms that live in a particular place together with their nonliving, or physical environment

- **biome** - a group of terrestrial communities that covers a large area and is characterized by certian soil and climate conditions and particular assemblages of plants and animals



Five Major Types of Biomes

Aquatic
Deserts
Forests
Grasslands
Tundra

- **biosphere** - contains the combined portions of the planet in which all life exists, including land, water, and air, or atmosphere.
 - extends from about 8 km above Earth's surface to as far as 11 km below the surface of the ocean
-

Biosphere 2
???




Key Points... 'Biosphere 2'


- 4 months to make a pizza
- variety of climates
- oxygen decreased (concrete absorbed)
- biosphere at International Space station for 14 months
- sealed with steel and glass
- 8 people (4 male/4 female)
- 1991 was constructed
- plants to space...extension
- oasis in backyard...let nature take its course
- people stink & noticed what food she was eating

POEM...If the Earth Were Only a Few Feet in Diameter



 "If the Earth were only a few feet in diameter"

Joe Miller, "If the Earth Were Only a Few Feet in Diameter..."



"If the Earth were only a few feet in diameter, floating a few feet above a field somewhere, people would come from everywhere to marvel at it. People would walk around it marveling at its big pools of water, its little pools, and the water flowing between the pools. People would marvel at the bumps on it, and the holes in it, and they would marvel at the very thin layer of gas surrounding it and the water suspended in the gas. The people would marvel at all the creatures walking around the surface of the ball and at the creatures in the water. The people would declare it sacred because it was the only one, and they would protect it so that it would not be hurt. The ball would be the greatest wonder known, and people would come to pray to it, to be healed, to gain knowledge, to know beauty, and to wonder how it could be. People would love it and defend it with their lives because they would somehow know that their lives, their own roundness, could be nothing without it. If the Earth were only a few feet in diameter..."

- Joe Miller

Attachments

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