Review for Grade 9 Math Exam on Unit 5 - Polynomials

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. A large white square represents an x^2 -tile, a black rectangle represents a -x-tile, and a small white square represents a 1-tile.

Write the polynomial represented by this set of algebra tiles.



- a. $-2x^2 + 3x + 4$
- b. $2x^2 3x + 4$ c. $2x^2 x^3 + 4$ d. $2x 3x^2 + 4$
- 2. A large white square represents an x^2 -tile, a large black square represents a $-x^2$ -tile, a small white square represents a 1-tile, and a small black square represents a -1-tile.

How would you model the polynomial $-3x^2 - 4$ with algebra tiles?

a.





b.



d.



- 3. Which of the following expressions are polynomials?

 - ii) $1 5.5n^2$
 - iii) $2\sqrt{t}$
 - iv) 3.5
 - a. i, iii, and iv
- b. ii and iv
- c. i, ii, and iii d. i, ii, and iv
- 4. Identify the polynomials that can be represented by the same set of algebra tiles.
 - i) $2x^2 5 + 6x$
 - ii) $2x^2 6x + 5$
 - iii) $-5 + 6x 2x^2$
 - iv) $6x 5 + 2x^2$
 - a. i and iv
- b. iii and iv
- c. ii and iv
- d. i and ii

5. Identify the polynomial that is equivalent to $4 - 6v - 7v^2$.

i)
$$7v^2 + 6v - 4$$

ii)
$$4 + 7v^2 - 6v$$

iii)
$$-7v^2 - 6v + 4$$

iv)
$$-7v^2 - 4 + 6v$$



6. Combine like terms. Sketch algebra tiles if it helps.

$$3x + 10 + 7x - 4$$

a.
$$13x + 3$$

b.
$$10x + 6$$

d.
$$10x - 6$$

7. Combine like terms. Sketch algebra tiles if it helps.

$$9x^2 - 7x + 2x - 6x^2$$

a.
$$-2x^2$$

b.
$$3x^2 - 5x$$

c.
$$2x^2 - 4x$$

c.
$$2x^2 - 4x$$
 d. $3x^2 + 5x$

8. Simplify: $10x^2 - 8 + 3x + 5 - 6x^2 - 6x$

a.
$$4x^2 - 3x + 3$$

b. $4x^2 - 3x - 3$

b.
$$4r^2 - 3r - 3$$

c.
$$4x^2 + 3x + 3$$

c.
$$4x^2 + 3x + 3$$

d. $4x^4 - 3x^2 - 3$

9. Add: $(2x^2 - 6) + (5x^2 - 8x - 4)$

a.
$$10x^2 - 8x - 24$$

b. $7x^2 - 14x - 4$

b.
$$7x^2 - 14x - 4$$

c.
$$7x^2 - 8x - 10$$

d. $7x^2 - 8x + 10$

d.
$$7x^2 - 8x + 10$$

____ 10. Add: $(-3x^2 + 3 - 5x) + (5 + x^2 + 8x)$

a.
$$-2x^2 + 3x + 8$$

b.
$$-2x^2 - 3x + 8$$

c.
$$-4x^2 - 3x + 8$$

d. $-4x^2 + 3x + 8$

d.
$$-4x^2 + 3x + 8$$

____ 11. Subtract: $(3x - 7x^2 + 2) - (4x^2 - 5 + 6x)$

a.
$$-11x^2 + 3x - 7$$

a.
$$-11x^2 + 3x - 7$$

b. $-11x^2 - 9x - 3$

c.
$$-11x^2 - 3x + 7$$

d. $11x^2 + 3x - 7$

d.
$$11x^2 + 3x - 7$$

____ 12. Subtract: $(3y^2 - 5x^2 + 4) - (2x - 8 + 4y^2)$

a.
$$-1y^2 - 5x^2 - 2x - 4$$

b.
$$3y^2 - 7x^2 + 12$$

c.
$$-4x + 12$$

d.
$$-1y^2 - 5x^2 - 2x + 12$$

____ 13. Multiply: $7(2x^2 - 5x)$

a.
$$14x^2 - 5x^2$$

b.
$$14x^2 + 2x$$

a.
$$14x^2 - 5x$$
 b. $14x^2 + 2x$ c. $14x^2 - 35x$ d. $9x^2 - 2x$

d.
$$9x^2 - 2x$$

____ 14. Multiply: $(-2)(4c^2 - 6c - 7)$

a.
$$-8c^2 - 12c - 14$$

b. $2c^2 - 8c - 9$

c.
$$-8c^2 + 12c + 14$$

d. $-8c^2 - 6c - 7$

d.
$$-8c^2 - 6c - 7$$

____ 15. Divide: $\frac{20p - 28}{4}$

a.
$$5p - 28$$
 b. $5p - 7$

b.
$$5p - 7$$

c.
$$20p - 24$$

____ 16. Divide: $\frac{-20p^2 - 16p}{-4p}$

a.
$$5p^2 - 16p$$
 b. $5p + 4$

b.
$$5p + 4$$

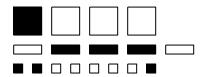
c.
$$80p^2 - 64$$
 d. $5p + 4p$

d.
$$5p + 4p$$

Short Answer

17. A large white square represents an x^2 -tile, a large black square represents a $-x^2$ -tile, a white rectangle represents an x-tile, a black rectangle represents a -x-tile, a small white square represents a 1-tile, and a small black square represents a −1-tile.

Write the simplified polynomial.

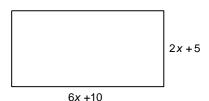


18. Combine like terms. Sketch algebra tiles if it helps.

$$3x^2 - 6x + 4x^2 + 3x - 6$$

19. Add:
$$(10x^2 - 7x + 6) + (-2x^2 + 2x - 9)$$

20. Write the perimeter of this rectangle as a polynomial in simplest form.



21. Subtract:
$$(9x^2 - 6x + 4) - (5x^2 - 4x - 5)$$

22. Subtract:
$$(4x^2 + 9x - 3) - (x^2 - 11x + 5)$$

23. Multiply:
$$5(-2x^2 - 5)$$

24. Multiply:
$$-2(-8 + 2x - 5x^2)$$

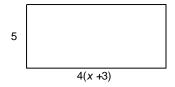
25. Divide:
$$\frac{12m - 20m^2}{-4m}$$

26. Determine the product:
$$(-2x)(4x + 3y - 5z)$$

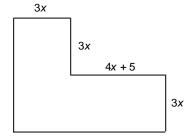
27. Determine the quotient:
$$(-10x^2 + 4xy - 6xz) \div (-2x)$$

Problem

- 28. a) Write the multiplication sentence modelled by this rectangle.
 - b) Determine the area of the rectangle when x = 12. Show your work.



- 29. The area of a rectangular deck, in square metres, is given by the polynomial $40p^2 + 24p$. The deck is 8p metres wide.
 - a) Write a polynomial to represent the length of the deck.
 - b) Determine the length, width, and area of the deck when p = 4 m.
- 30. a) Determine a polynomial for the perimeter of the shape below.
 - b) Determine a polynomial for the area of the shape below.
 - c) Determine the perimeter and area when x = 6 cm.



Review for Grade 9 Math Exam on Unit 5 - Polynomials Answer Section

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.	ANS:					5.1 Modelling Polynomials			
	LOC:	9.PR5 TOP	Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)						
		Conceptual Underst							
2.	ANS:	B PTS:	1 DIF:	Easy	REF:	5.1 Modelling Polynomials tions)			
	LOC:	9.PR5 TOP	: Patterns and Relation	ns (Variables an	d Equa	tions)			
	KEY:	Conceptual Underst							
3.						5.1 Modelling Polynomials			
	LOC:	9.PR5 TOP	: Patterns and Relation	ns (Variables an	d Equa	tions)			
		Conceptual Understanding							
4.	ANS:	A PTS:	1 DIF:	Moderate	REF:	5.1 Modelling Polynomials			
	LOC:	9.PR5 TOP	: Patterns and Relation	F: Moderate REF: 5.1 Modelling Polynomials tions (Variables and Equations)					
	KEY:	Procedural Knowled	•						
5.	ANS:	D PTS:	1 DIF:	Moderate	REF:	5.1 Modelling Polynomials			
				d Relations (Variables and Equations)					
	KEY:	Procedural Knowledge							
6.	ANS:	B PTS:	1 DIF:	Easy	REF:	5.2 Like Terms and Unlike Terms			
	LOC:	9.PR5 TOP	Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)						
		Y: Procedural Knowledge							
7.	ANS:	B PTS:	1 DIF:	Easy	REF:	5.2 Like Terms and Unlike Terms			
			: Patterns and Relation	ns (Variables an	d Equa	tions)			
	KEY:	Procedural Knowled	lge						
8.	ANS:	B PTS:	1 DIF:	Moderate	REF:	5.2 Like Terms and Unlike Terms			
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9.	ANS:		I DIF:	Moderate	REF:	5.3 Adding Polynomials			
				elations (Variables and Equations)					
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11.	ANS:	C PIS:	I DIF:	Moderate	KEF:	5.4 Subtracting Polynomials			
		Procedural Knowled		erns and Relations (Variables and Equations)					
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12.			: Patterns and Relation			5.4 Subtracting Polynomials			
		Procedural Knowled		iis (variables aii	u Equa	tions)			
12	ANS:		•	Moderate					
13.			Dividing a Polynomia						
			: Patterns and Relation		d Fana	tions)			
		Procedural Knowled		ns (variables an	u Lqua	tions)			
14.	ANS:		-	Moderate					
1-7.		EF: 5.5 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Constant OC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)							
		Procedural Knowled		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	quu	,			
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15. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate

REF: 5.5 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Constant

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

16. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate

REF: 5.6 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Monomial

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

SHORT ANSWER

17. ANS:

$$2x^2 - x + 2$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 5.2 Like Terms and Unlike Terms

LOC: 9.PR5 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

18. ANS:

$$7x^2 - 3x - 6$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 5.2 Like Terms and Unlike Terms

LOC: 9.PR5 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

19. ANS:

$$8x^2 - 5x - 3$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 5.3 Adding Polynomials

LOC: 9.PR6 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

20. ANS:

16x + 30

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 5.3 Adding Polynomials

LOC: 9.PR6 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

21. ANS:

$$4x^2 - 2x + 9$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 5.4 Subtracting Polynomials

LOC: 9.PR6 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

22. ANS:

$$3x^2 + 20x - 8$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: 5.4 Subtracting Polynomials

LOC: 9.PR6 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

23. ANS:

$$-10x^2 - 25$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 5.5 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Constant

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

24. ANS:

$$16 - 4x + 10x^2$$

PTS: 1 REF: 5.5 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Constant DIF: Moderate

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

25. ANS:

$$-3 + 5m$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate

REF: 5.6 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Monomial

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

26. ANS:

$$-8x^2 - 6xy + 10xz$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult

REF: 5.6 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Monomial

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

27. ANS:

$$5x - 2y + 3z$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult

REF: 5.6 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Monomial

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Procedural Knowledge

PROBLEM

28. ANS:

a)
$$5(4(x+3))$$

= $5(4x+12)$
= $20x + 60$

$$= 20X + 00$$

b) Substitute x = 12 into 20x + 60.

$$20(12) + 60 = 300$$

The area of the rectangle when x = 12 is 300 square units.

PTS: 1 REF: 5.5 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Constant DIF: Moderate

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Problem-Solving Skills | Communication

29. ANS:

- a) Length of deck = $(40p^2 + 24p) \div 8p$ = $\frac{40p^2}{8p} + \frac{24p}{8p}$ = 5p + 3
- b) Length:

Substitute p = 4 into 5p + 3.

$$5p + 3$$

= $5(4) + 3$
= 23

The length of the deck is 23 m.

Width:

Substitute p = 4 into 8p.

$$8p = 8(4) = 32$$

The width of the deck is 32 m.

Area:

$$A = l \times w$$
$$= 23 \times 32$$
$$= 736$$

The area of the deck is 736 m^2 .

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult

REF: 5.6 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Monomial

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Problem-Solving Skills | Communication

30. ANS:

a) Perimeter =
$$3x + 3x + (4x + 5) + 3x + (4x + 5) + 3x + 3x + 3x$$

= $26x + 10$

b) Area =
$$3x(3x) + 3x(3x + 4x + 5)$$

= $9x^2 + 9x^2 + 12x^2 + 15x$
= $30x^2 + 15x$

c) Perimeter:

Substitute x = 6 into 26x + 10.

$$26x + 10$$

= 26(6) + 10
= 166

The perimeter of the shape is 166 cm.

Area:

Substitute x = 6 into $30x^2 + 15x$. $30x^2 + 15x$ $= 30(6)^2 + 15(6)$ = 1170

The area of the shape is 1170 cm².

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult

REF: 5.6 Multiplying and Dividing a Polynomial by a Monomial

LOC: 9.PR7 TOP: Patterns and Relations (Variables and Equations)

KEY: Problem-Solving Skills | Communication