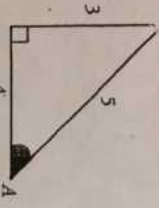


Primary Trig Ratios

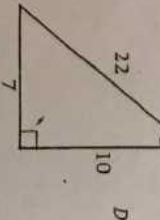
Exercise

1. State the sine, cosine, and tangent of each marked angle.

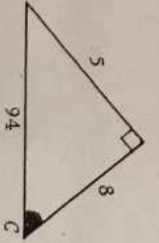
(a) $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{3}{4}$



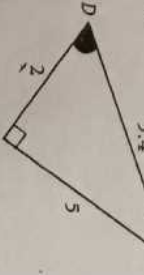
(b) $\frac{22}{10}$ $\frac{7}{10}$ $\frac{22}{7}$



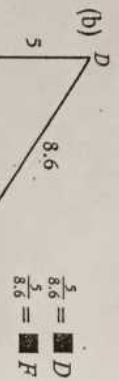
(c) $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{8}{9.4}$ $\frac{5}{9.4}$



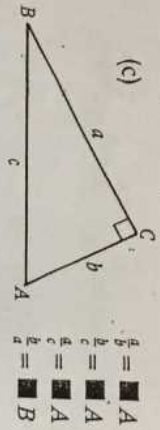
(d) $\frac{5.4}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{5.4}{2}$



B

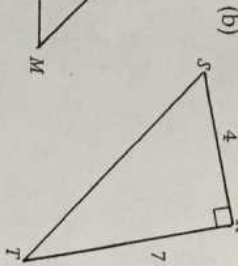
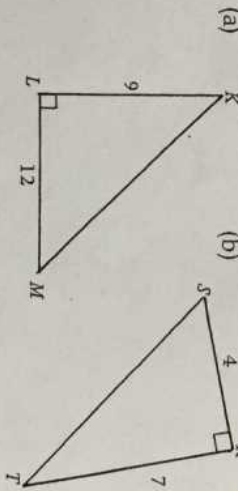


$\frac{5}{8.6} = \sin D$
 $\frac{7}{8.6} = \cos F$

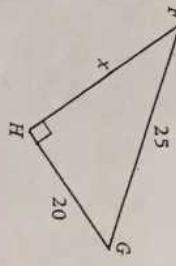
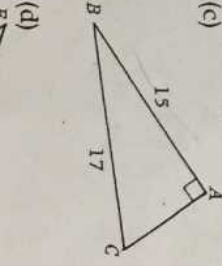
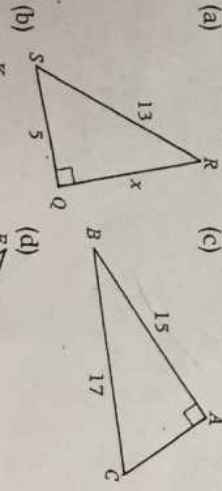


$\frac{a}{c} = \sin A$
 $\frac{b}{c} = \cos A$
 $\frac{a}{b} = \tan A$

5. Calculate the length of the hypotenuse in each case, then find the 3 basic trigonometric ratios for both acute angles in each triangle.



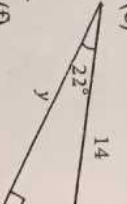
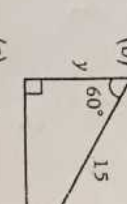
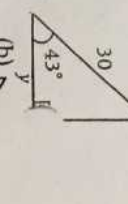
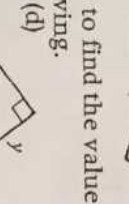
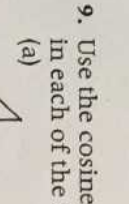
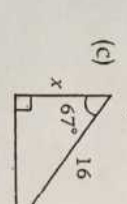
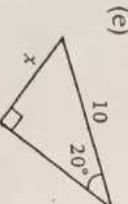
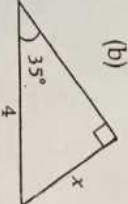
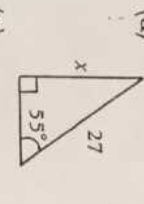
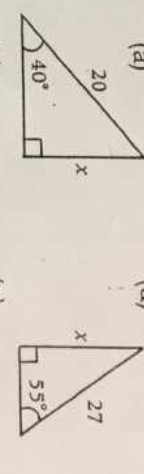
6. Calculate the length of x in each case, then find the 3 basic trigonometric ratios for both angles in each triangle.



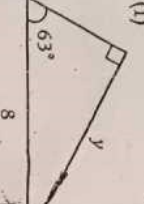
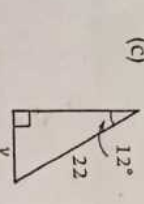
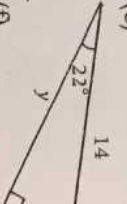
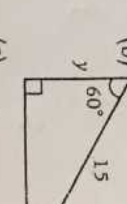
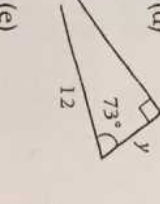
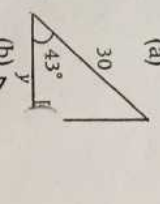
7. Determine y in each of the following, correct to one decimal place.

- (a) $\frac{y}{15} = \cos 30^\circ$
- (b) $\frac{y}{12} = \cos 40^\circ$
- (c) $\frac{y}{20} = \sin 65^\circ$
- (d) $\frac{y}{23} = \sin 22^\circ$

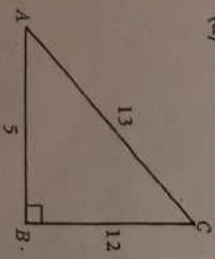
8. Use the sine ratio to find the value of x in each of the following.



9. Use the cosine ratio to find the value of y in each of the following.



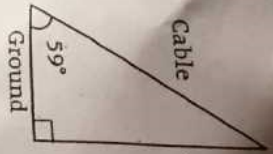
- 3. Use the table on page 459 to determine the value of angle A.
 - (a) $\sin A = 0.208$
 - (b) $\cos A = 0.899$
 - (c) $\tan A = 1.376$
 - (d) $\cos A = 0.276$
 - (e) $\sin A = 0.857$
 - (f) $\tan A = 0.105$
- 4. State the missing trigonometric ratio for each triangle.
 - (a) $\frac{13}{5} = \sin A$
 - $\frac{12}{5} = \cos C$



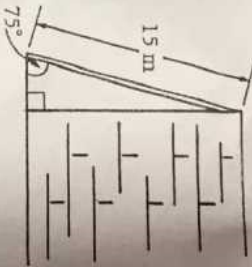
$\frac{13}{5} = \sin A$
 $\frac{12}{5} = \cos C$

following,
 e.
 $= \sin 65^\circ$
 $= \sin 22^\circ$
 the value of x in

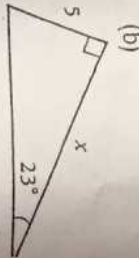
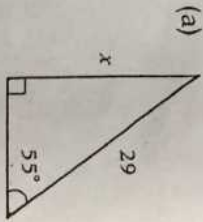
10. A support cable 40 m long runs straight from the top of a tower to the ground. The cable makes an angle of 59° with the ground. Calculate the height of the tower.



11. How far from a wall must the foot of a 15 m ladder be placed to make a safe angle of 75° with the ground?



12. Use a trigonometric ratio to determine in each of the following.



Determine x in each of the following.

