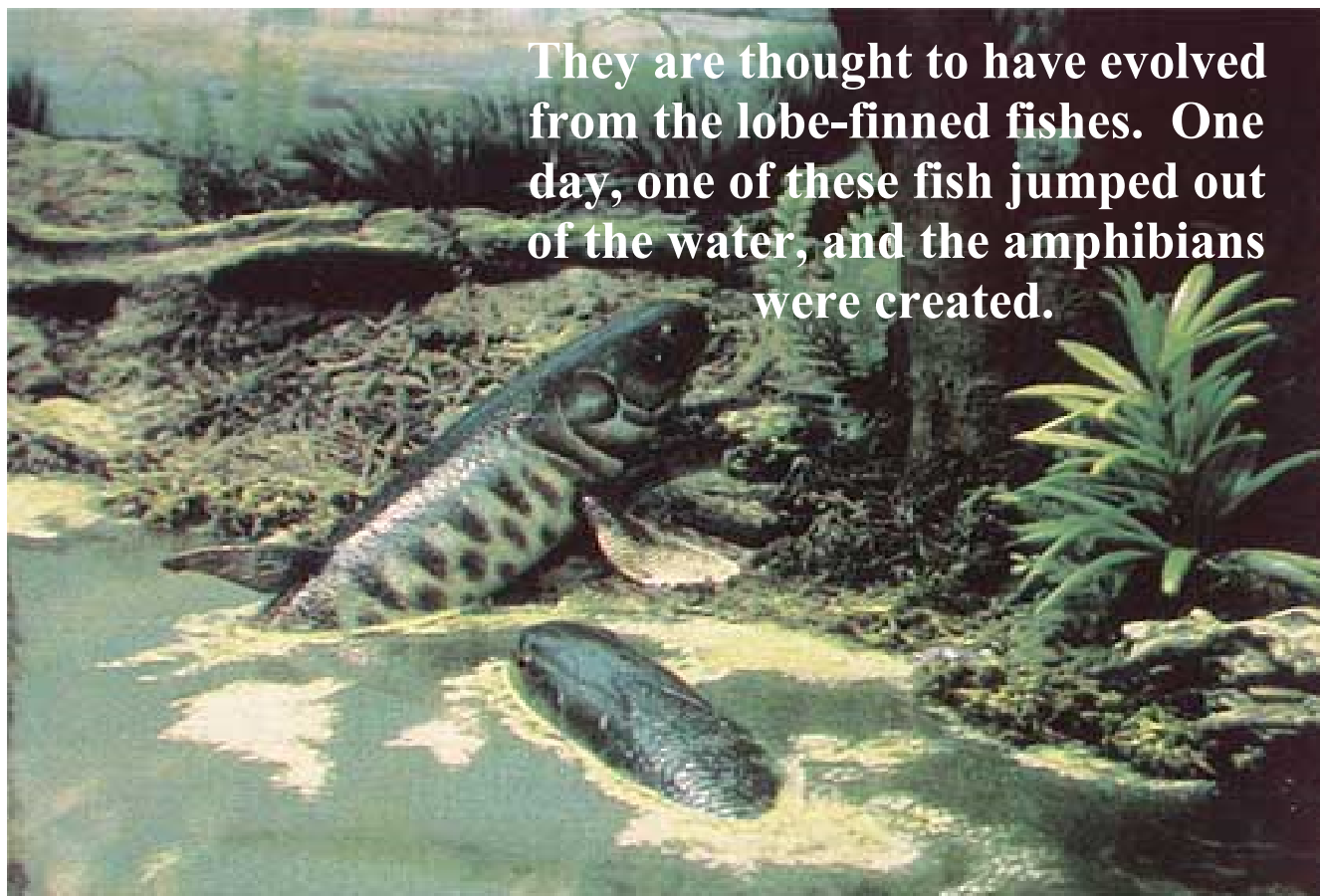


 <p><b>AN AMPHIBIAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* cold-blooded</li><li>* has moist, smooth skin</li><li>* lays eggs in water</li><li>* has a tadpole phase</li></ul>  <p>A Toad</p>	 <p><b>AN AMPHIBIAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* cold-blooded</li><li>* has moist, smooth skin</li><li>* lays eggs in water</li><li>* has a tadpole phase</li></ul>  <p>A Salamander</p>
 <p><b>AN AMPHIBIAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* cold-blooded</li><li>* has moist, smooth skin</li><li>* lays eggs in water</li><li>* has a tadpole phase</li></ul>  <p>A Frog</p> <p>WWW.SCIENCE-TEACHERS.COM</p>	

## Class Amphibia

Name some examples.



**They are thought to have evolved from the lobe-finned fishes. One day, one of these fish jumped out of the water, and the amphibians were created.**

**They have 2 lives. The larval stage is spent in the water and they have gills and a tail.**





They grow up and leave the pond for the land and are equipped to breathe air. They lose their tails and legs develop. Eggs are obviously laid near or in the water as they would dehydrate if they were laid on land.



Western Bearded Dragon (*Pogona minor minor*)

# Textbook Questions

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