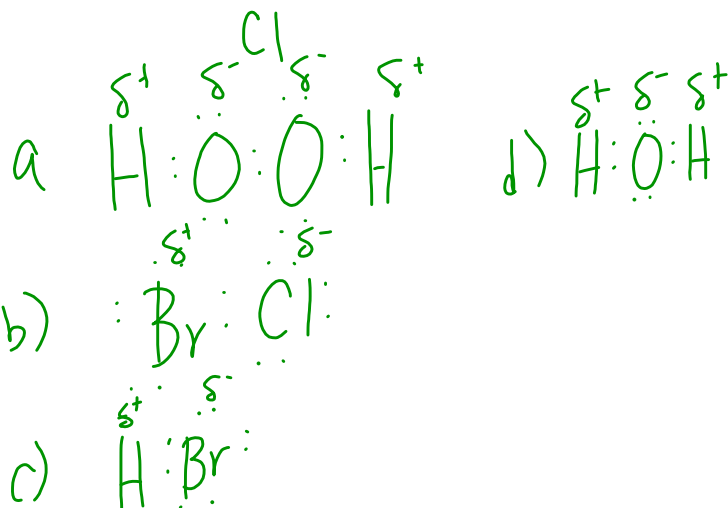
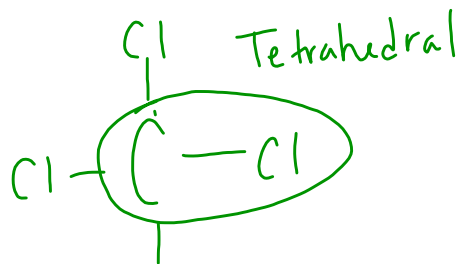


p. 244 #32-37



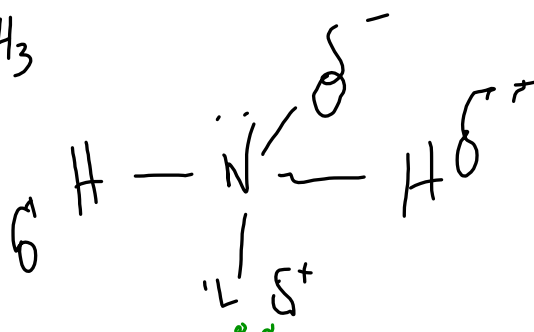
Apr 11-7:40 AM

Monday, Nov 27

Quiz Wednesday

Go over - Practice problems 8.3 & 8.4

a)  $NH_3$



b)  $CF_4$



Nov 27-10:32 AM

Nov 27-11:10 AM

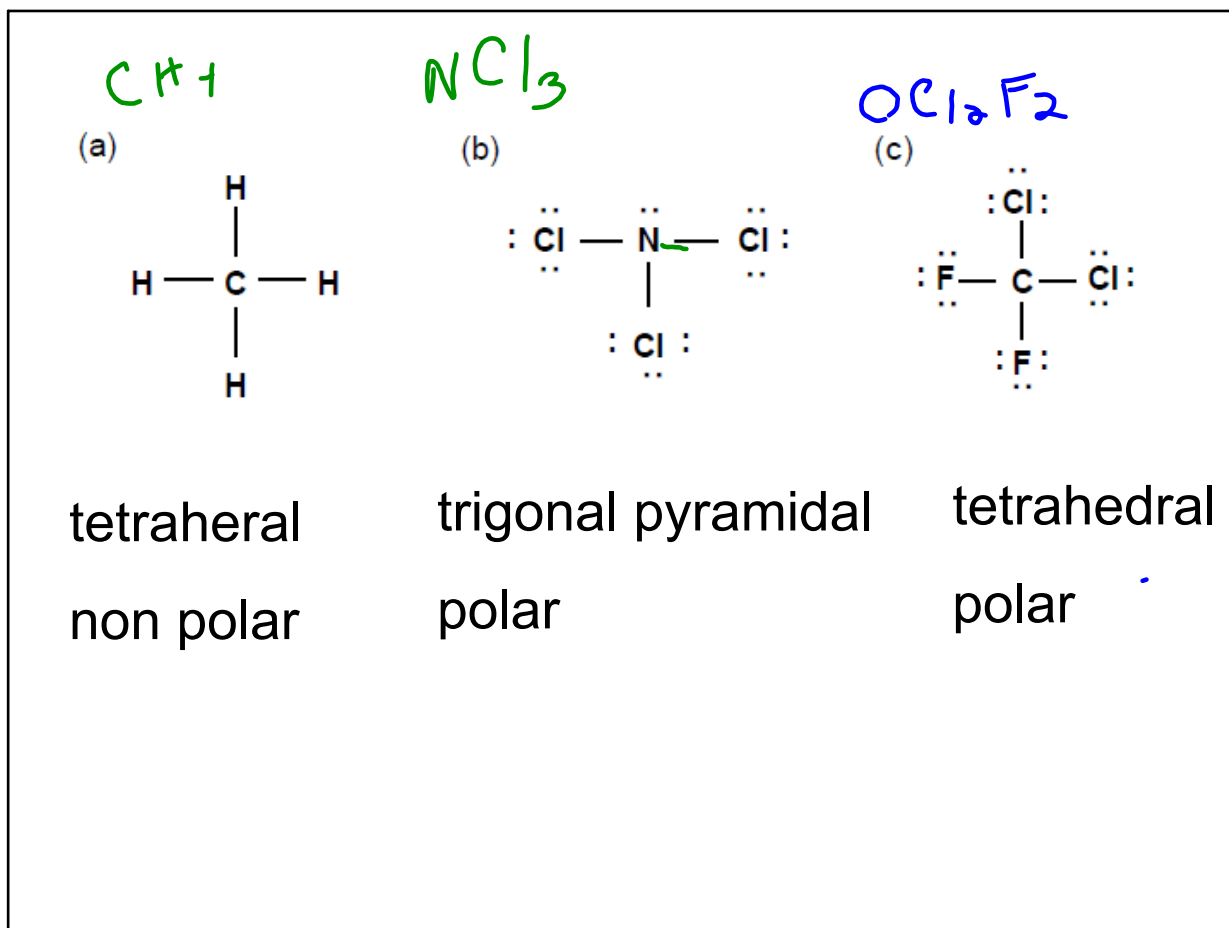
## **Chapter 8 Review**

Lewis Structures, Shapes and Polarity -  
W319 a-c, e-f, i, j

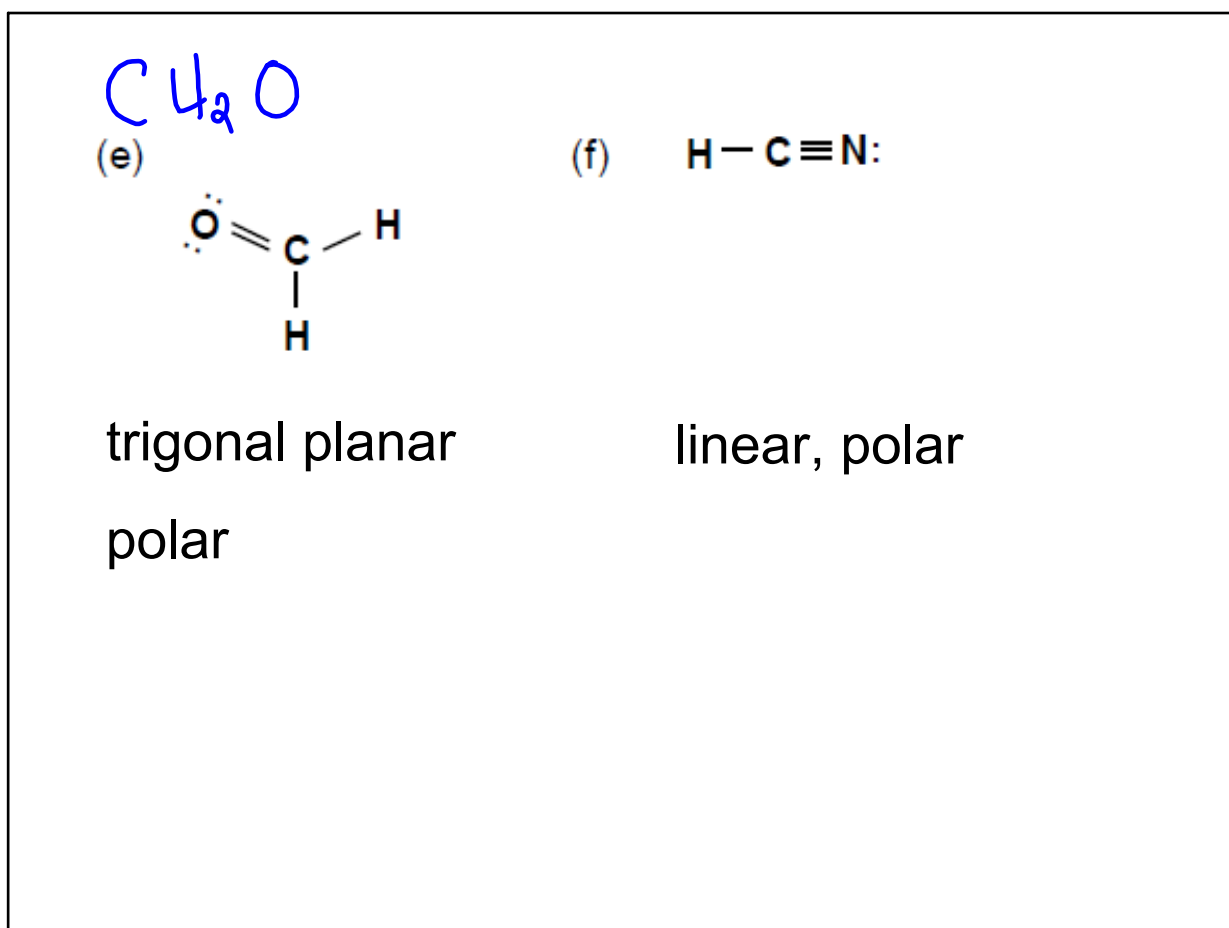
**p. 247-249**

#54, 57-59, 61, 63-65, 68-69, 70, 75, 79

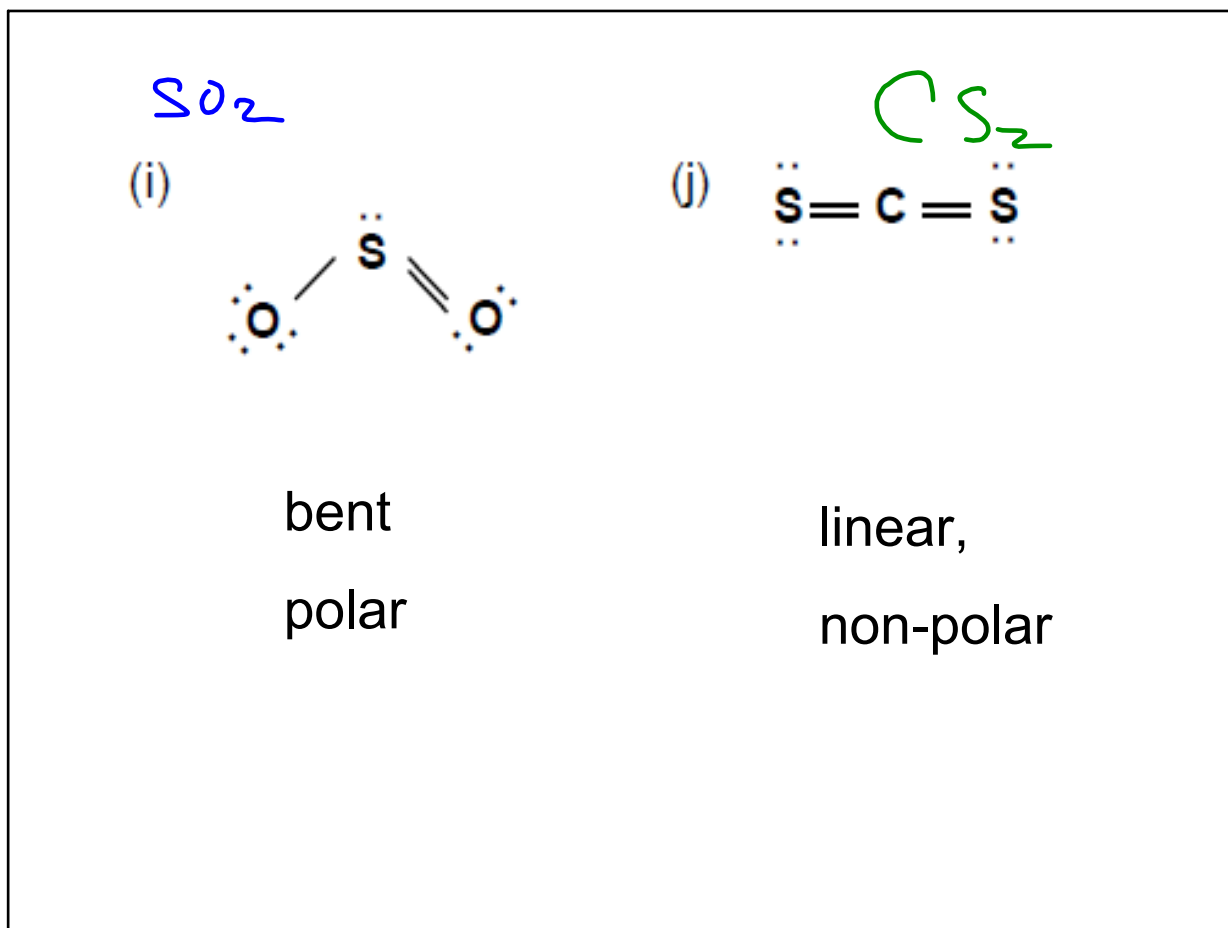
Oct 28-9:23 PM



Nov 28-10:07 AM



Nov 28-10:11 AM



Nov 28-10:12 AM

**p. 247-249**

#54, 57-59, 61, 63-65,

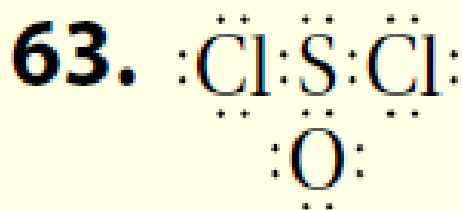
54. a) linear  
 b) tetrahedral  
 c) trigonal planar  
 d) bent  
 e) linear  
 f) bent
57. Between 0.4-2.0
58. c,d,a,f,b,e

59. A hydrogen bond is formed by an electrostatic interaction between a hydrogen atom that is covalently bonded to an electronegative atom, and an unshared electron pair of a nearby atom.

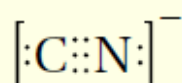
Nov 28-10:13 AM

61, 63-65,

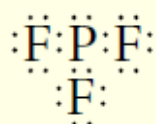
61. More energy is required to separate the molecules



64. a. C does not have an octet.

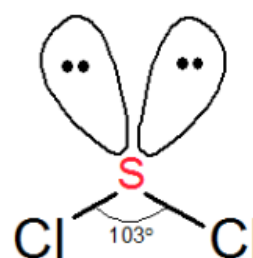
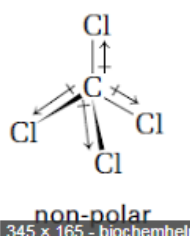
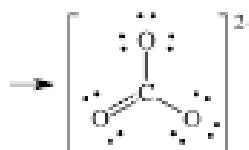
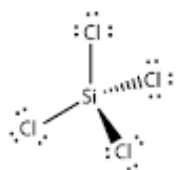


b. One F has more than an octet.



Nov 28-10:18 AM

65. Use VSEPR theory to predict the geometry of each of the following.

a.  $\text{SiCl}_4$     b.  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$     c.  $\text{CCl}_4$     d.  $\text{SCl}_2$ 

a. tetrahedral 109.5

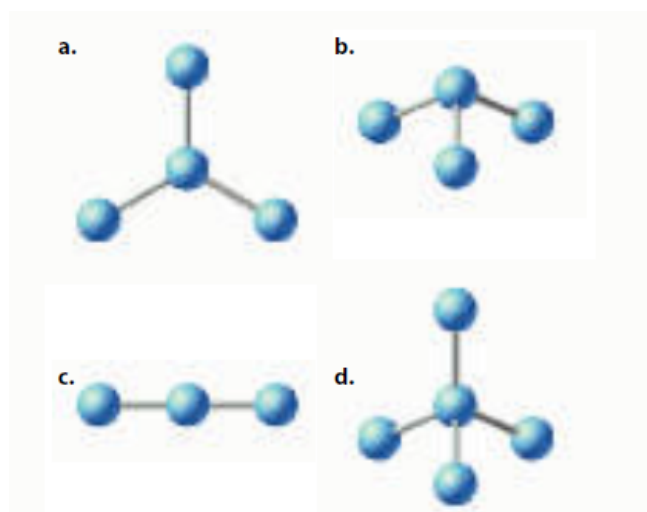
b. trigonal planar, 120

c. tetrahedral 109.5

d. bent 105

Nov 28-10:21 AM

68-69,



a. trigonal planar

b. pyramidal

c. linear

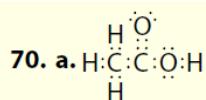
d. tetrahedral

69. Which of the following molecules contains a central atom that does not obey the octet rule?

- a.  $\text{PBr}_5$
- b.  $\text{AlI}_3$
- c.  $\text{PF}_3$
- d.  $\text{SiCl}_4$

Nov 28-10:29 AM

70, 75,



b. No, the molecule contains one carbon-oxygen double bond and one carbon-oxygen single bond.

c. polar bond

d. Yes, it has polar oxygen atoms at one end of the molecule and a nonpolar  $\text{CH}_3$  group at the opposite end.

75. What shape do you expect for a molecule with a central atom and the following?

- a. two bonding pairs of electrons and two non-bonding pairs of electrons
- b. four bonding pairs and zero nonbonding pairs
- c. three bonding pairs and one nonbonding pair

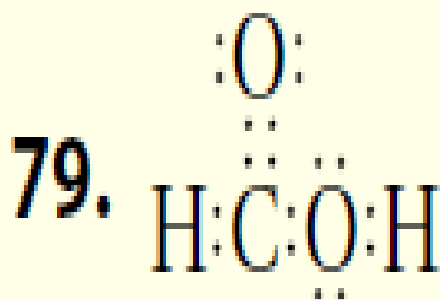
a. bent

b. tetrahedral

c. pyramidal

Nov 28-10:31 AM

79. Draw the electron dot structure of formic acid,  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_2$ . The carbon is the central atom, and all the atoms are attached to the carbon except for a hydrogen bonded to an oxygen.

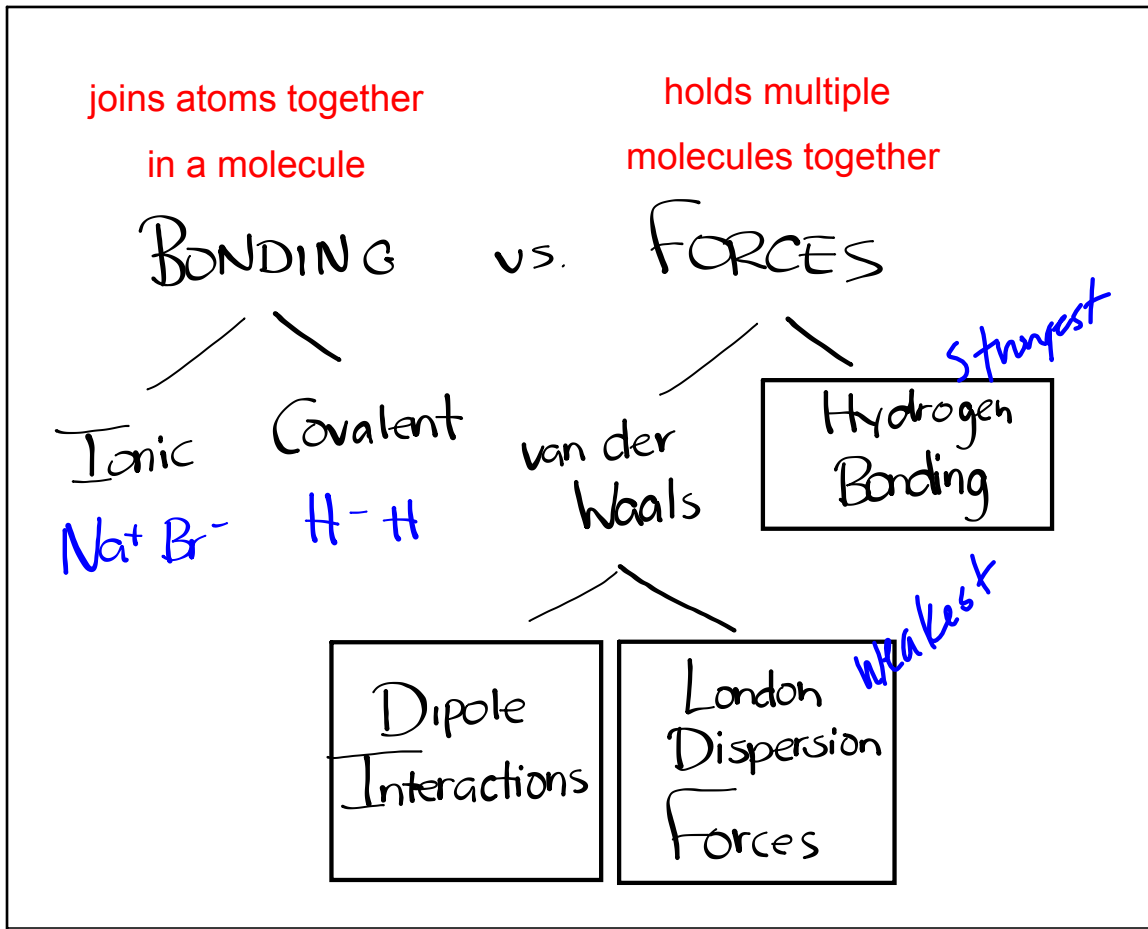


Nov 28-10:34 AM

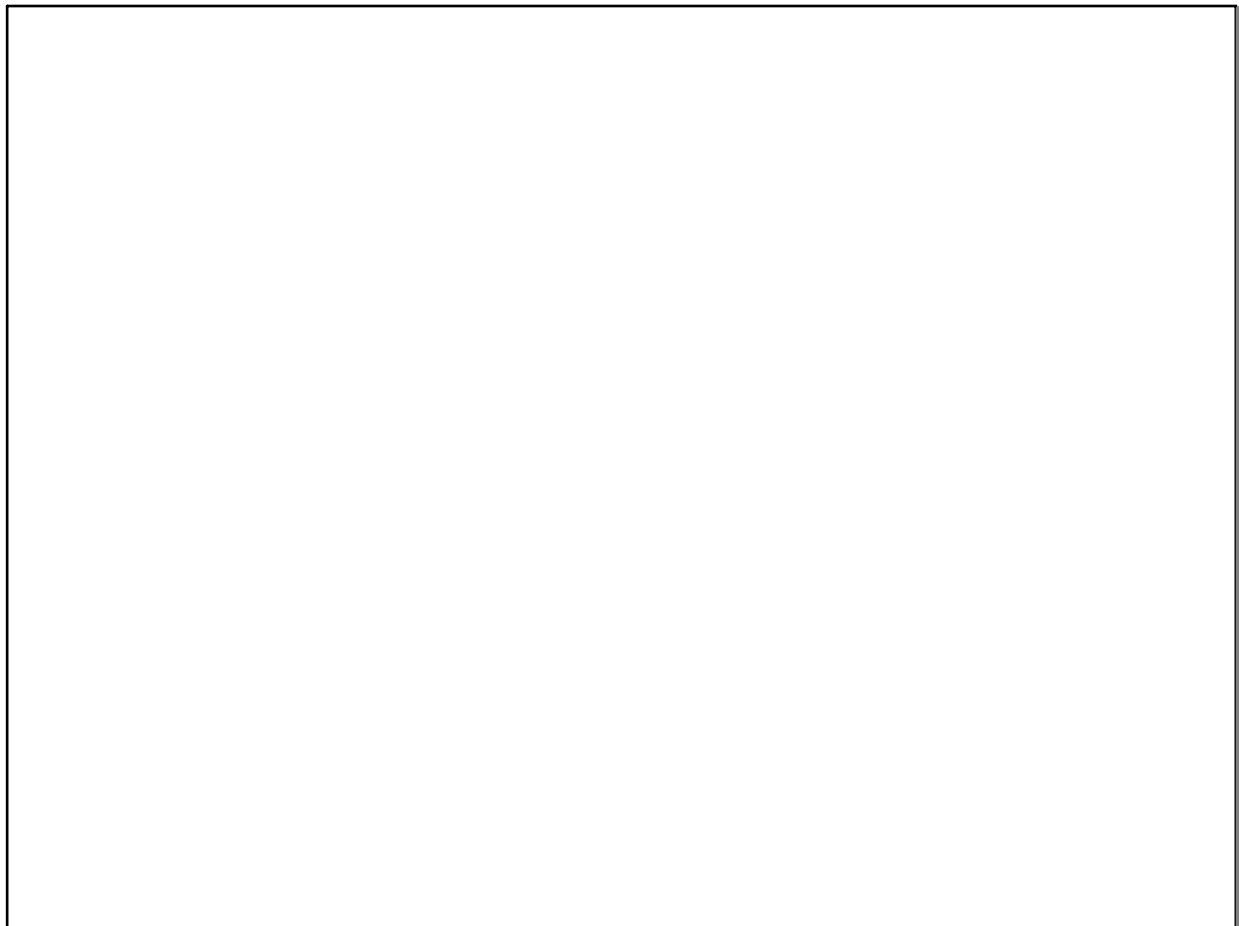
## Chemical Bonding Topics

- Octet Rule
- Electron Dot Structure
- Metallic Bonding
- Covalent Bonding
- Coordinate Covalent Bonding
- VSEPR Theory
- Hybridization
- Polarity
- Intermolecular Forces
- Properties of Ionic Crystals, Covalent Compounds, Network Solids

Oct 30-7:27 AM



Oct 31-1:53 PM



Nov 28-10:40 AM



# Chapter 8 Mock Test

Oct 28-8:05 AM

**Table 8.3 Electronegativity Differences and Bond Types**

<b>Electronegativity difference range</b>	<b>Most probable type of bond</b>	<b>Example</b>
<b>0.0-0.4</b>	<b>Nonpolar covalent</b>	<b>H - H (0.0)</b>
<b>0.4-1.0</b>	<b>Moderately polar covalent</b>	<b>H - Cl (0.9)</b>
<b>1.0-2.0</b>	<b>Very polar covalent</b>	<b>H - F (1.9)</b>
<b>≥ 2.0</b>	<b>Ionic</b>	<b>Na<sup>+</sup> Cl<sup>-</sup> (2.1)</b>

Oct 23-8:49 AM

**Table 6.2**

**Electronegativity Values for Selected Elements**

<b>H</b> 2.1						
<b>Li</b> 1.0	<b>Be</b> 1.5	<b>B</b> 2.0	<b>C</b> 2.5	<b>N</b> 3.0	<b>O</b> 3.5	<b>F</b> 4.0
<b>Na</b> 0.9	<b>Mg</b> 1.2	<b>Al</b> 1.5	<b>Si</b> 1.8	<b>P</b> 2.1	<b>S</b> 2.5	<b>Cl</b> 3.0
<b>K</b> 0.8	<b>Ca</b> 1.0	<b>Ga</b> 1.6	<b>Ge</b> 1.8	<b>As</b> 2.0	<b>Se</b> 2.4	<b>Br</b> 2.8
<b>Rb</b> 0.8	<b>Sr</b> 1.0	<b>In</b> 1.7	<b>Sn</b> 1.8	<b>Sb</b> 1.9	<b>Te</b> 2.1	<b>I</b> 2.5
<b>Cs</b> 0.7	<b>Ba</b> 0.9	<b>Tl</b> 1.8	<b>Pb</b> 1.9	<b>Bi</b> 1.9		

Oct 23-8:36 AM

Nov 27-10:30 AM