

## Curriculum Outcome

(N5) Determine the square root of positive rational numbers that are perfect squares.

(N6) Determine an approximate square root of positive rational numbers that are non-perfect squares.

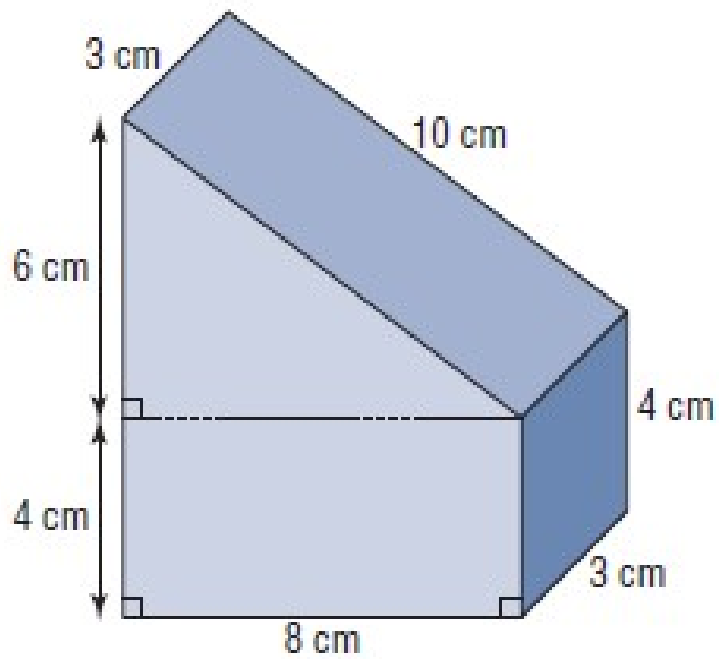
(SS2) Determine the surface area of composite 3-D objects to solve problems

(N4) \*\*Explain and apply the order of operations, including exponents, with and without technology.\*\*

# Warm Up



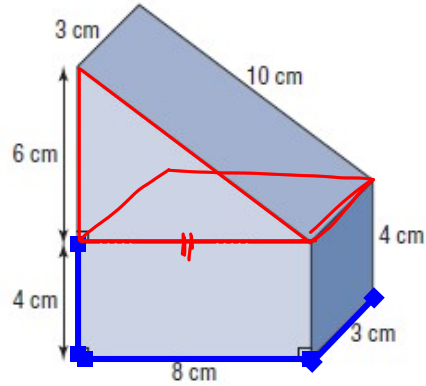
Find the Surface Area (Show all work)



# Warm Up



Find the Surface Area (Show all work)

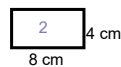


Rectangle Prism

$4 \times 8 \times 3$

Overlap

Front/Back



$$A_1 = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 4$$

$$A_1 = 32 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_1 = 64 \text{ cm}^2$$

Left/Right



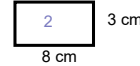
$$A_2 = b \times h$$

$$= 3 \times 4$$

$$A_2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_2 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Top/Bottom



$$A_3 = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 3$$

$$A_3 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_3 = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

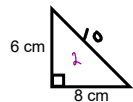
$$SA_2 = 2A_1 + 2A_2 + 2A_3$$

$$= 64 + 24 + 48$$

$$SA_2 = 136 \text{ cm}^2$$

Triangle Prism

Front/Back



$$A_1 = \frac{b \times h}{2}$$

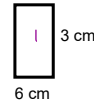
$$= \frac{6 \times 8}{2}$$

$$= \frac{48}{2}$$

$$= 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_1 = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

Left Side

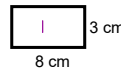


$$A_2 = b \times h$$

$$= 6 \times 3$$

$$A_2 = 18 \text{ cm}^2$$

Bottom

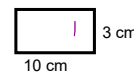


$$A_3 = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 3$$

$$A_3 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Top



$$A_4 = b \times h$$

$$= 3 \times 10$$

$$A_4 = 30 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA_2 = 48 + 18 + 24 + 30$$

$$= 120 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total Surface Area

$$T_{SA} = SA_1 + SA_2 - \text{Overlap}$$

$$= 120 + 136 - 48$$

$$= 208 \text{ cm}^2$$

# Class/ Homework

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8c)  $255.5 \text{ cm}^2$

10a)  $156.03 \text{ m}^2$

Questions: 8 c

10

b) \$1609.20

MUST SHOW ALL WORK



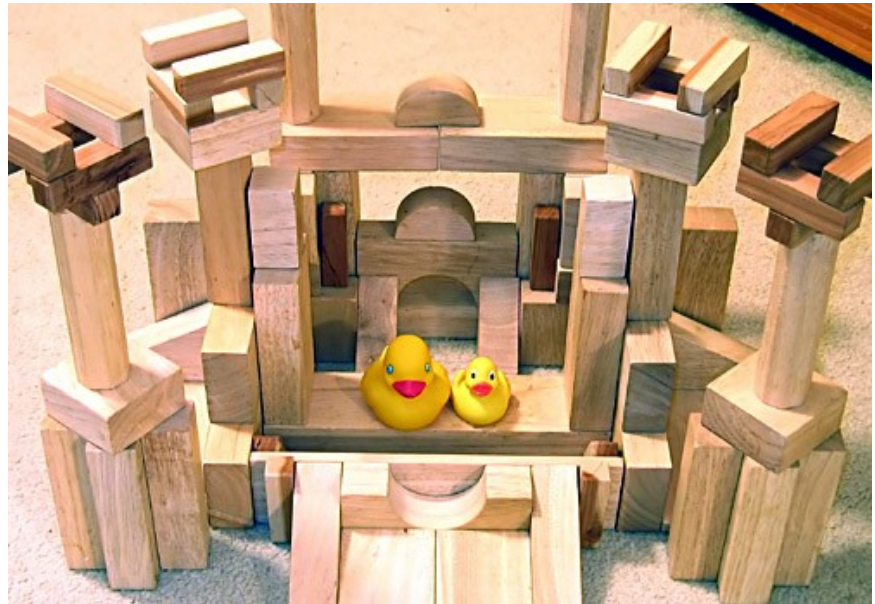
## Section 1.4



# Surface Area Of Other Composite Objects



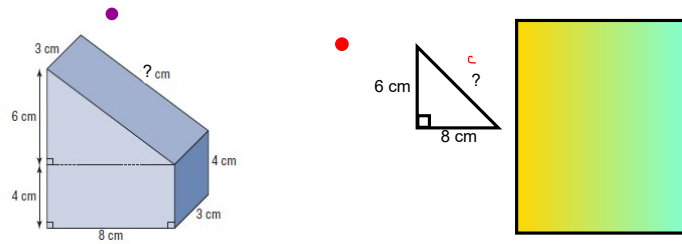
Surface area????



### Other Composite Shapes

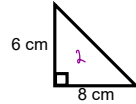
3-D shapes sitting on other 3-D shapes (This will cause an overlap meaning that the entire two or more shapes are not exposed to the surface

Day 54\_Section 1.4 other composite shapes (Surface area) day 2.notebook November 25, 2019



Triangle Prism

Front/Back



$$A_1 = \frac{b \times h}{2}$$

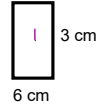
$$= \frac{6 \times 8}{2}$$

$$= \frac{48}{2}$$

$$= 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_1 = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

Left Side

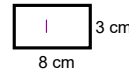


$$A_2 = b \times h$$

$$= 6 \times 3$$

$$A_2 = 18 \text{ cm}^2$$

Bottom

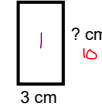


$$A_3 = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 3$$

$$A_3 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Top



$$A_4 = b \times h$$

$$= 3 \times 10$$

$$A_4 = 30 \text{ cm}^2$$

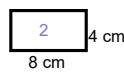
$$SA_1 = 2A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4$$

$$= 48 + 18 + 24 + 30$$

$$SA_1 = 120 \text{ cm}^2$$

Rectangle Prism

Front/Back



$$A_1 = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 4$$

$$A_1 = 32 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_1 = 64 \text{ cm}^2$$

Left/Right



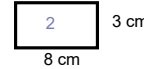
$$A_2 = b \times h$$

$$= 3 \times 4$$

$$A_2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A_2 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Top/Bottom



$$A_3 = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 3$$

$$A_3 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

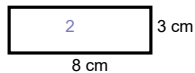
$$2A_3 = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA_2 = 2A_1 + 2A_2 + 2A_3$$

$$= 64 + 24 + 48$$

$$SA_2 = 136 \text{ cm}^2$$

Overlap



$$A = b \times h$$

$$= 8 \times 3$$

$$A = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2A = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total Surface Area

$$T_{SA} = SA_1 + SA_2 - \text{overlap}$$

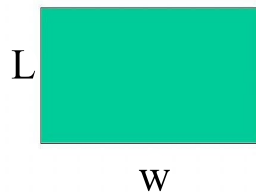
$$= 120 + 136 - 48$$

$$= 208 \text{ cm}^2$$

## Area of Shapes

### Area of a Rectangle

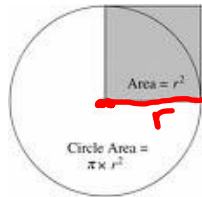
A = length x width



### Area of a Circle

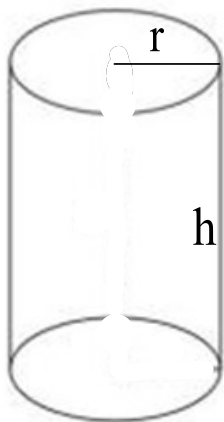
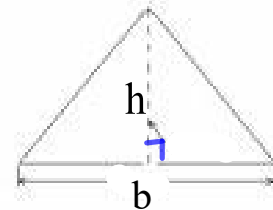
$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$= (3.14) (r)^2$$



### Area of Triangle

$$A = \frac{(\text{base x height})}{2}$$



2 circles + rectangle

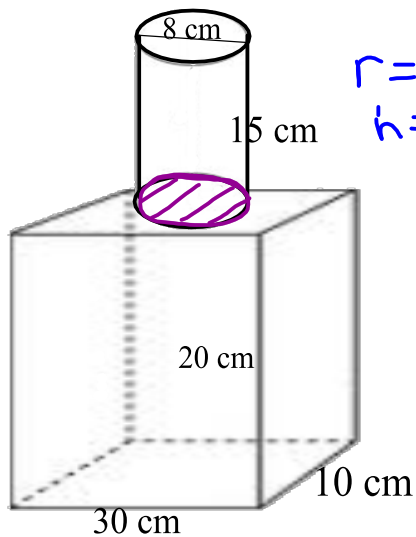
$$\text{Area of Cylinder} = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$= 2(3.14) (\text{---})^2 + 2(3.14) (\text{---}) (\text{---})$$



Day 54\_Section 1.4 other composite shapes (Surface area) day 2.notebook November 25, 2019

How much paint is needed to cover the following shape?



You try!!!

$$r = 4$$

$$h = 15$$

30, 10, 20

Rectangular Prism

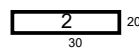
30 X 10 x 20



$$A = b \times h$$

$$A = 30 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$$

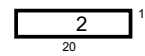
$$= 300 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = b \times h$$

$$A = 20 \text{ cm} \times 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 600 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = b \times h$$

$$A = 10 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 200 \text{ cm}^2$$

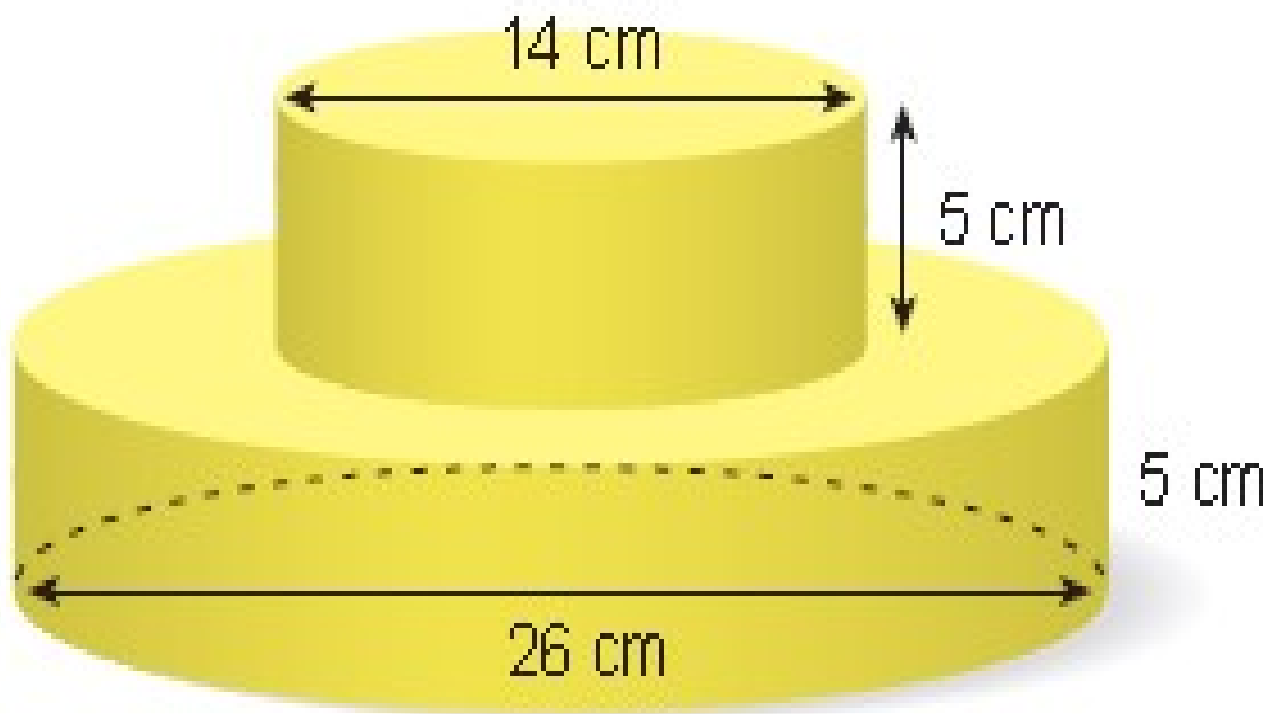
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total SA small} &= 2\text{Top} + 2\text{Side} + 2\text{Front} \\ &= 2(300\text{cm}^2) + 2(600\text{cm}^2) + 2(200\text{cm}^2) \\ &= 600 \text{ cm}^2 + 1200\text{cm}^2 + 400\text{cm}^2 \\ &= 2200\text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

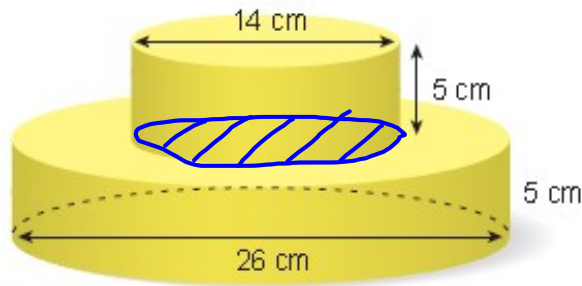
Cylinder

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Cylinder} &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h \\ &= 2(3.14)(\underline{4})^2 + 2(3.14)(\underline{4})(\underline{15}) \\ &= 2(3.14)(\underline{16}) + 2(3.14)(\underline{4})(\underline{15}) \\ &= \underline{100.48} + 376.8 \\ &= 477.28 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

*Overlap*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Surface Area} &= \text{cylinder} + \text{Prism} - \text{Overlap area} \\ &= 477.28 + 2200 \text{ cm}^2 - 100.48 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 2677.28 \text{ cm}^2 - 100.48 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 2576.8 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$





Big

$$\begin{aligned}
 SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh \\
 &= 2\pi(13)^2 + 2\pi(13)(5) \\
 &= 1061.32 + 408.2 \\
 &= 1469.52 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Small

overlap

$$\begin{aligned}
 SA &= \cancel{2\pi r^2} + 2\pi rh \\
 &= \cancel{2\pi(7)^2} + 2\pi(7)(5) \\
 &= \cancel{307.72} + 219.8 \\
 &= 527.52 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$TSA = \text{Big} + \text{small} - \text{overlap}$$

$$= 1469.52 + 527.52 - 307.72$$

$$= 1689.32 \text{ cm}^2$$

## Class / Homework

Practice Page 40 - 43

Questions :

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3a

3b

3c

