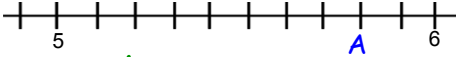


Exam Review

Chapter 3 Rational Number

Jan 8-8:08 AM

<p>Write $\frac{4}{5}$ as a decimal.</p> <p>0.8</p>	<p>Warm Up</p>	<p>What is a rational number?</p> <p>You must be specific about three things!</p>
<p>State two rational numbers between -5.4 and -5.5</p> <p>-5.40</p> <p>-5.41</p> <p>-5.49</p> <p>-5.50</p>	<p>Express A as a mixed fraction.</p> 	<p>Write two equivalent fractions!</p> $\frac{-8}{9} = -\frac{8}{9}$ $= \frac{8}{-9}$

Oct 31-3:53 PM

What is a rational number?

2

#'s that end

3.2

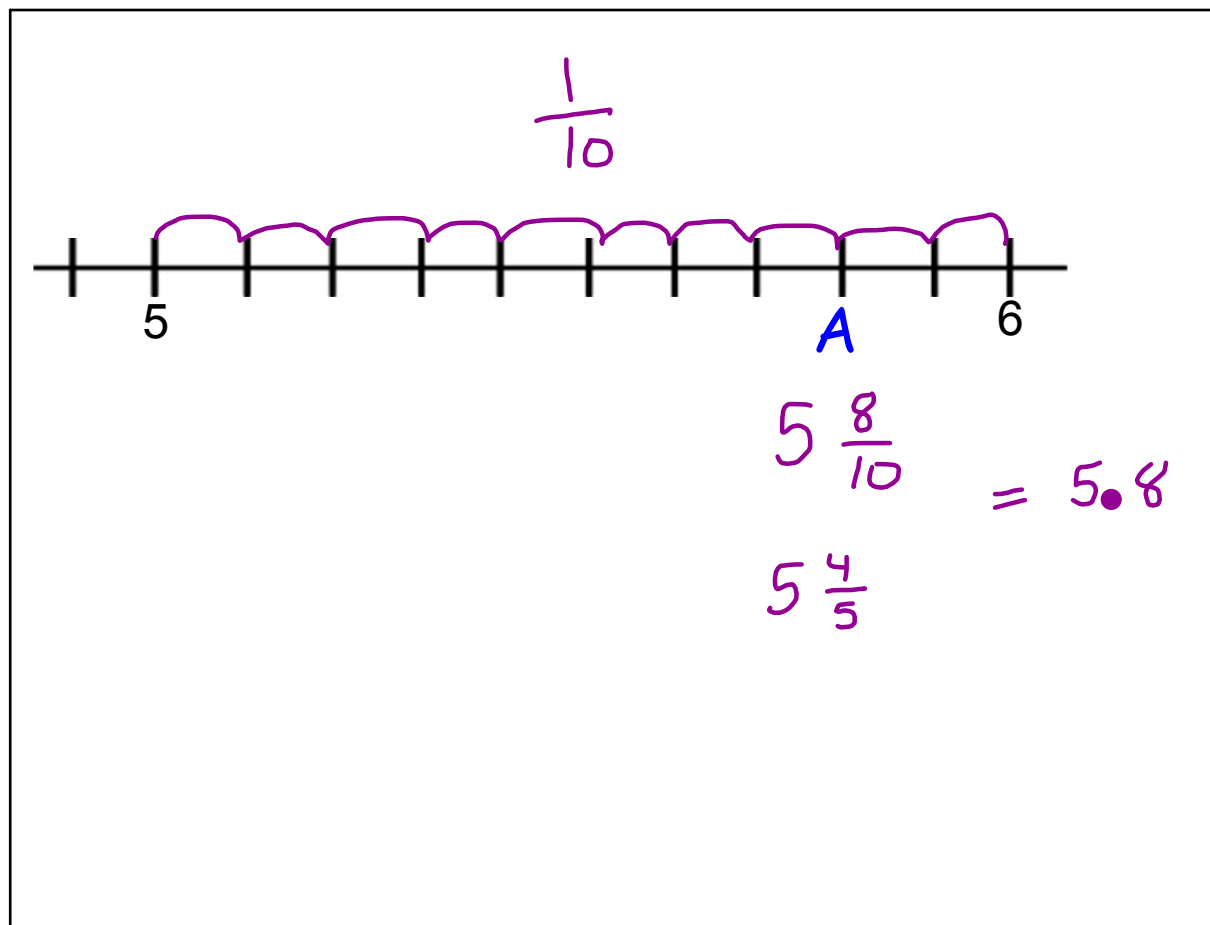
#'s that repeat

 $\frac{1}{4}$

or any fraction

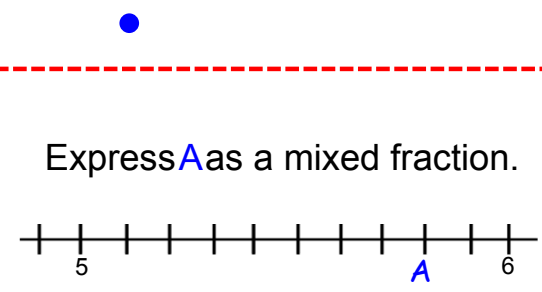
0.6666

Jan 8-8:53 AM



Jan 8-8:52 AM

Warm Up

<p>Write $\frac{4}{5}$ as a decimal.</p>		<p>What is a rational number? You must be specific about three things!</p>
<p>State two rational numbers between -5.4 and -5.5</p>	<p>Express A as a mixed fraction.</p>	<p>Write two equivalent fractions!</p> $\frac{-8}{9}$

Oct 31-3:53 PM

Rational Numbers

- any # that can be written as fraction
- any number including decimal that repeats 0.133 $\bar{3}$
- any # that ends

Sep 10-10:59 AM

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\sqrt{2} = 1.413258\dots$$

$$\pi$$

Jan 15-8:48 AM

Changing fractions to decimals...

Express each fraction as a decimal, then sort as a repeating or terminating decimal.

Repeating

$-0.\overline{5}$

$0.\overline{61}$

$-\frac{5}{9}$

$\frac{27}{33}$

$\frac{20}{-10}$

Terminating

$\frac{6}{27}$

$-\frac{8}{5}$

$\frac{18}{12}$

-1.6

Oct 31-5:25 PM

★ The numerator is LARGER than the denominator.

Improper vs. Mixed Fractions



$\frac{7}{3}$ This is a **Improper Fraction** → **Mixed Fraction**
Integer + Fraction



$$2 \frac{1}{3}$$

Oct 31-5:27 PM

$$-\frac{5}{4} = -1 \frac{1}{4}$$

$$-\overset{+}{\underbrace{3}_{\times} \frac{2}{5}} = -\frac{17}{5}$$

Jan 17-7:53 AM

Arrange the numbers from least to greatest.

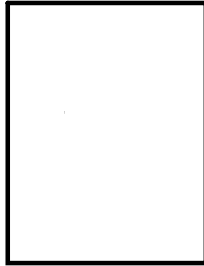
Change the numbers to decimals!



$$-\frac{3}{8}, \frac{5}{9}, -\frac{10}{4}, -1\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{8}{3}$$

$$-0.375, 0.555\dots, -2.5, -1.25, 0.7, 2.666\dots$$

Least...



...Greatest

Oct 27-10:29 PM

Which rational number is larger??

(Decimals may be used on this side.)

$$\frac{-12}{15}$$

$$\frac{-13}{16}$$

(NO Decimals please!!.)

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$

Show your work!

$$\frac{8}{12}$$


$$\frac{9}{12}$$

<

$$\frac{16}{24}$$

$$\frac{18}{24}$$

Oct 31-5:43 PM



1) Identify whether the number is rational or non-rational

$\frac{2}{3}$	$1.\overline{66}$	$1.234567\dots$	-2.25
---------------	-------------------	-----------------	---------


2) Express each fraction as a decimal

a) $\frac{4}{5}$ b) $\frac{9}{6}$ c) $\frac{3}{11}$

3) Express decimal as a fraction mixed fraction

a) 0.1 b) 4.75 c) -3.222

Feb 2-7:51 PM




Sept. 14

3.2 Adding Rational Numbers

Write each mixed number as an improper fraction:

1) $3\frac{3}{5}$ 2) $-5\frac{5}{6}$



Copy this DOWN and Hand this IN

3) Put the fractions in order from least to greatest

$$-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{11}{15}, \frac{2}{32}, \frac{1}{20}$$

Oct 29-9:43 AM

Adding Fractions

When adding fractions you need a **COMMON DENOMINATOR**:

$$1) \frac{-5}{8} + \frac{6}{8}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8}$$

$$2) \frac{-8}{7} + \frac{-4}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-12}{7}$$

$$= -1 \frac{5}{7}$$

Oct 29-10:22 AM



Warm Up

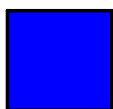
Grade 9

Determine the sum of each of the following

$$1) \frac{-3}{7} + \left(\frac{-3}{7}\right) = \square$$

$$2) a) 2.7 + 1.8$$

4.5



$$b) -3.7 + 4.5$$

0.8




$$c) 2.7 + (-8.7)$$



Nov 1-9:01 PM

What happens if the denominators are different?



Find a common denominator by determining the LCM.

L

C

M

Oct 30-3:39 PM

Find a common denominator:

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{8}{3}$$

x3

$$= \frac{12}{15} + \frac{40}{15}$$

x5

$$= \frac{52}{15}$$

Multiples

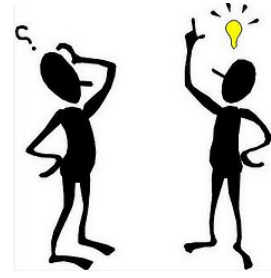
5	3
10	6
15	9
20	12
25	15

LCM

Oct 30-3:43 PM

What about mixed numbers?

$$2\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{3}{5}$$



Step 1: Write each mixed number as an improper fraction.

$$\frac{7}{3} + \frac{13}{5}$$

Step 2: Find a common denominator, and then add numerators.

$$\frac{35}{15} + \frac{39}{15} = \frac{74}{15}$$

$$= 4\frac{14}{15}$$

Oct 30-4:02 PM

$$2\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$2 + 2 = \boxed{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{15} + \frac{9}{15} = \boxed{\frac{14}{15}}$$

$$4\frac{14}{15}$$

Jan 15-8:59 AM

Jan 15-8:59 AM

Practice!


1) $5\frac{7}{8} + (-3\frac{1}{2})$

$$\frac{47}{8} - \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\frac{47}{8} - \frac{28}{8}$$


2) $(-1\frac{2}{3}) + (-2\frac{1}{4})$

Oct 30-4:28 PM



Grade 9

Warm Up



1) Identify whether the number is rational or non-rational

i)	$\frac{3}{4}$	-3.286754....	$1.\overline{66}$	-0.33	1.85

2) Express each fraction as a decimal (Show all work)

a) $\frac{1}{5}$ b) $\frac{2}{15}$ c) $\frac{-4}{13}$

3) Express decimal as a mixed fraction in simplest form. (Show all work)

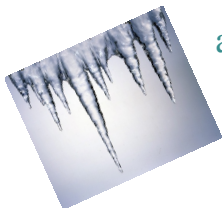
a) **0.4** b) **-3.2** c) **1.125**

4) Determine each sum. (Show all work)

a) $\frac{-6}{5} + \left(\frac{-2}{5}\right)$ b) $\frac{8}{3} + \frac{5}{4}$ c) $-3\frac{2}{7} + 2\frac{1}{4}$

Oct 18-2:06 PM

4) On December 18th, the temperature in Miramichi was -21.6°C .
By noon the next day, the temperature increased by 3.7°C .



a) What was the temperature at noon on December 19th?



b) On December 17th, the temperature was 2°C less than (colder than) that of December 18th. What was the temperature on the 17th?

Section 3.3

Subtracting Rational Numbers

When subtracting Rational Numbers you must have a ...

Common Denominator

Ex) $\frac{13}{7} - \frac{4}{7} =$

Same Denominators

This look similar to adding Rational Numbers



Oct 18-7:52 PM

You try ...


(Remember to write all solution in simplest form)

1) $\frac{21}{2} - \frac{24}{2}$


2) $\frac{-25}{13} - \frac{16}{13}$

3) $\frac{11}{4} - \frac{5}{4}$

Oct 18-8:48 PM



When denominators are different
you have to find a "common
denominator"


How 

By determining the **LCM**

Lowest Common Multiple
(of the denominators)

Oct 18-8:27 PM

You try...



1) $\frac{17}{12} - \frac{4}{9}$

2) $2\frac{1}{5} - 5 + \frac{2}{3}$

3) $\frac{-2}{7} - \frac{5}{28}$

— — — — —

Oct 18-9:04 PM

Subtracting Rational Numbers in Mixed Number Form

$$3\frac{1}{5} - 2\frac{7}{10}$$

STEP 1) Write each mixed number as an improper fraction

$$\frac{16}{5} - \frac{27}{10}$$

STEP 2) Find common denominators and then subtract like before

$$\frac{32}{10} - \frac{27}{10}$$

$$\frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

STEP 3) Reduce all fractions

—

Oct 18-8:56 PM

$$3\frac{1}{5} - 2\frac{7}{10}$$

$$3 - 2 = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{5} - \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{10} - \frac{7}{10}$$

$$= \frac{-5}{10}$$

$$1 - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{10}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Jan 15-9:07 AM

Your Turn



$$1) \quad -2\frac{2}{9} - \left(-3\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$2) \quad 6\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{1}{7}$$

Oct 18-9:23 PM

Multiplying Rational Numbers

What rules do we use to multiply integers?

Indicate if the answer will be **negative** or **positive**. How do you know?

$$(-4) \times 3 = (-)$$



$$(-3) \times (-6) = (+)$$

$$2 \times 8 = (+)$$

$$(+)(-) = (-)$$

Nov 1-6:01 PM

Copy down

When multiplying **integers**, we use the following rules:

$$(a \text{ negative } \#) \times (a \text{ positive } \#) = (a \text{ negative } \#)$$

$$a \text{ negative } \# \times a \text{ negative } \# = a \text{ positive } \#$$

$$a \text{ positive } \# \times a \text{ positive } \# = a \text{ positive } \#$$

So, when the signs are **opposite**,
the product is **negative**

and

when the signs are the **same**,
the product is **positive!**

Nov 1-8:10 PM

Now, let's take a look at **Fractions**.

What rules do we use to multiply fractions?

Evaluate the following expression.

$$\frac{6}{5} \times \frac{8}{7} = \frac{6 \times 8}{5 \times 7} = \frac{48}{35}$$

How did you get your answer?



When multiplying fractions, we use this rule:

Multiply the **numerator** by the **numerator**
then

Multiply the **denominator** by the **denominator**

**** Then, of course, REDUCE!! (if possible)**

Nov 1-6:01 PM

Try these out!

Use what you know about multiplying integers & fractions to evaluate the following expressions.

$$\left(\frac{7}{-4}\right) \times \frac{9}{2}$$

$$9 \times (-3)$$

$$\frac{9}{2} \times \left(\frac{-3}{10}\right)$$

★ Don't forget to **ALWAYS** reduce if possible!

$$(-1.5) \times (-1.8)$$

$$\left(-\frac{8}{3}\right) \times \left(-\frac{6}{5}\right)$$

Nov 1-6:12 PM

$$2 \times \frac{1}{2}$$

Jan 9-11:09 AM

Multiplying Rational Numbers in Fraction Form

Determine the product:

$$\left(\frac{-11}{17}\right)\left(\frac{-31}{44}\right) = \left(\frac{-1}{1}\right)\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)$$

The signs are the same, so the product is positive!

Look for common factors in the numerators and denominators.

First, we simplify:

$$= \left(\quad\right)\left(\quad\right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$$



Our rule for multiplying fractions is:
numerator by numerator
denominator by denominator

So, our new expression, looks like this:

$$\frac{1 \times 3}{1 \times 4} =$$

$$\frac{3}{4} =$$



Nov 1-6:27 PM

Multiplying Rational Numbers in mixed number Form

Determine the product.

$$\left(2\frac{2}{3}\right)\left(-1\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

The signs are different, so the product is negative!

Write the mixed numbers as improper fractions:

$$= \left(\frac{8}{3}\right)\left(\frac{-7}{4}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{8}{3}\right)\left(\frac{-7}{4}\right)$$

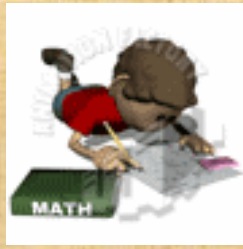
$$= \frac{(2)(-7)}{(3)(1)}$$

$$= \frac{-14}{3}$$

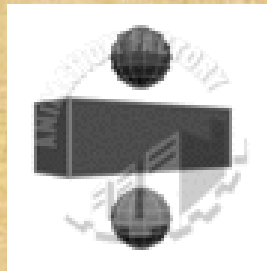
$$= -4\frac{2}{3}$$



Nov 1-6:31 PM



Dividing Fractions



9

Reciprocal

- Every **non-zero** fraction has a reciprocal.
- Fractions with a denominator of "0" are undefined. $\left(\frac{6}{0}\right)$
- To find the **reciprocal** of a fraction, you simply **flip** the fraction !!

$$\frac{4}{5} \quad \curvearrowright \quad \frac{5}{4}$$



10

Express each division question as a multiplication question !!!!

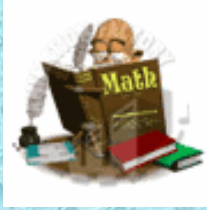
Terminology

Dividend

Quotient

Divisor

$10 \div 5 = 2$



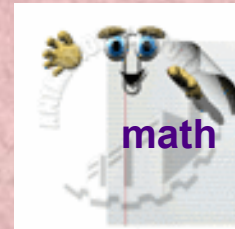
Express division as
multiplication by multiplying
the dividend by the reciprocal
of the divisor !!

$$\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{12}{5}$$

13

Try These !!



#1

$$\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{7}{8} =$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{8}{7} = \frac{32}{35}$$

14

#2

$$\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{-6}{5}$$



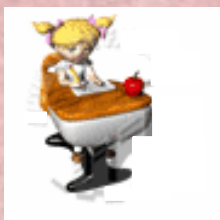
15

#3

$$2\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{5}{1} =$$

$$\frac{9}{4} \div \frac{5}{1}$$

$$\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{9}{20}$$



16

$$2 \div \frac{1}{3}$$

Jan 9-11:12 AM

Determine the missing number in the division statement.

Dividend Missing

$$(\quad) \div 4 = 3$$

Think:

Division is the inverse of **Multiplication**.

What # goes in the blank?

Any division statement can be written as an equivalent multiplication.

OR

$$(\quad) = \text{ } \times \text{ }$$

To Solve for **Missing Dividend**
take **Divisor** X **Quotient**

Now with Rational #s



You Try

A) $(\quad) \div \left(\frac{5}{11}\right) = \frac{3}{7}$

B) $\underline{\quad} \div 12.6 = 4.2$

Nov 14-5:40 PM

Determine the missing number in the division statement.

Divisor Missing Decimals

$15 \div (\quad) = -5$


Think:
Quotient is negative thus the BLANK must be what sign? _____

What # goes in the blank?

To solve for missing Divisor
 take **Dividend \div Quotient**

OR

$15 = -5 \times (\quad)$



Erase to see

$15 = -5 \times (\quad)$

•

or

- •

•

Multiply by the reciprocal
 reciprocal of -5 is $\frac{1}{-5}$

You Try

1) $-2.5 \div \underline{\quad} = 5$ 2) $1.16 \div \underline{\quad} = 0.2$

What about fractions???

Nov 14-5:40 PM

Determine the missing number in the division statement.

Divisor Missing & Fractions

$\left(\frac{-6}{7}\right) \div (\quad) = \frac{18}{49}$

The Quotient is **Positive**
 Thus the divisor is _____

$(\quad) = \left(\frac{-6}{7}\right) \div \frac{18}{49}$

Divisor = Dividend \div Quotient

Use the strategy of multiplying by the reciprocal

$(\quad) = \left(\frac{-6}{7}\right) \times \frac{49}{18}$

Simplify

$(\quad) = \left(\frac{\cancel{6}}{7}\right) \times \frac{49^7}{\cancel{18}_3}$

$(\quad) = \left(\frac{-7}{3}\right)$

Nov 14-7:01 PM

Your Turn

A) $\left(\frac{15}{26}\right) \div (\quad) = \frac{-3}{2}$

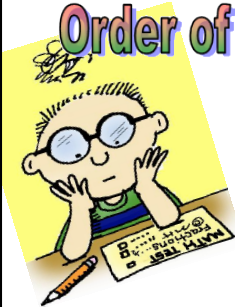
b) $\left(\frac{-12}{21}\right) \div (\quad) = \frac{5}{8}$



Nov 14-7:54 PM

Section 3.6

Order of Operations with Rational Numbers



Remember from operations

"BEDMAS".....order of

In the order that they appear

Recall

Evaluate the following

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) & \quad (-5) - 3[18 \div (-3)]^2 \\
 & \quad -5 - 3[-6]^2 \\
 & \quad -5 - 3(36) \\
 & \quad -5 - 108 \\
 & \quad = -113
 \end{aligned}$$

Oct 19-4:10 PM

Using the Order of Operations with Decimals

Evaluate the following:

It is no difference with
decimals....follow **BEDMAS**

With decimals you
may need to round
your final answers



1) $(-1.3) + 0.8 \div (-0.2) \times 5$



2) $(-3.6) - 1.7 \div [0.6 - (-0.8)]^2$

$$= (-3.6) - 1.7 \div [1.4]^2$$

$$= (-3.6) - 1.7 \div 1.96$$

$$= (-3.6) - 0.867346938$$

$$= (-3.6) - 0.867346938$$

$$= -4.467346939$$

this
number
does not
terminate



Oct 19-9:36 PM

Do we need more practice?



1) $3 - [(-5) + 1]$

2) $(-2.7) \times (3.4 - 8.5) - 6.1 \div 7$

Oct 19-9:54 PM

Order of Operations

with

Rational Numbers



$$(-0.8) + 1.2 \div (-0.3) \times 1.5$$

=



=

=

Nov 21-3:47 PM

1) $(-\frac{3}{5})(\frac{2}{5}) - (\frac{7}{30}) \div [\frac{1}{2} + (-\frac{1}{6})]$ **Operations with Fractions**

remember fractions are just numbers

erase to see solutions



$$1) (-\frac{3}{5})(\frac{2}{5}) - (\frac{7}{30}) \div [\frac{1}{2} + (-\frac{1}{6})]$$

Step 1) BRACKETS

- find common denominator
then add the #s in brackets
Common Denominator =

Reduce sum if possible

$$\div (\frac{1}{2} + (-\frac{1}{6}))$$

Step 2) Multiply next

Step 3) Divide next

- multiply by the reciprocal
the divisor.

$$(\frac{7}{30}) \div [\frac{2}{6}] = (\frac{7}{30}) \times [\frac{6}{2}]$$

reduce at this point
work with smaller
fractions

subtract.....find common
denominator

$$\frac{1}{2} + (-\frac{1}{6})$$

$$\frac{3}{6} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{6}$$


$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{-47}{30}$$


Oct 19-10:02 PM

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) & \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) - \left(\frac{7}{30}\right) \div \left[\frac{1}{2} + \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)\right] \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \div \left[\frac{3}{6} + \frac{-1}{6}\right] \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2}{6} \\
 & \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) - \frac{7}{30} \div \left[\frac{1}{3}\right] \\
 & \frac{-6}{25} - \frac{7}{30} \div \frac{1}{3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{7}{30} \times \frac{3}{1} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{1}{1} \\
 & -\frac{6}{25} - \frac{7}{10} \\
 & \frac{-12}{50} - \frac{35}{50} \\
 & \frac{-47}{50}
 \end{aligned}$$

Jan 8-9:23 AM



Do we need more practice?



1) Erase to reveal answer

$$\left(-1\frac{3}{4}\right) - \left(-3\frac{1}{2} + 5\right)\left(-3\frac{1}{2} + 5\right)$$

Remember to switch mixed to improper fractions

Make common denominators inside brackets


Complete Brackets

Multiply

Divide


=

Oct 19-10:38 PM

4.  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) \div \left[\frac{1}{3} + \left(-\frac{3}{12}\right)\right]$

BEDMAS

Please erase to reveal answer



=

=

=

=

=

=

=

=

Nov 21-4:06 PM

Class / Homework

Page 144 & 145

- If the question deals with fractions you must work with fractions (no calculator)
- As soon as you see a decimal you can use a calculator

#2 *(without calculator)*

3(c,d)

#5 (a,c)

#7(a,b,c) *(without calculator)*

#10(b,c) *(without calculator)*

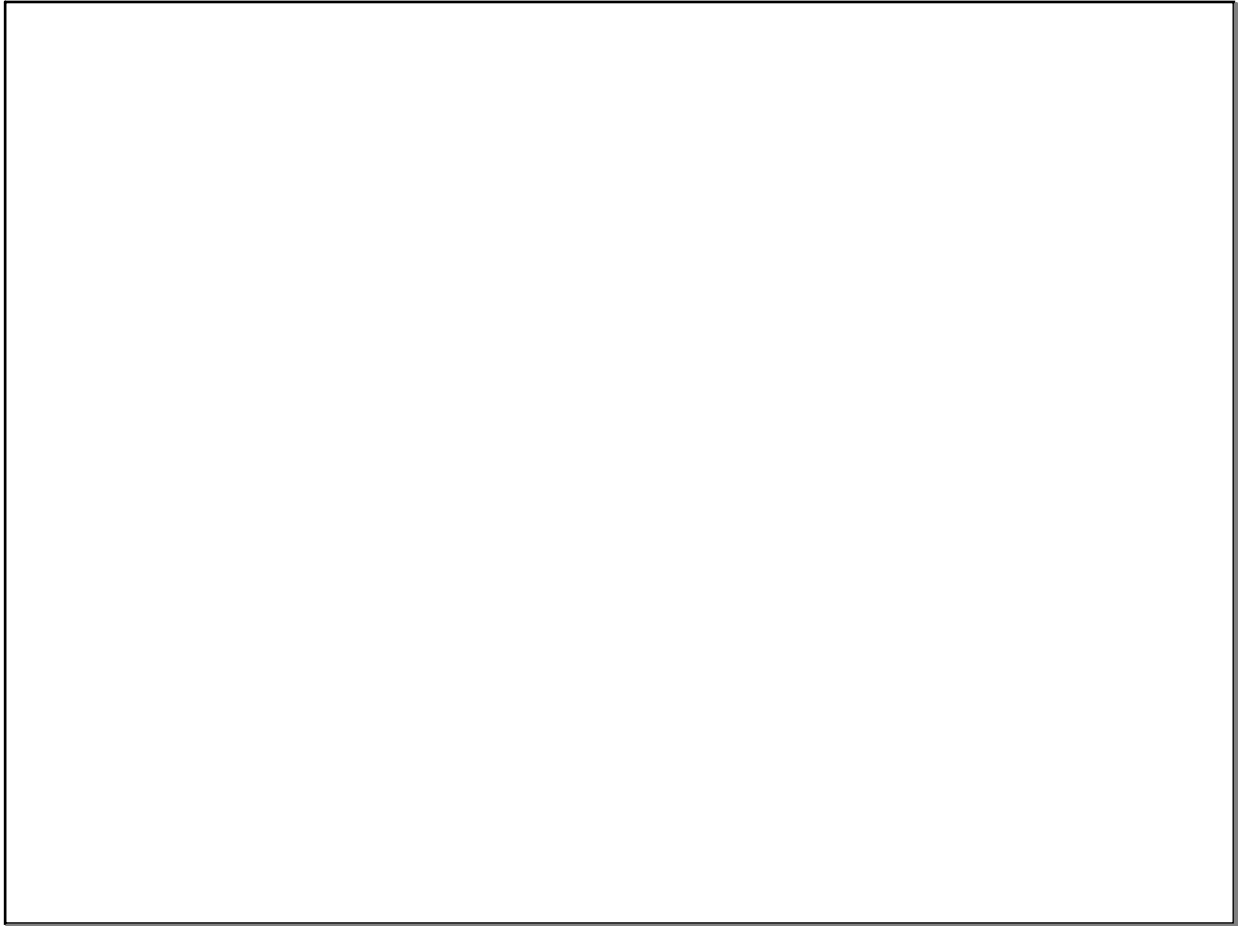
#14 (b, d)

#18(ac)

#19(b,d)

#21 *(without calculator)*

#23a,c,d,g



Jan 15-9:16 AM