

Sep 25-4:31 PM

$$10 \text{ g ice} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{18.0 \text{ g}} \times \frac{6.01 \text{ kJ}}{1 \text{ mol}}$$

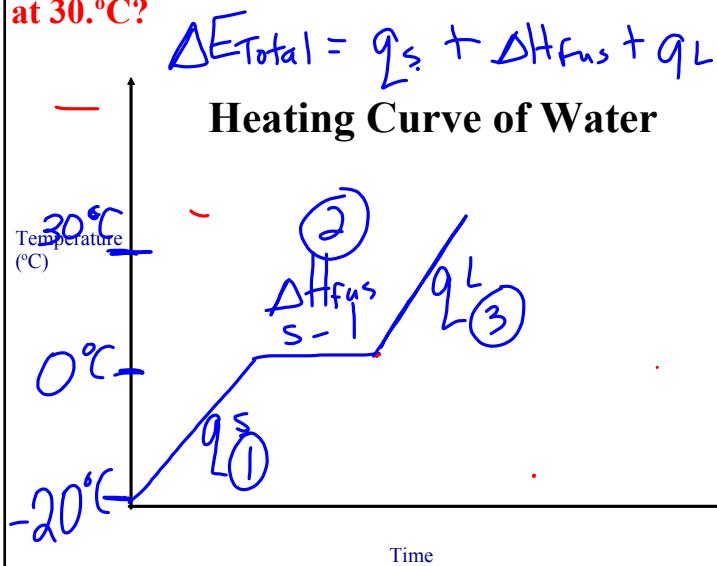
$$3.335 \text{ kJ} \quad 3335 \text{ J}$$

Oct 10-2:38 PM

What we've looked at so far...

- Energy changes when the temperature changes
(heating water from 20 °C to 50°C)
- Energy changes when the temperature remains the same.
(melting of ice at 0°C)

What if you heat 10. g of ice at -20. °C until it is water at 30. °C?

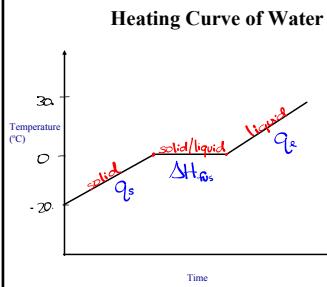


Oct 21-1:13 PM

What we've looked at so far...

- Energy changes when the temperature changes
(heating water from 20 °C to 50°C)
- Energy changes when the temperature remains the same.
(melting of ice at 0°C)

What if you heat 10.0g of ice at -20. °C until it is water at 30. °C?



$$\Delta \text{Energy}_{\text{total}} (\Delta E_{\text{total}}) = q_{(\text{solid, liquid, gas})} + \Delta H_{(\text{solid, fus, cond, vap})}$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{total}} = q_s + \Delta H_{\text{fus}} + q_L$$

$$q_s = mC\Delta T$$

$$q_s =$$

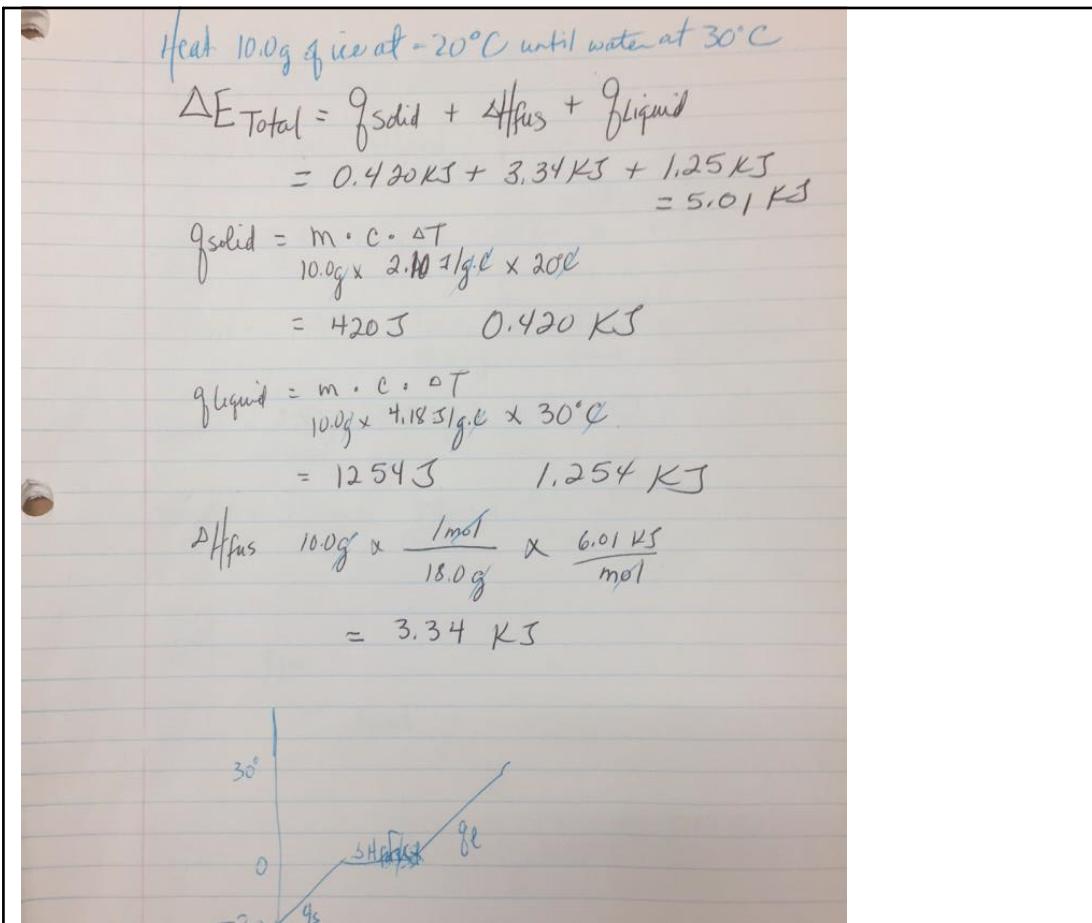
$$q_s =$$

$$q_L = mC\Delta T$$

$$q_L =$$

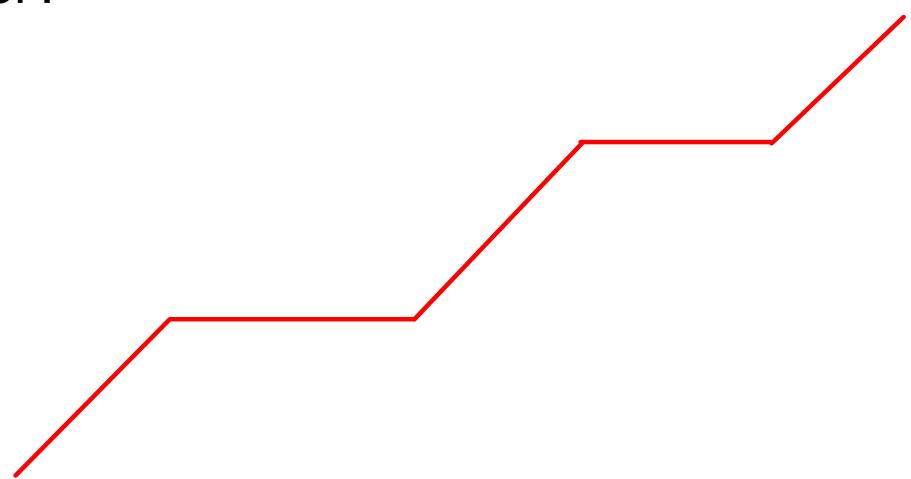
$$q_L =$$

Oct 21-1:13 PM



Mar 13-3:35 PM

What could this represent for a heating curve of water?



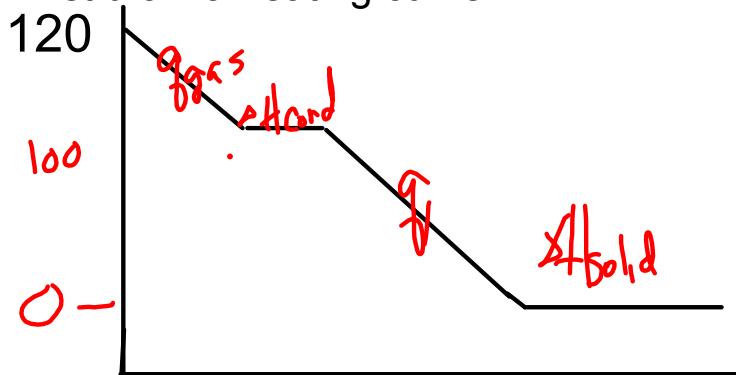
Mar 26-12:15 PM

Total Energy Changes

Ex. Calculate the total energy change if 2.50 g of steam at 120.0°C is completely converted to ice at 0.0 °C.

$$\Delta E_{\text{total}} = q_{\text{gas}} + \Delta H_{\text{cond}} + q_l + \Delta H_{\text{solid}}$$

First draw a heating curve



Oct 21 1:43 PM

Calculate total Energy if 2.50g of steam at 120.°C is completely converted to ice at 0.0 °C

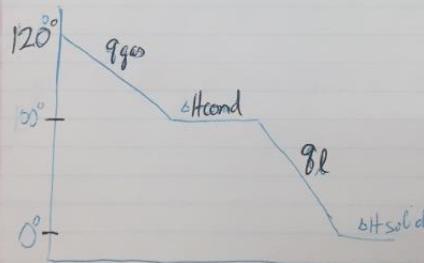
$$\begin{aligned}\Delta E_{\text{Total}} &= q_{\text{gas}} + \Delta H_{\text{cond}} + q_{\text{Liquia}} + \Delta H_{\text{solid}} \\ &= -85 \text{ J} + -5650 \text{ J} + -1045 \text{ J} + -834 \text{ J} \\ &= -7014 \text{ J} \quad -7.014 \text{ KJ}\end{aligned}$$

$$q_{\text{gas}} = 2.50 \text{ g} \times 1.75 \text{ J/g.C} \times -20^\circ\text{C} = -85 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{cond}} = 2.50 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{18.02 \text{ g}} \times \frac{-40.7 \text{ KJ}}{1 \text{ mol}} = -5.65 \text{ KJ}$$

$$q_{\text{liquia}} = 2.50 \text{ g} \times 4.18 \text{ J/g.C} \times (-100^\circ\text{C}) = -1045 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{solid}} = 2.50 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{18.02 \text{ g}} \times \frac{-6.01 \text{ KJ}}{1 \text{ mol}} = -0.834 \text{ KJ}$$



Mar 13 3:37 PM

Total Energy Changes

Ex. Calculate the total energy change if 2.50 g of steam at 120.0°C is completely converted to ice at 0.0°C.

$$\Delta E_{\text{total}} =$$

Oct 21-1:43 PM

Homework

Section Review 17.3

Page 526 Q 27-31

#1 - A sample of water with a mass of 23.0 grams at a temperature of -46.0 C increases to 40.0 C.

A) sketch out a heat curve

B) Calculate the total heat needed.

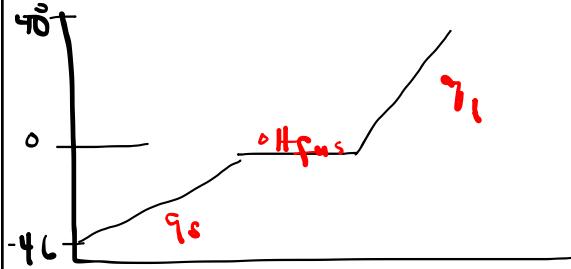
#2 - A 10.0 kg grams of steam at a temperature of 130.0 C is converted to ice at a final temperature of -15.0 C.

A) sketch out a heat curve

B) Calculate the total energy change.

Mar 13-9:29 AM

#1 - A sample of water with a mass of 23.0 grams at a temperature of -46.0 C increases to 40.0 C.



$$q_s = m \times c \times \Delta t$$

$$= 23.0 \text{ g} \times 2.1 \text{ J/g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C} \times 46^\circ\text{C} = 22213$$

$$q_l = 23.0 \text{ g} \times 4.18 \text{ J/g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C} \times 40^\circ\text{C}$$

$$= 38456 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta H_{fus} = 23.0 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{18.02 \text{ g}} \times \frac{6.0 \text{ kJ}}{1 \text{ mol}}$$

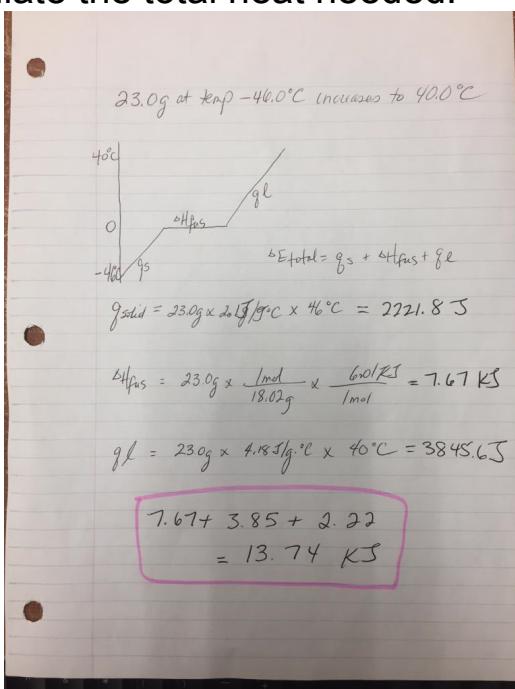
$$= 7.67 \text{ kJ}$$

Mar 15-8:54 AM

A sample of water with a mass of 23.0 grams at a temperature of -46.0 C increases to 40.0 C.

A) sketch out a heat curve

B) Calculate the total heat needed.

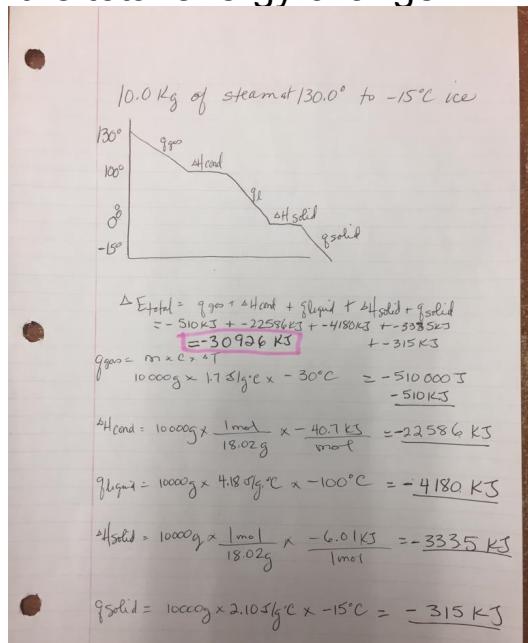


Oct 11-8:50 AM

A 10.0 kg grams of steam at a temperature of 130.0 C is converted to ice at a final temperature of -15.0 C.

A) sketch out a heat curve

B) Calculate the total energy change.



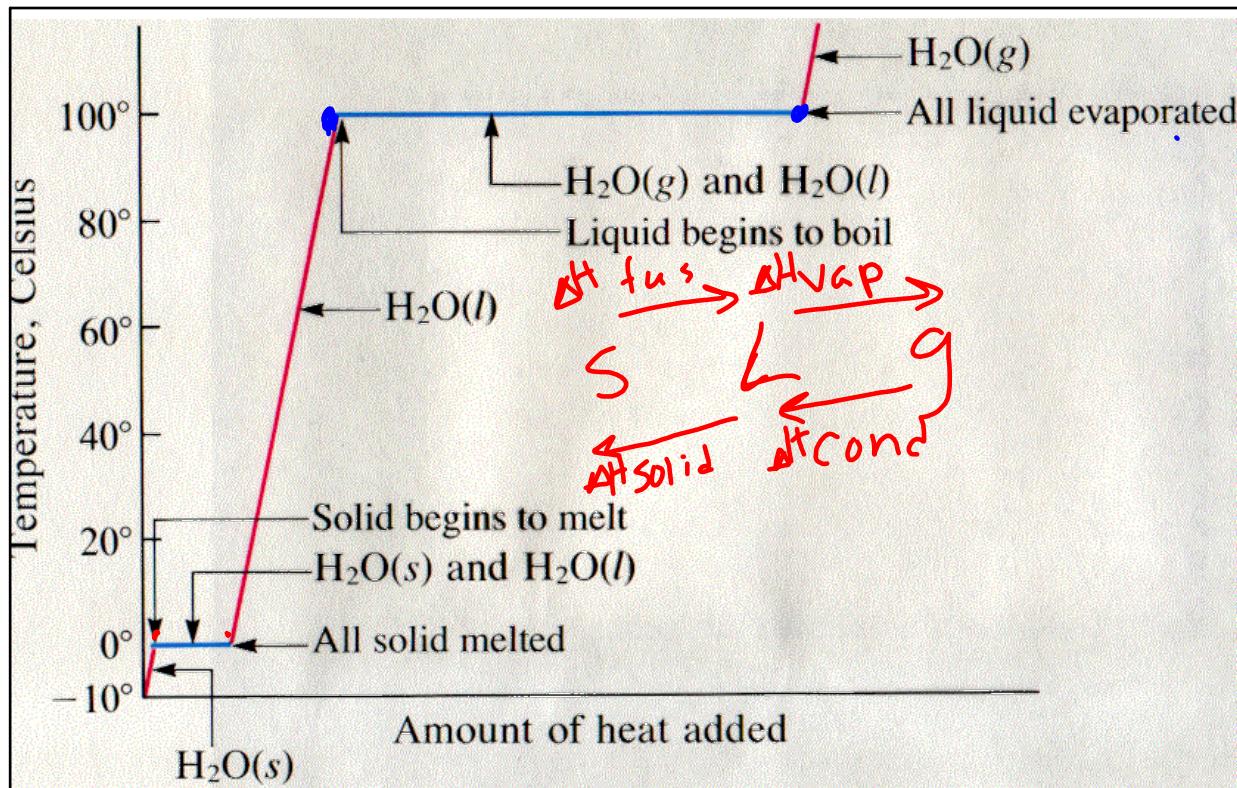
Oct 11-8:50 AM

Worksheet

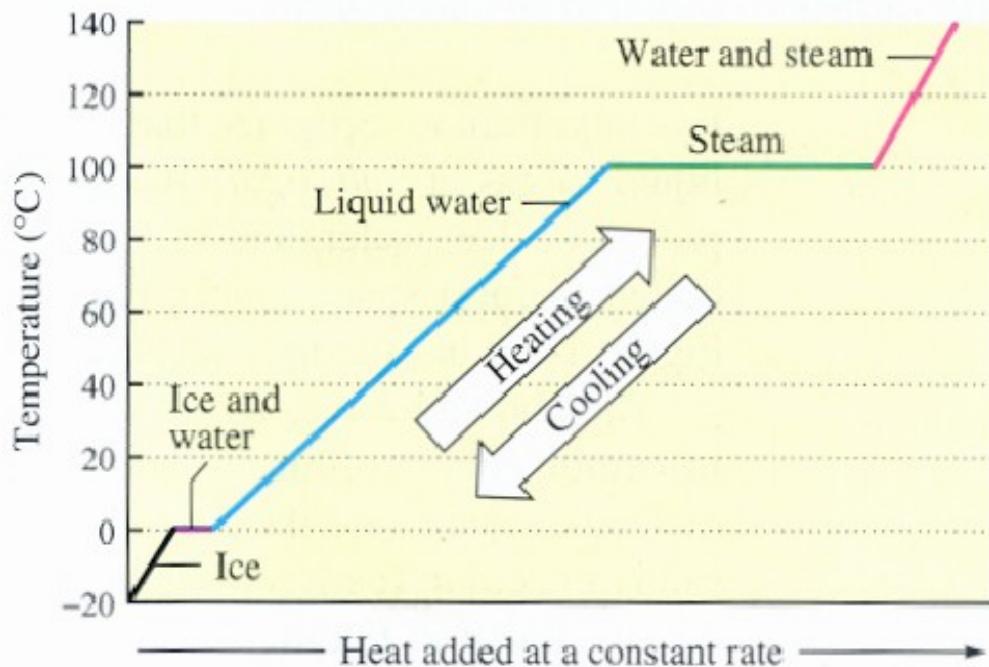
Oct 22-6:26 PM

Inert -A substance that is not chemically reactive.

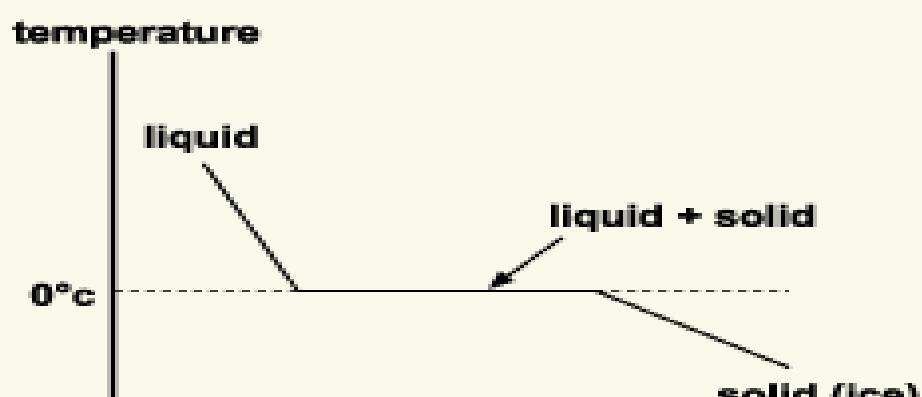
Oct 24-10:41 AM



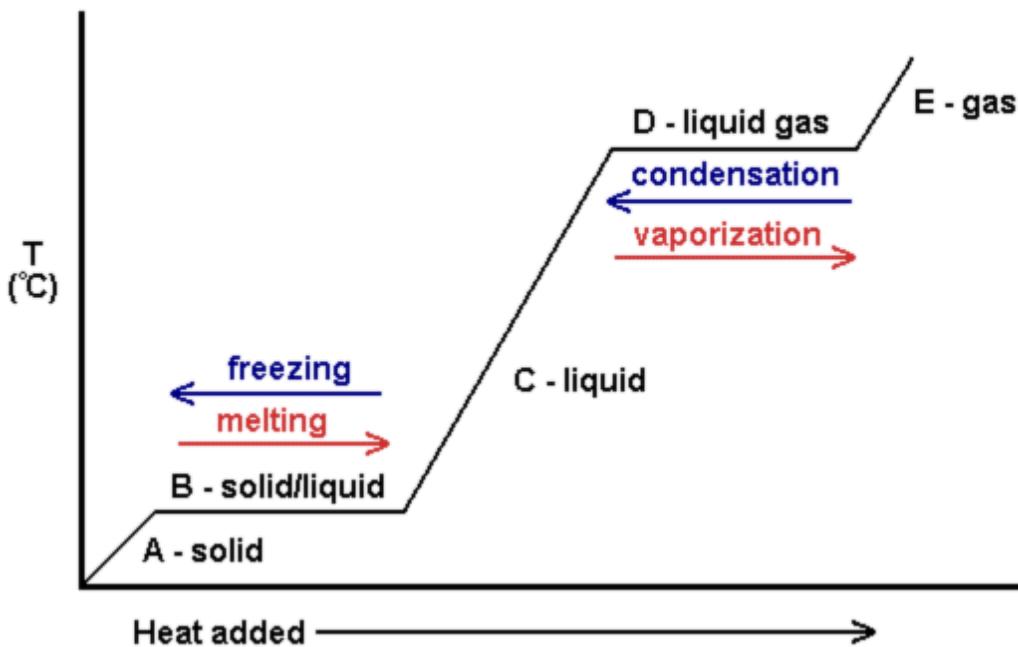
Oct 16-1:35 PM



Oct 16-1:41 PM



Oct 16-1:42 PM



Mar 16-10:40 PM

Sep 25-4:21 PM

Attachments

Heat in Changes of State.pptx