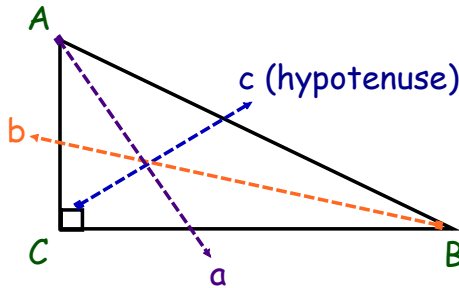


# Pythagorean Theorem

- is a fundamental relationship amongst the sides on a **RIGHT** triangle.



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

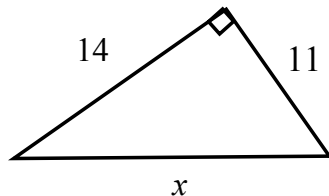
## OPTIONS...

#1. Finding the unknown hypotenuse:

```
√(14²+11²)
17.80449381
```

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

ex:



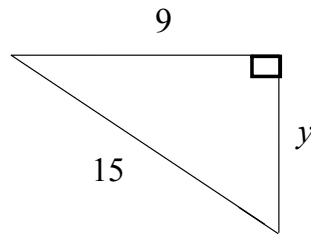
$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 14^2 + 11^2 \\ x^2 &= 196 + 121 \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{317} \\ x &= 17.8 \end{aligned}$$

#2. Finding an unknown side

3-4-5

$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

ex:



$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= 15^2 - 9^2 \\ y^2 &= 225 - 81 \\ \sqrt{y^2} &= \sqrt{144} \\ y &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

```
√(15²-9²)
12
```

# Pythagorean Triples



Verifying a Pythagorean Triple...

LS	RS
$6^2 + 6^2$	$12^2$
$36 + 36$	144
72	No

LS	RS

## Pythagorean Triples...

- ① 3-4-5
- ② 5-12-13
- ③ 7-24-25

\* Any multiple of these is a triple too!