

Prime Numbers

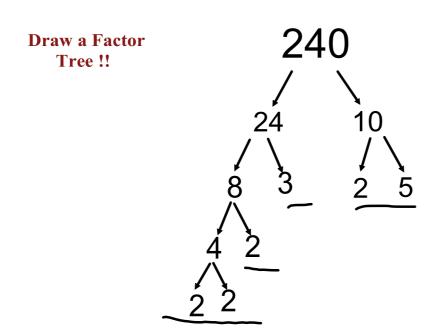
A <u>Prime Number</u> can be divided evenly **only** by 1 & itself.

And it must be a whole number greater than 1.

The first few prime numbers are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17 etc.....

Determining the Prime Factors of a Whole Number

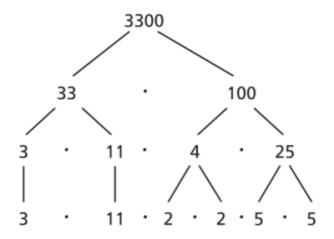
Write the prime factorization of 240



The Prime Factorization of 240 is: 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 5 x 2 or 2⁴ x 3 x 5

The Prime Factors of 240 are: 2, 3, & 5

Write the prime factorization of 3300 and the factors

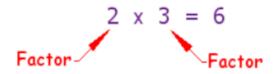


The prime factors of 3300 are 2, 3, 5, and 11. The prime factorization of 3300 is: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 11$, or $2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 11$



What is a "Factor"?

Factors are the numbers you multiply together to get another number:



Sometimes we need to find all of the factors of a number:

Find all the factors of 12:

the factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12

Because: $1 \times 12 = 12$

 $2 \times 6 = 12$

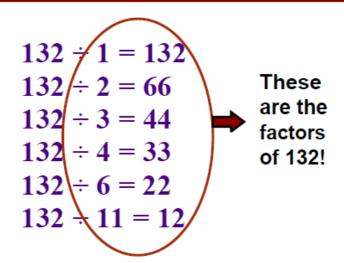
 $3 \times 4 = 12$

Lets try some bigger numbers!

Determine all of the factors of 132

Lets try some bigger numbers!

Determine all of the factors of 132



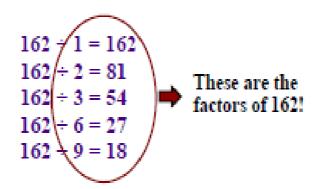
The Factors of 132 are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 11, 12, 22, 33, 44, 66, 132

Lets try some bigger numbers!

Determine all of the factors of 162

Lets try some bigger numbers!

Determine all of the factors of 162



The Factors of 162 are: 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18, 27, 54, 81, 162



They all have something in **Common!**



What do these 3 items have in common?



Eggs,



Eyes,



A Load of Laundry

Whites

What do these 3 items have in common?







A Locksmith

A Piano

Florida,

They have keys

What do these 3 items have in common?



Frosty the snowman



Wicked witches of the west



Ice Cream

They melt

What do these 3 items have in common?



A Light



Blue Jeans



Memories

They fade over time

What do these 3 items have in common?

Hard

Distilled

Types of water

Common Factoring



for the Greatest Common Factor GCF



Find the GCF for the following pairs of numbers:

1), 6 and 12
$$1 \times 12$$
 1×12 2×3 4 2×3 2×4 2×3 4×21 2×15 4×21 4×2

144:

126:



Find the GCF of 36 and 54.

The factors of 36 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, <u>18</u>, and 36.

The factors of 54 are 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18, 27, and 54.

The common factors of 36 and 54 are 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18

Although the numbers in **bold** are all common factors of both 36 and 54, **18** is the **greatest common factor**.



We said that

The Factors of 132 are :123 4,6 11, 12, 22, 33, 44, 66, 132

The Factors of 162 are (1)2(3)6(9, 18, 27, 54, 81, 162

The common factors are the ones found in both lists.

Therefore: The common factors of 132 & 162 are 1, 2, 3, 6



The <u>Greatest Common Factor</u> is simply the greatest of the common factors.

The common factors of 132 & 162 are: 1, 2, 3, 6

The Greatest Common Factor of 132 & 162 is 6.

Just another Method

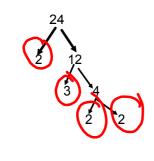
Using Prime Factors to Solve GGF of Numbers

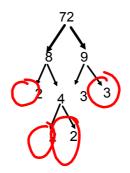
Steps:

- 1) Find the prime factors of each number
- 2) Compare the prime factors of each number
- 3) Circle the prime factors that each number has in common
- 4) Multiply common prime factors together to get GCF of #'s

Example:

Find the GCF of 24 and 72





2 x 2 x 2 x 3

2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 3



The <u>least common multiple</u> is the least multiple that is the same for two or more numbers.



Determine the least common multiple of 18, 20, and 30

Step #1 Write the prime factorization of each number.

Step #2 Circle the greatest power of each prime number.

Step #1 Write the prime factorization of each number.

$$18 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 2 \times 5$$

$$20 = 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 2 \times 5$$

$$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

Step #2 Circle the greatest power of each prime number.

$$18 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 2 \cdot 3^{2}$$

 $20 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 = 2^{2} \cdot 5$
 $30 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$

Solution:
$$2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 = 4 \cdot 9 \cdot 5$$

= 180

