4.3 - Surface Area



Make Connections

The ancient pyramids at Giza, Egypt, were built about 4500 years ago.

This pyramid has a square base with a side length of 755 feet. The original height of the pyramid was 481 feet. Archeologists believe that the pyramid was once covered with a white limestone casing. How could you calculate the area that was once covered with limestone?



481'-1155 23775'

Slant height = 14812 + 377.52 = 611.45ft

$$A = 4 + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5$$

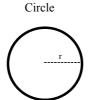
= 923289.5 ft²



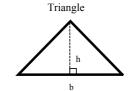
Rectangle or Square



A = bh

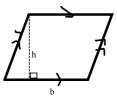


 $A = \pi r^2$

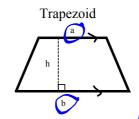


 $A = \frac{1}{2} bh$

Parallelogram or Rhombus



A = bh



 $A = \frac{1}{2} h(a+b)$

$$f = a + b (h)$$

Surface Area

Surface area is the total area of all of the faces of the object.

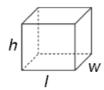
Steps need to find Surface area are:

- 1. Draw all of the faces with dimensions displayed on them.
- 2. Find the area of each face.
- 3. Then add up the areas of all of the faces.

Activate Prior Learning:



Surface Areas of Right Prisms and Cylinders

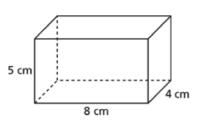


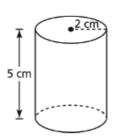
$$SA = 2wl + 2hl + 2hw$$



$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

Which object below has the greater surface area?







A = 21w + 21h + 2wh 1.4 Surface Areas of Right Pyramids and Right Cones

$$= 2(8)(4)+2(8)(5)+2(4)(5)$$

$$= 64+80+40$$

$$= 184 cm^{2}$$

$$= 2(8)(4)+2(8)(5)+2(4)(5)$$

$$= 64+80+40$$

$$= 184 cm^{2}$$

$$= 2\pi r^{2}+2\pi rh$$

$$= 2\pi (2)^{2}+2\pi (2)(5)$$

$$= 8\pi+20\pi$$

$$= 28\pi$$

$$= 28\pi$$

The surface area of a prism is equal to the sum of the areas of its faces. For a rectangular prism with length ℓ , width w, and height h, the surface area is $S = 2\ell w + 2\ell h + 2wh$.

EXAMPLE 1 Find the surface area of the rectangular prism.

 $S = 2\ell w + 2\ell h + 2wh$ Surface area of a prism S = 2(3)(5) + 2(3)(7) + 2(5)(7) $\ell = 3, w = 5, h = 7$ S = 142Simplify.

7 ft 3 ft

The surface area is 142 square feet.

The surface area S of a cylinder with



$$S = 21\omega + 21M + 2\omega h$$

$$= 2(5)(3) + 2(5)(7) + 2(3)(7)$$

$$= 30 + 70 + 42$$

$$= 142f + 2$$

The surface area S of a cylinder with height h and radius r is the area of the two bases plus the area of the curved surface, or $S = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$.

EXAMPLE 2 Find the surface area of the cylinder. Round to the nearest tenth.

$$S = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

Surface area of a cylinder r = 5, h = 9



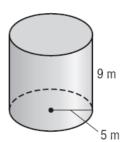
$$S = 2\pi r^{2} + 2\pi rh$$

$$= 2\pi (5)^{2} + 2\pi (5)(9)$$

$$= 50\pi + 90\pi$$

$$= 140\pi$$

$$= 439.82m^{2}$$



$$S = 2\left(\frac{bh}{2}\right) + 3 \text{ rectangles}$$

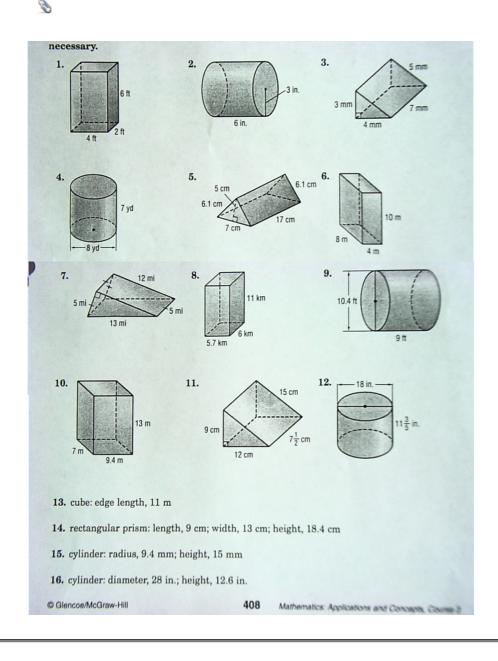
$$= 2\left(\frac{32}{2}\right) + (5)(12) + (13)(5) + (5)(5)(5)$$

$$= 60 + 60 + 65 + 25$$

= 210 mi²

Class/Homework

Worksheet on Prisms & Pyramids



Worksheet - Surface Area of Prisms and Cylinders.pdf
Worksheet - Surface Area of Pyramids and Cones.pdf
SA Prisms and Pyramids.pdf