

HW Questions...

gas depends on oil

8. A refinery produces oil and gas.

- At least 2 L of gasoline is produced for each litre of heating oil.
- The refinery can produce up to 9 million litres of heating oil and 6 million litres of gasoline each day.
- Gasoline is projected to sell for \$1.10 per litre. Heating oil is projected to sell for \$1.75 per litre.

The company needs to determine the daily combination of gas and heating oil that must be produced to maximize revenue. Create a model to determine this combination. What would the revenue be?

Optimization Model

Let g represent the number of litres of gasoline.
 Let h represent the number of litres of heating oil.
 Let R represent the total revenue from sales.

Restrictions:

$g \in \mathbb{R}, h \in \mathbb{R}$

Constraints:

$g \geq 0$

$h \geq 0$

$g \geq 2h$

$g \leq 6\,000\,000$

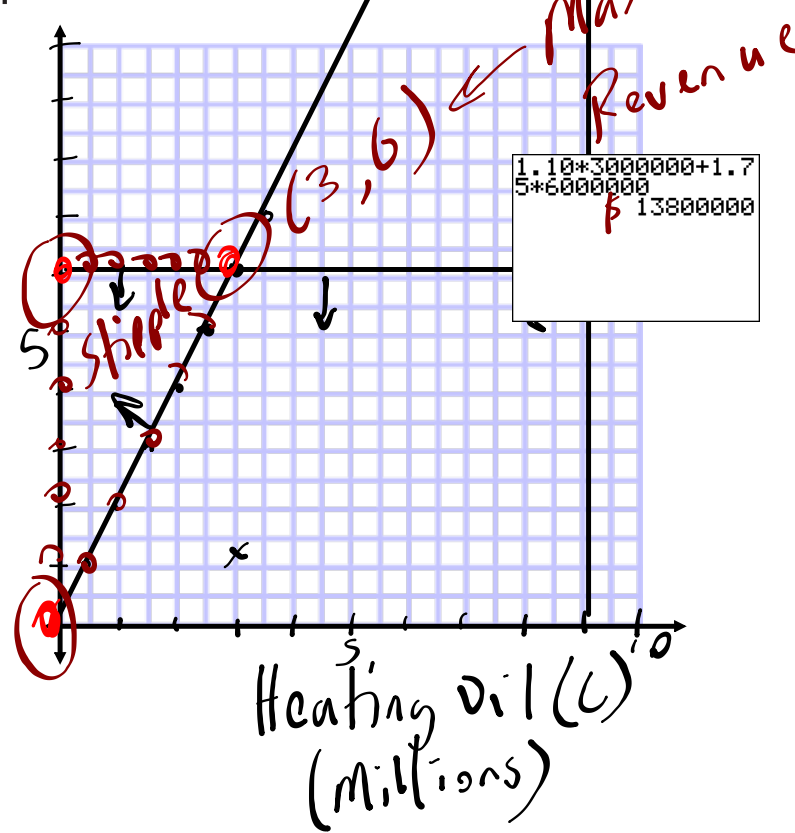
$h \leq 9\,000\,000$

Objective function to maximize:

$R = 1.10g + 1.75h$

Graph vertices
Sub

$y = 2x$
 Test (3, 1)
 $g \geq 2h$
 LS RS
 1 2(3)
 6
 6
 NO
 Gas (L)
 (Millions)



7. The following model represents an optimization problem.
Determine the maximum solution.

Optimization Model

Restrictions:

$m \in \mathbb{R}, s \in \mathbb{R}$

Constraints:

$m \geq 0$

$s \geq 0$

$3m + 4s \leq 24$

$m + s \geq 4$

Objective function:

$T = 1.5m + 4.2s$

$3x + 4y = 24$

$\frac{4}{4}y = \frac{-3x + 24}{4}$

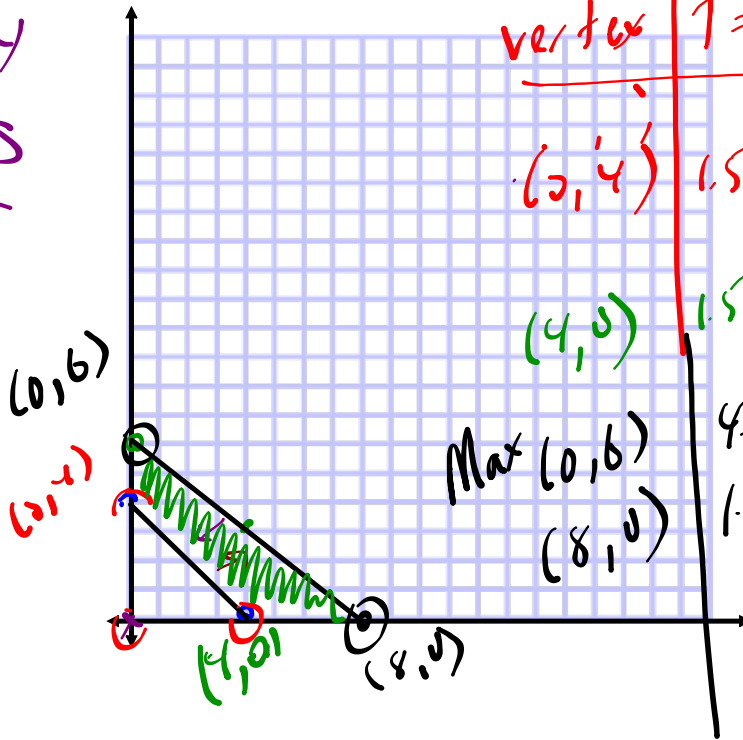
$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 6$

$x + y = 4$

$y = -x + 4$

$3x + 4y \leq 24$

LS	RS
0	24
$\frac{y}{4}$	



vertex $T = 1.5x + 4.2y$

$(0, 6) \quad 1.5(0) + 4.2(6) = 25.2$

$(4, 0) \quad 1.5(4) + 4.2(0) = 6$

$4.2(6) = 25.2$

$1.5(8) = 12$

Max (0,6)
(8,0)