

SEPTEMBER 28, 2017

UNIT 1: ROOTS AND POWERS

**SECTION 4.6:
APPLYING THE
EXPONENT LAWS**



K. Sears

NUMBERS, RELATIONS AND FUNCTIONS 10

WHAT'S THE POINT OF TODAY'S LESSON?

We will continue working on the NRF 10 Specific Curriculum Outcome (SCO) "Algebra and Numbers 3" OR "AN3" which states:

"Demonstrate an understanding of powers with integral and rational exponents."



What does THAT mean???

SCO AN3 means that we will:

- * apply the 6 exponent laws you learned in grade 9:

$$a^0 = 1$$

$$(a^m)(a^n) = a^{m+n}$$

$$a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$$

$$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

$$(ab)^m = a^m b^m$$

$$(a \div b)^n = a^n \div b^n$$

- * use patterns to explain $a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$ and $a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}$

- * apply all exponent laws to evaluate a variety of expressions
- * express powers with rational exponents as radicals and vice versa
- * identify and correct errors in work that involves powers



EXPONENT LAWS (separate sheet):

1. Zero Exponent Law: $a^0 = 1$

$$(1 \times \square + \dots)^0 = 1$$

2. Product of Powers: $(a^m)(a^n) = a^{m+n}$

3. Quotient of Powers: $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$

4. Power of a Power: $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$

5. Power of a Product: $(ab)^m = a^m b^m$

6. Power of a Quotient: $(a \div b)^n = a^n \div b^n$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

7. MULTIPLICATION PROPERTY OF RADICALS:

$$\sqrt[n]{ab} = \sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} \quad (ab)^{\frac{1}{n}} = a^{\frac{1}{n}} b^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

EX.: $\sqrt{24}$ (Factors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24)

$$= \sqrt{4 \cdot 6}$$

$$= \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{6} \text{ (MIXED RADICAL)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{18} \\ &= \sqrt{9 \times 2} \\ &= 9^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &= 3\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

EX.: $\sqrt[3]{24}$ (ENTIRE RADICAL)

$$= \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 3}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{8} \cdot \sqrt[3]{3}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3}$$

$$= 2\sqrt[3]{3}$$

8. POWERS WITH RATIONAL EXPONENTS WITH A NUMERATOR OF 1:

$$x^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 9^{\frac{1}{2}} &= \sqrt[2]{9} \\ &= \sqrt{9} \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

EX.: $8^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{8}$$

$$= 2$$

9. POWERS WITH RATIONAL EXPONENTS:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{EXPONENT} & & \text{EXPONENT} \\
 \swarrow & & \swarrow \\
 x^{\frac{m}{n}} & = & \left(x^{\frac{1}{n}}\right)^m \\
 \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 \text{INDEX} & & \text{INDEX} \\
 & & \text{AND} \\
 & & x^{\frac{m}{n}} = \left(x^m\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \\
 & & \uparrow \\
 & & \text{INDEX} \\
 & & = \sqrt[n]{x^m} \\
 & & = \sqrt[n]{x}^m
 \end{array}$$

EX.: Evaluate $16^{\frac{3}{2}}$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ (EXPONENT)} \\ \overline{16^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{ (INDEX)}} \end{array} & \text{OR} & \begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ (EXP.)} \\ \overline{16^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{ (INDEX)}} \end{array} \\
 = \left(\sqrt[2]{16}\right)^3 & & & = \sqrt[2]{16^3} \\
 = 4^3 & & & = \sqrt{4096} \\
 = 64 & & & = 64
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (-125)^{\frac{2}{3}} &= \left(\sqrt[3]{-125}\right)^2 \\
 &= (-5)^2 \\
 &= 25
 \end{aligned}$$

10. POWERS WITH NEGATIVE EXPONENTS:

$$x^{-n} = \frac{1}{x^n} \quad \text{AND} \quad \frac{1}{x^{-n}} = x^n$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EX.:} \quad & 4^{-2} \\ &= \frac{1}{4^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EX.:} \quad & \frac{1}{5^{-2}} \\ &= 5^2 \\ &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{-3} &\rightarrow \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 \\ &= \frac{8}{27} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & \frac{3^{-3}}{2^{-3}} \\ & \frac{2^3}{3^3} \end{aligned}$$

Basically, remember to take the reciprocal of the ENTIRE base and change the negative exponent to a positive exponent.

EX.:
$$\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-3} = \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)^3$$

$$= -\frac{64}{27}$$

LAST MINUTE QUESTIONS???

(page 236, #1 to #8)

2. iv) $400^{1.5} = 400^{\frac{3}{2}}$ v) $(-125)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$= (\sqrt{400})^3 = \sqrt[3]{-125}$$

$$= 20^3 = -5$$

$$= 8000$$

vi) $\left(\frac{8}{125}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{125}}\right)^2$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{4}{25}$$

8. $P = 5000(1.029)^{-3}$ 4. $T = 17.5(85)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

$$= 4589.06 = 371.88$$

4.6 - APPLYING EXPONENT LAWS:

Let's build gradually on what we knew in grade 9...

For example:

$$(2^2)(2^6)$$

$$= 2^8$$

$$= 256$$

$$2^{2+6}$$

$$= 2^8$$

$$= 256$$

$$(2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2)$$

$$2^8$$

$$= 256$$

APPLYING EXPONENT LAWS:

Let's build gradually on what we knew in grade 9...

For example:

$$(2^2)(2^{-6})$$

$$= 2^{-4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}$$

$$2^{2+(-6)}$$

$$2^{-4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$\frac{1}{16}$$

APPLYING EXPONENT LAWS: $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$

Let's build gradually on what we knew in grade 9...

For example:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left[(2^2)(2^{-6}) \right]^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= (2^{-4})^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2^4} \right)^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{16} \right)^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= 16^{\frac{3}{2}} \\
 &= (\sqrt{16})^3 \\
 &= 4^3 \\
 &= 64
 \end{aligned}$$

Handwritten work for the first step:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (2^{-4})^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2^4} \right)^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{16} \right)^{\frac{-3}{2}} \\
 &= 2^{\frac{3}{2} \cdot 4} \\
 &= 2^6 \\
 &= 64
 \end{aligned}$$

EXAMPLE:

a) $0.3^{-3} \cdot 0.3^5$

b) $\left[\left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-4} \right]^2 \cdot \left[\left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^2 \right]^3$

c) $\frac{(1.4^3)(1.4^4)}{1.4^{-2}}$

d) $\left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 7^{\frac{5}{3}}} \right)^6$

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } 0.3^{-3} \cdot 0.3^5 &= 0.3^{-3+5} \\ &= 0.3^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } &\left[\left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-4} \right]^2 \cdot \left[\left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^2 \right]^3 \\ &= \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-8} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^6 \\ &= \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-8+6} \\ &= \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-2} \\ &= \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^2 \\ &= \frac{4}{9} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } \frac{(1.4^3)(1.4^4)}{1.4^{-2}} &= \frac{1.4^7}{1.4^{-2}} \\
 &= 1.4^{7-(-2)} \\
 &= 1.4^9
 \end{aligned}
 \left. \begin{array}{l} (1.4^7)(1.4^2) \\ 1.4^{7+2} \\ 1.4^9 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d) } \left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 7^{\frac{5}{3}}} \right)^6 &= \left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{3}}} \right)^6 \\
 &= \left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{6}{3}}} \right)^6 \\
 &= \left(7^{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{6}{3}} \right)^6 \\
 &= \left(7^{-\frac{4}{3}} \right)^6 \\
 &= 7^{-\frac{24}{3}} \\
 &= 7^{-8} \\
 &= \frac{1}{7^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } 0.3^{-3} \cdot 0.3^5 &= 0.3^{(-3) + 5} \\ &= 0.3^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \left[\left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-4} \right]^2 \cdot \left[\left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^2 \right]^3 &= \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-8} \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^6 \\ &= \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-2} \\ &= \left(-\frac{2}{3} \right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \frac{(1.4^3)(1.4^4)}{1.4^{-2}} &= \frac{1.4^{3+4}}{1.4^{-2}} \\ &= \frac{1.4^7}{1.4^{-2}} \\ &= 1.4^{7 - (-2)} \\ &= 1.4^9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 7^{\frac{5}{3}}} \right)^6 &= \left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^{\frac{6}{3}}} \right)^6 \\ &= \left(\frac{7^{\frac{2}{3}}}{7^2} \right)^6 \\ &= \left(7^{\frac{2}{3} - 6} \right)^6 \\ &= \left(7^{-\frac{16}{3}} \right)^6 \\ &= 7^{-\frac{24}{3}} \\ &= 7^{-8} \\ &= \frac{1}{7^8} \end{aligned}$$

YOU TRY!

a) $0.8^2 \cdot 0.8^{-7}$

b) $\left[\left(-\frac{4}{5} \right)^2 \right]^{-3} \div \left[\left(-\frac{4}{5} \right)^4 \right]^{-5}$

c) $\frac{(1.5^{-3})^{-5}}{1.5^5}$

d) $\frac{9^{\frac{5}{4}} \cdot 9^{-\frac{1}{4}}}{9^{\frac{3}{4}}}$

[Answers: a) $\frac{1}{0.8^5}$ b) $\left(-\frac{4}{5} \right)^{14}$

c) 1.5^{10} d) $9^{\frac{1}{4}}$]

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } 0.8^2 \cdot 0.8^{-7} &= 0.8^{-5} \\ &= \frac{1}{0.8^5} \\ &\text{or } \left(\frac{1}{0.8}\right)^5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \left[\left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^2\right]^{-3} \div \left[\left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^4\right]^{-5} \\ &= \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^{-6} \div \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^{-20} \\ &= \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^{-6 - (-20)} \\ &= \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^{14} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \frac{(1.5^{-3})^{-5}}{1.5^5} &= \frac{1.5^{15}}{1.5^5} \\ &= 1.5^{15-5} \\ &= 1.5^{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \frac{9^{\frac{5}{4}} \cdot 9^{-\frac{1}{4}}}{9^{\frac{3}{4}}} &= \frac{9^{\frac{5}{4} + (-\frac{1}{4})}}{9^{\frac{3}{4}}} \\ &= \frac{9^{\frac{4}{4}}}{9^{\frac{3}{4}}} \\ &= 9^{\frac{4}{4} - \frac{3}{4}} \\ &= 9^{\frac{1}{4}} \\ &= \sqrt[4]{9} \end{aligned}$$

EXAMPLE:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } (x^3y^2)(x^2y^{-4}) \\ = x^{3+2} y^{2+(-4)} \\ \rightarrow = x^5 y^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \frac{10a^5b^3 \cdot b^2}{2a^2b^{-2}} \\ \downarrow \quad \uparrow \\ 5a^{5-2} b^{3-(-2)} \\ \frac{10}{2} \frac{a^5}{a^2} b^3 b^2 \\ 5a^3 b^5 \end{aligned}$$

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } (x^3y^2)(x^2y^{-4}) &= x^3 \cdot y^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot y^{-4} \\ &= x^3 \cdot x^2 \cdot y^2 \cdot y^{-4} \\ &= x^{3+2} \cdot y^{2+(-4)} \\ &= x^5 \cdot y^{-2} \\ &= x^5 \cdot \frac{1}{y^2} \\ &= \frac{x^5}{y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{b)} \quad \frac{10a^5b^3}{2a^2b^{-2}} &= \frac{10}{2} \cdot \frac{a^5}{a^2} \cdot \frac{b^3}{b^{-2}} \\ &= 5 \cdot a^{5-2} \cdot b^{3-(-2)} \\ &= 5 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \\ &= 5a^3b^5\end{aligned}$$

YOU TRY!

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad m^4n^{-2} \cdot m^2n^3$$

$$\mathbf{b)} \quad \frac{6x^4y^{-3}}{14xy^2}$$

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } m^4 n^{-2} \cdot m^2 n^3 & \\ &= m^{4+2} n^{-2+3} \\ &= m^6 n^1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \frac{6x^4 y^{-3}}{14xy^2} &= \frac{6}{14} \frac{x^4}{x^1} \frac{y^{-3}}{y^2} \\ &= \frac{3}{7} x^3 y^{-5} \\ &= \frac{3x^3}{7y^5} \end{aligned}$$

$$[\text{Answers: a) } m^6n \quad \text{b) } \frac{3x^3}{7y^5}]$$

EXAMPLE:

$$\text{a) } (8a^3b^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\text{b) } (x^{\frac{3}{2}}y^2)(x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{-1})$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{4a^{-2}b^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^2b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$\text{d) } \left(\frac{100a}{25a^5b^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } (8a^3b^6)^{\frac{1}{3}} &= 8^{\frac{1}{3}} (a^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} (b^6)^{\frac{1}{3}} \\ &= 2 a^{\frac{3}{3}} b^{\frac{6}{3}} \\ &= 2 a b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } (x^{\frac{3}{2}}y^2)(x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{-1}) &= x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^2 y^{-1} \\ &= x^{\frac{4}{2}} y^1 \\ &= x^2 y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } \frac{4a^{-2}b^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^2b^{\frac{1}{3}}} &= \frac{\frac{4}{2} a^{-2} b^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^2 b^{\frac{1}{3}}} \\
 &= 2 \frac{1}{a^2} b^{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{3}} \\
 &= \frac{2}{a^2} b^{\frac{1}{3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d) } \left(\frac{100a}{25a^5b^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} &= \left(\frac{100}{25} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{a}{a^5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(b^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= 4^{\frac{1}{2}} (a^{-4})^{\frac{1}{2}} (b^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= 2 \left(\frac{1}{a^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} b^{\frac{1}{4}} \\
 &= \frac{2}{a^2} b^{\frac{1}{4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

YOU TRY!

a) $(25a^4b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

b) $(x^3y^{-\frac{3}{2}})(x^{-1}y^{\frac{1}{2}})$

c) $\frac{12x^{-5}y^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ *It's a mean one!*

d) $\left(\frac{50x^2y^4}{2x^4y^7}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

SOLUTIONS:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a) } (25a^4b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} &= 25^{\frac{3}{2}} (a^{\frac{4}{2}})^{\frac{3}{2}} (b^{\frac{2}{2}})^{\frac{3}{2}} \\
 &= 5^3 a^{\frac{12}{2}} b^{\frac{6}{2}} \\
 &= 125 a^6 b^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b) } (x^3 y^{\frac{3}{2}})(x^{-1} y^{\frac{1}{2}}) &= x^{3+(-1)} y^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= x^2 y^{-\frac{2}{2}} \\
 &= x^2 y^{-1} \\
 &= \frac{x^2}{y}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } \frac{12x^{-5} y^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^{-\frac{1}{2}}} &= 4x^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{5}{2} - (-\frac{1}{2})} \\
 &= 4x^{-\frac{10}{2} - \frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{4}{2}} \\
 &= 4x^{-\frac{11}{2}} y^2 \\
 &= \frac{4y^2}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \left(\frac{50x^2y^4}{2x^4y^7} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} &= \left(25x^{2-4}y^{4-7} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \left(25x^{-2}y^{-3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= 5x^{-\frac{2}{2}}y^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ &= 5x^{-1}y^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ &= \frac{5}{xy^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

[Answers: a) $125a^6b^3$ b) $\frac{x^2}{y}$

c) $\frac{4y^3}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$

d) $\frac{5}{xy^{\frac{3}{2}}}$]

CONCEPT REINFORCEMENT:

FPCM 10:

Page 241: #3 to #6

Page 242: #7 to #11, #14 to #17 & #19

Page 243: #21 & #22

UNIT 1 TEST PREPARATION

FPCM 10:

Page 197: Skills Summary (3.1 / 3.2)

Page 198: Review Questions (3.1 / 3.2)

Page 201: Practice Test (#1 & #3)

Page 244: Study Guide

Page 245: Skills Summary

Pages 246 to 248: Review Questions

Page 249: Practice Test