# **Curriculum Outcome**

(N1) Demonstrate an understanding of powers with integral bases (excluding base 0) and whole number exponents by: representing repeated multiplication using powers; using patterns to show that a power with an exponent of zero is equal to one; solving problems involving powers.

(N2) Demonstrate an understanding of operations on powers with integral bases (excluding base 0) and whole number exponents.

Student Friendly: "Powers of tens and the ZERO exponent"



# Warm Up Grade 9



Write the following as a repeated multiple and evaluate

2) 
$$(-3^5)$$
 3)  $-2^6$  4)  $-(-4)^2(6)^3$ 

Write as a power then evaluate

1) 
$$(-4)(-4)(4)(4)(-5)(-5)$$
 2)  $-(3)(3)(-7)(-7)(-7)$ 

$$(3)(3)(-7)(-7)(-7)$$

Write as a base of 3

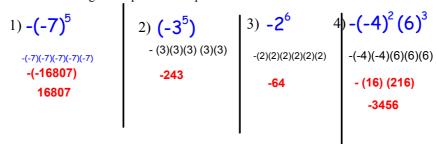
a) 2187



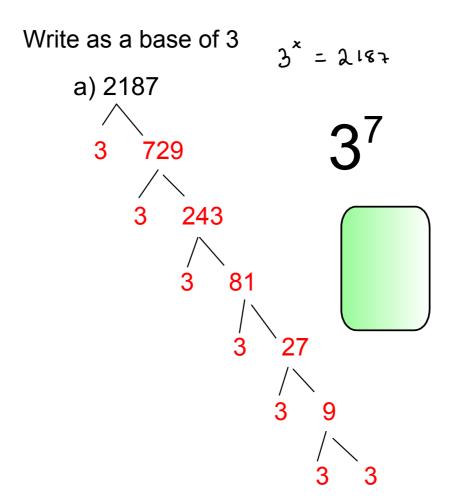
## Warm Up Grade 9



Write the following as a repeated multiple and evaluate



Write as a power then evaluate





Me again... Try these!

Page 56 #17ac,18,19,20,21,23 Worksheet (on next slide) 1.

2. 3.

4.

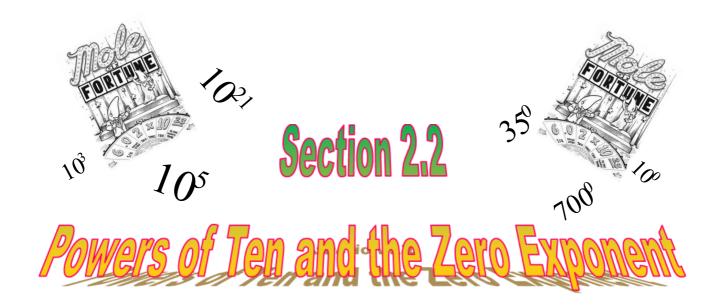
5.

6.

7.

8. 9.

			Nan	ne	Date		
N	laster 2.17	Ext	ra Practi	ice 1			
Le	sson 2.1: W	/hat Is	a Power?				
1.	Identify the label 1	base of ea <b>b)</b> 2 <sup>7</sup>		5) <sup>4</sup> <b>d)</b> -7 <sup>0</sup>			
2.	Use repeated	multiplic	ation to show	w why 35 is not the same as 5	3.		
3.	Complete this table.						
	Power	Base	Exponent	Repeated Multiplication	Standard Form		
	44						
	$(-10)^3$						
		-6	2				
				$1\times1\times1\times1\times1$			
<b>4</b> .		< 10 × 10 -8)	epeated mult	n evaluate.  b) 3 × 3 × 3 × 3 × 3 × 3 × 3 × d) -(8 × 8 × 8)  f) -(-8)(-8)(-8)  iplication, then evaluate.  d) (-5) <sup>5</sup>	3		
6.	<ul> <li>Evaluate each power. For each power:</li> <li>Are the brackets needed?</li> <li>If your answer is yes, what purpose do the brackets serve?</li> <li>a) (-6)<sup>5</sup> b) -(6)<sup>5</sup> c) -(-6)<sup>5</sup> d) (-6<sup>5</sup>)</li> </ul>						
7.				itive or negative, then evaluated d) -(-3) <sup>3</sup>	ite.		
8.	Is the value of $-2^4$ different from the value of $(-2)^4$ ? Explain.						
9.	a) Express t	he numbe paper. Di	er of stamps aw a picture	t. The total value of a sheet of as a power and in standard for to represent this power. ?			





Avogadro's number =  $6.0221415 \times 10^{23}$ 

The speed of light = 2.99 792 458 ×  $10^8$  m / s

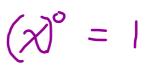
Temperature of the Sun's Core =  $1.5 \times 10^{\circ}$ C since 15000000 kelvin = 14999726.85 degree Celsius

Light years=  $4.96 \times 10^{12} \text{ km}$ 

Distance related to Powers of 10 http://vimeo.com/819138

Any number (except 0) with an exponent 0 will equal 1

$$2^{0} = 1$$
  
 $13^{0} = 1$   
 $199^{0} = 1$   
 $(-6)^{0} = 1$ 





Why???

# Zero Exponent LAW

A power with a base not equal to zero, and an exponent of 0 is equal to 1

Any number raised to the power of ZERO is equal to 1

$$x^{0} = 1$$

$$(2007)^{\circ} = 1$$

$$(-56)^{\circ} = 1$$

$$-(2)^{\circ} = -1$$

$$-(-5)^{\circ} = -1$$

$$-(2)^{3}(-5)^{0}$$

$$-(8)(1)$$

$$= -8$$

Read this number to me

426

Four hundred Twenty Six

In elementary school you may have expressed it in this form

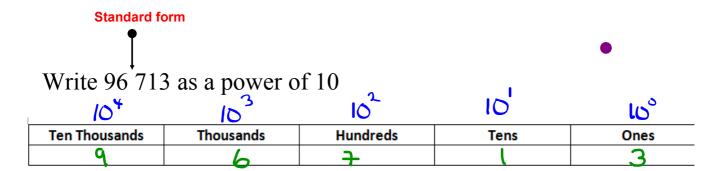
400 + 20 + 6

# Powers of 10 page 59

Number in Words	Standard Form	Power
One billion	1 000 000 000	10 <sup>9</sup>
One hundred million	100 000 000	108
Ten million	10 000 000	10 <sup>7</sup>
One million	1 000 000	10 <sup>6</sup>
One hundred thousand	100 000	10 <sup>5</sup>
Ten thousand	10 000	10 <sup>4</sup>
One thousand	1 000	10 <sup>3</sup>
One hundred	100	10 <sup>2</sup>
Ten	10	10 <sup>1</sup>
One	1 -	10 <sup>0</sup>

\*Image taken from "Math Makes Sense 9" page 59, copyright to pearson education Canada

# Writing Numbers Using Powers of Ten



#### **Expanded form:**

### Powers of ten form:

Powers of ten form: 
$$(9 \times 10^4) + (6 \times 10^3) + (7 \times 10^7) + (1 \times 10^7) + (3 \times 10^9)$$

Standard form

# Write in powers of ten form:

$$(7 \times 10^6) + (6 \times 10^5) + (5 \times 10^3) + (4 \times 10^2) + (4 \times 10^2)$$

$$(5 \times 10^4) + (3 \times 10^2) + (4 \times 10^0)$$

Write in standard form:



### PRACTICE TIME

Page 61- 62

# 4(a, b)

# 5(a, b, c, d)

#6(a, c, e)

#8(a, c, e)

#9(a, c, e)

#10 all

#11

#13