Curriculum Outcomes

(SS3) Demonstrate an understanding of similarity of polygons.

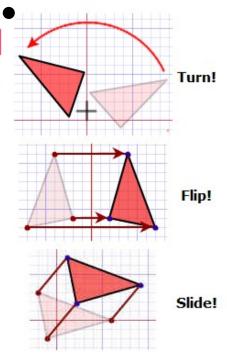
(SS4) Draw and interpret scale diagrams of 2-D shapes.

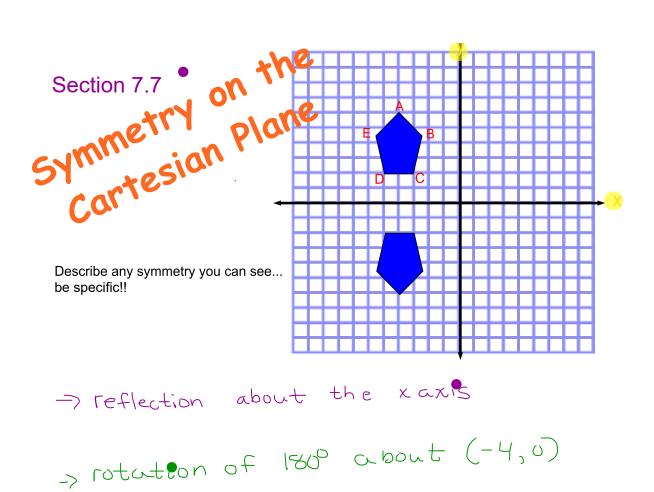
(SS5) Demonstrate an understanding of line and rotation symmetry.

Student Friendly: Reflecting a shape across a line

There are three types of transformations:

- reflections [Line of reflection] 1.
 - · Reflect through x-axis
 - . Reflect through y-axis
 - *oblique two coordinates
- 2.
- rotations
 order of rotation
 - · angle of rotation
- 3. translations [slide] [L3U2] Left 3 up 2 right 4 down2 [R4 D2]

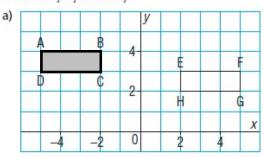


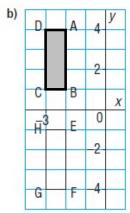




Rotation

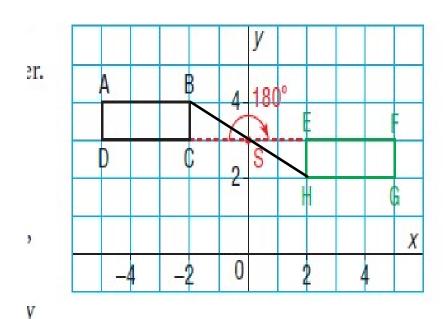
For each pair of rectangles ABCD and EFGH, determine whether they are related by symmetry.



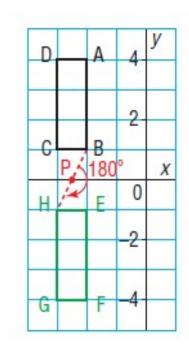


		Α		В		6-	y
	E			Н	F		
				Н		4-	
	H			Н	G		
		D	1	С		2-	
3		22					Х
	-8	-6		4	-2	0	

Be specific when you describe the symmetry.



rotation of 180° about (0,3) translation R7 D1

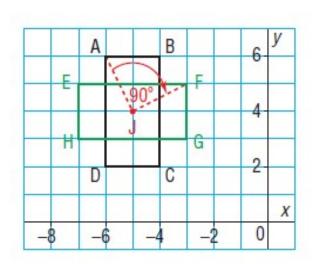


rotation of 180° about point (-2.5,0)

reflection about the x axis

translation 5





Rotational angle of 90° about the point (-5, 4)

Rotational Symmetry of 4

Reflection



What do you need?

Translation



What do you need?

What do you need?

Rotation

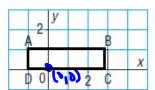


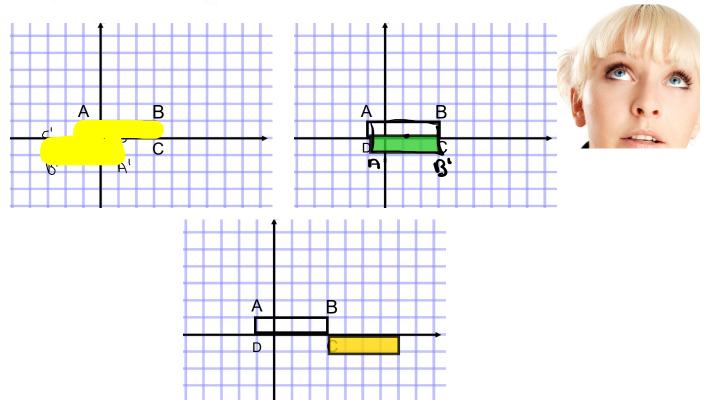
Draw the image of rectangle ABCD after each transformation.

Write the coordinates of each vertex and its image.

Identify and describe the type of symmetry that results.

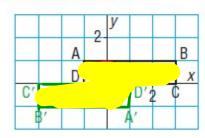
- a) a rotation of 180° about the origin
- b) a reflection in the x-axis
- c) a translation 4 units right and 1 unit down





a) Use tracing paper to rotate ABCD 180° about the origin.

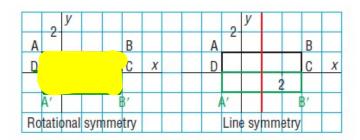
Point	Image	
A(-1, 1)	A'(1, -1)	
B(3, 1)	B'(-3, -1)	
C(3, 0)	C'(-3, 0)	
D(-1, 0)	D'(1, 0)	



The octagon ABCD'A'B'C'D, formed by both rectangles together, has rotational symmetry of order 2 about the origin, and no line symmetry.

Reflect ABCD in the x-axis.

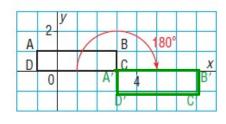
Point	Image	
A(-1, 1)	A'(-1, -1)	
B(3, 1)	B'(3, -1)	
C(3, 0)	C(3, 0)	
D(-1, 0)	D(-1, 0)	



The rectangle ABB'A', formed by both rectangles, has rotational symmetry of order 2 about the point (1, 0). It also has 2 lines of symmetry: the x-axis and the vertical line through 1 on the x-axis.

Translate ABCD 4 units right and 1 unit down.

Point	Image	
A(-1, 1)	A'(3, 0)	
B(3, 1)	B'(7, 0)	
C(3, 0)	C'(7, -1)	
D(-1, 0)	D'(3, -1)	



The two rectangles do not form a shape; but they have a common vertex at C (or A'). The two rectangles are related by rotational symmetry of order 2 about the point C(3, 0). There is no line of symmetry relating the rectangles.

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Draw the image of pentagon PQRST after each translation below.

Label the vertices of the pentagon and its image, and list their coordinates.

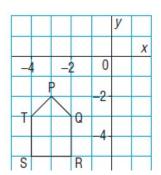
If each diagram has symmetry, describe it.

If each diagram does not have symmetry, explain how you know.

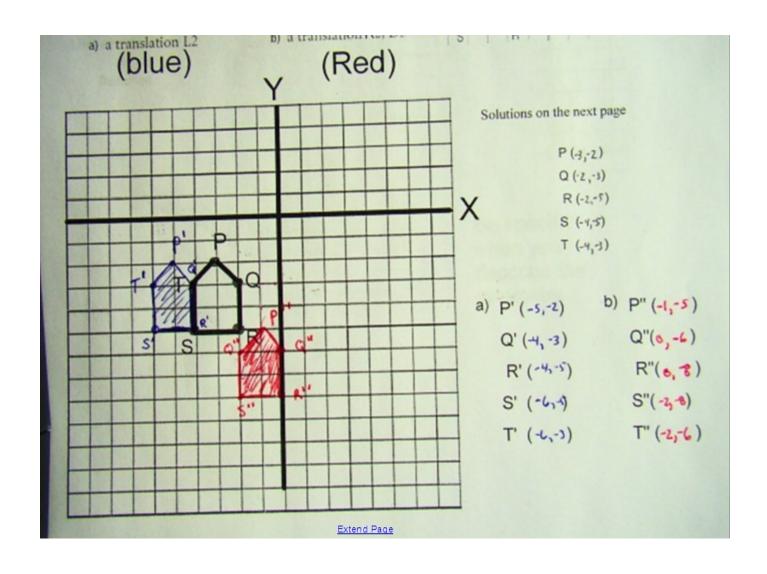
a) a translation L2

b) a translation N2, D3

Left 2 units

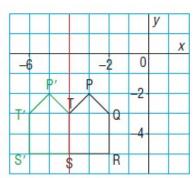


Solutions on the next page



Translate each vertex of pentagon PQRST 2 units left.

Point	Image	
P(-3, -2)	P'(-5, -2)	
Q(-2, -3)	T(-4, -3)	
R(-2, -5)	S(-4, -5)	
S(-4, -5)	S'(-6, -5)	
T(-4, -3)	T'(-6, -3)	



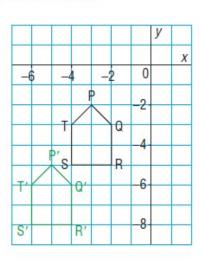
The diagram has line symmetry because the vertical line through ST is a line of reflection.

The diagram does not have rotational symmetry because there is no point about which it can be rotated so that it coincides with itself.

Translate each vertex of pentagon PQRST 2 units left and 3 units down.

Point	Image	
P(-3, -2)	P'(-5, -5)	
Q(-2, -3)	Q'(-4, -6)	
R(-2, -5)	R'(-4, -8)	
S(-4, -5)	S'(-6, -8)	
T(-4, -3)	T'(-6, -6)	

The diagram does not have line symmetry because there is no line on which a mirror can be placed so that one pentagon is the reflection image of the other. The diagram does not have rotational symmetry because there is no point about which it can be rotated so that it coincides with itself.



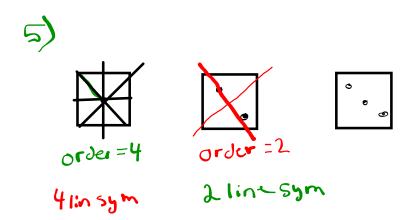
Homework Questions??





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Questions 3,5,6,7,8,9,11,12



4 Pine of symmetry

Rotation about center dot (90°)

2 Pines of symmetry

Rotate 180° about center

