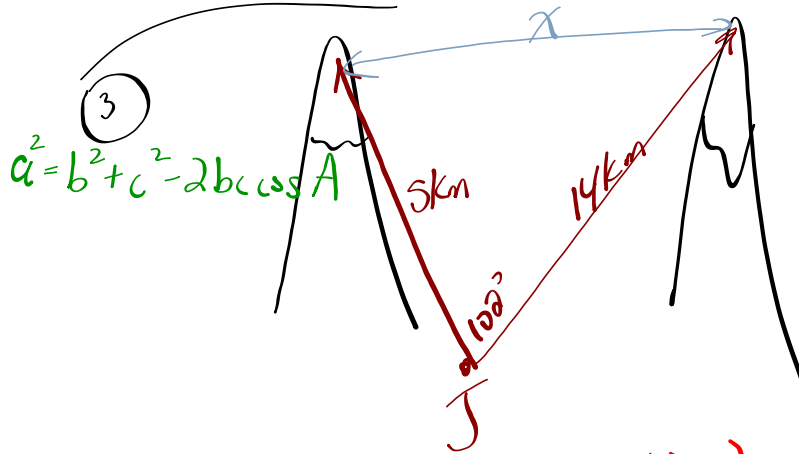


Homework ???

10.12 - 3,



$$x^2 = 5^2 + 14^2 - 2(5)(14)\cos(102^\circ)$$

$$x^2 = 5^2 + 14^2 - 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 14 \cdot \cos(102^\circ)$$

$$x = 15.81479171$$

$$15^2 + 21^2 - 2 \cdot 15 \cdot 21 \cdot \cos(130^\circ)$$

$$\sqrt{\text{Ans}} = 32.72546706$$

$$350^2 + 200^2 - 2 \cdot 350 \cdot 200 \cdot \cos(18^\circ)$$

$$\sqrt{\text{Ans}} = 171.32451$$

7c) 10.11

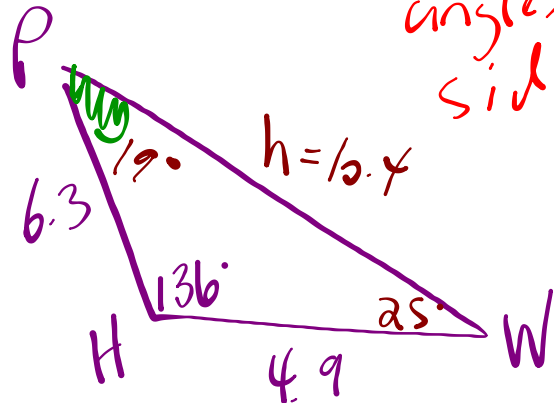
SOLVE → Find all angles & sides

△ PHW

$p = 4.9$

$w = 6.3$

$\angle H = 136^\circ$ $h^2 = 6.3^2 + 4.9^2 - 2(6.3)(4.9)\cos 136^\circ$



```
6.3^2+4.9^2-2*6.3*
4.9*cos(136)
108.1120393
√(Ans
10.39769394
```

$h = 10.4$

$\frac{4.9 \sin P}{4.9} = \frac{4.9 \sin 136}{10.4}$

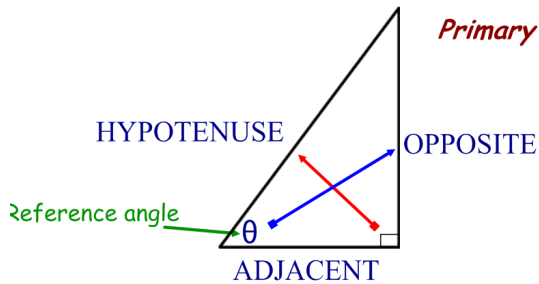
$\sin^{-1} \sin P = \sin^{-1}(0.3273)$

$\angle P = 19^\circ$

$\angle W = 180 - 136 - 19 = 25^\circ$

REVIEW - What formula do I use? Ask yourself...

- Is it a right triangle? If Yes, then...



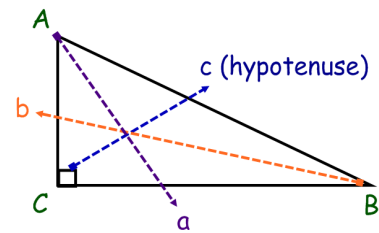
Primary Trigonometric Ratios

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

Pythagorean Theorem



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

Memory Aid: "SOH CAH TOA"

- If you are finding a side, do you have **SAS**? If Yes, then...

Law of Cosines

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

- If you are finding an angle, do you have **SSS**? If Yes, then...

Law of Cosines (rearranged)

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

- Anything else...use your Law of Sines!

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

"when looking for a side"

"when looking for an angle"