## **Unit Test: Trigonometry**

**Pre-Calculus 110** 

[45 MARKS]

1. Sketch the terminal arm for each of the following rotation angles and clearly identify the measure of the reference angle on your diagram. [4]



2. The terminal arm of  $\theta$  is situated such that  $\sec \theta > 0$  and  $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{11}}{6}$ . (a) Without the aid of a calculator, determine the **exact** value of  $tan^2\theta - sec^2\theta$  in <u>simplest</u> form. (*Sketch must be provided*)

(b) Given that  $720^{\circ} \le \theta \le 1080^{\circ}$ , determine the measure of  $\theta$  in standard position.

[2]

[5]

Name:\_

 $3 \sec(-210^{\circ})\cot(600^{\circ}) - 2\csc(630^{\circ}) + \sqrt{2}\sin(315^{\circ}) - \cos^{2}(-1035^{\circ})\cos(12600^{\circ})$ 

[15]

4. Fill in the blanks: [5]
(a) The principal angle of -38955° is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
(b) The **first** negative angle co-terminal with 15897° would be \_\_\_\_\_\_.
(c) sec (-354°) = \_\_\_\_\_\_.
(d) Given that cot θ < 0 and sin θ < 0, then θ must be located in quadrant \_\_\_\_\_\_.</li>
(e) If tan θ = -<sup>7</sup>/<sub>12</sub> and 0° ≤ θ ≤ 180°, then the measure of θ in standard position is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Given that the ordered pair (-2, 2√3) lies on the terminal arm of angle θ....

[4]

(a) Determine the exact value of  $\sin \theta \cot \theta$  in simplest form. (Sketch must be provided)

(b) Given that  $-720^{\circ} \le \theta \le -360^{\circ}$ , determine measure of  $\theta$  in standard position. [2]

6. (a) Given that  $\cos \theta = -0.7193$  and  $-720^{\circ} \le \theta \le 540^{\circ}$ , determine ALL possible values of  $\theta$ . [4]

(b) Given that  $\csc \theta = 2.3662$  and  $-1080^{\circ} \le \theta \le -270^{\circ}$ , determine all possible values of  $\theta$ . [4]