WARM-UP: Simplify (as much as possible using exponent laws) then evaluate.

$$\frac{(4^{2})^{4} \times (5^{3})^{2}}{(5^{2})^{1} \times (4^{3})^{2}} \times \frac{(4^{3})^{5} \times (5^{3})^{4}}{(4^{2})^{6} \times (5^{2})^{5}}$$

$$\frac{(5^{2})^{1} \times (4^{3})^{2}}{5^{2} \times 4^{5} \times 4^{15} \times 5^{12}}$$

$$\frac{(4^{2})^{6} \times (5^{2})^{5}}{5^{2} \times 4^{5} \times 4^{12} \times 5^{10}}$$

$$\frac{(4^{2})^{6} \times (5^{2})^{5}}{5^{2} \times 4^{5} \times 4^{12} \times 5^{10}}$$

$$= 1024 \times 15625$$

$$= 16000000$$

Problems with the homework?

## **MMS9:**

PAGE 84: #4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14

PAGE 85: #16, 17, 19, and 21

#11. 
$$[(-2)^3]^4 = (-2)^{12}$$
  $[(-2)^3]^5 = (-2)^{15}$ 

12 negatives

= positive

= positive

## Previous homework...

PAGE 84: #4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14 PAGE 85: #16, 17, 19, and 21

## **TEST PREPARATION:**

## *MMS9*:

**PAGE 86:** Study Guide

PAGE 87: #1, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9 PAGE 88: #12, 13, 14, and 17

PAGE 89: #18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, and 27

**RULE OF THUMB:** When you see an exponent law possibility, use it; otherwise, follow BEDMAS.