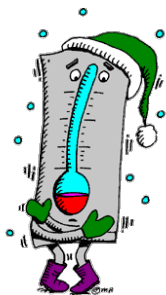


Curriculum Outcome

N1: Demonstrate an understanding of rational numbers by: comparing and ordering rational numbers; solving problems that involve arithmetic operations on rational numbers.

**Student Friendly:
"Adding Fractions and Adding Decimals"**



Warm Up



Determine the sum of each of the following

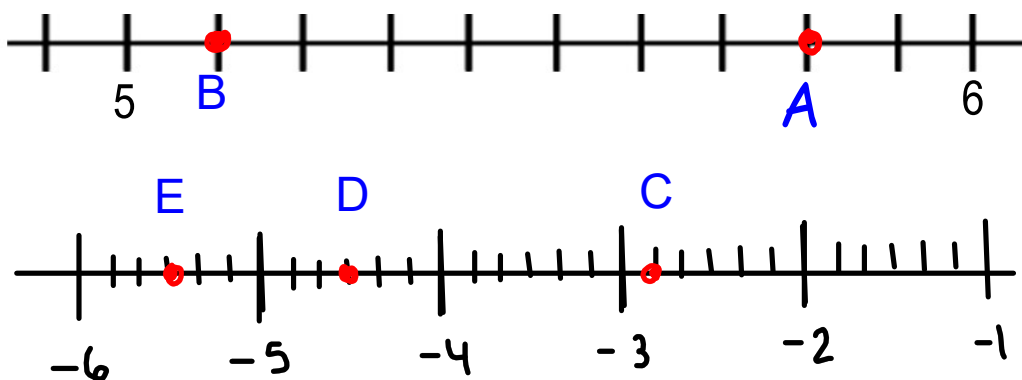
1) $\frac{-3}{7} + \left(\frac{-3}{7}\right) =$

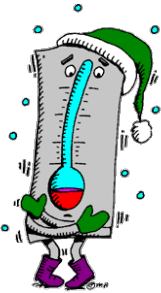
2) a) $2.7 + 1.8$

b) $-3.7 + 4.5$

c) $2.7 + (-8.7)$

3) Express unknowns as a mixed fraction.





Warm Up



Determine the sum of each of the following

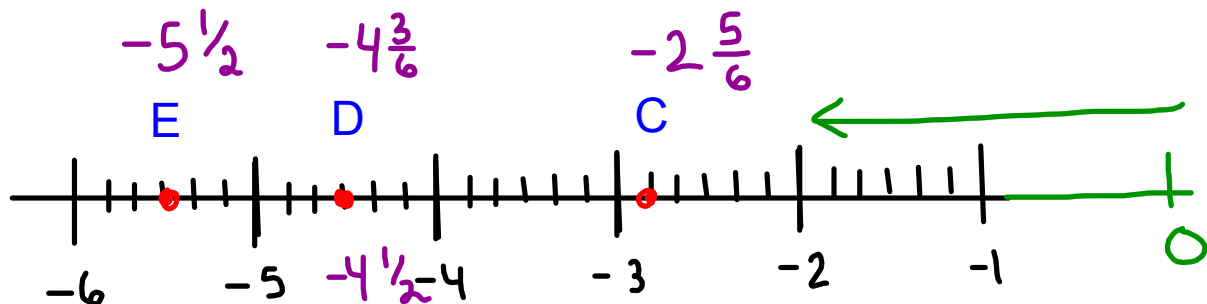
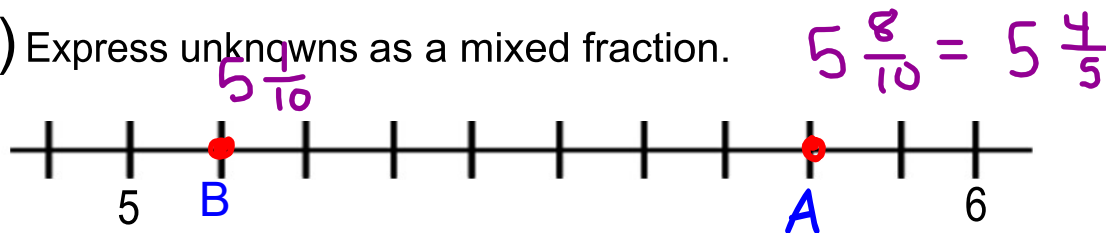
1) $\frac{-3}{7} + \left(\frac{-3}{7}\right) = \frac{-6}{7}$

2) a) $2.7 + 1.8 = 4.5$

b) $-3.7 + 4.5 = 0.8$

c) $2.7 + (-8.7) = -6$

3) Express unknowns as a mixed fraction.



Class/Homework

LAST NIGHT

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8

9 (acf) Use Calculators

Copy Down

Adding Fractions

When adding fractions you need a COMMON DENOMINATOR:

$$1) \quad \frac{-5}{8} + \frac{6}{8}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{-8}{7} + \frac{-4}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-12}{7}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{-5}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{-4}{5}$$

$$\frac{-1}{5}$$



**Find a Common Denominator
by determining the LCM.**

L owest

C ommon

M ultiple

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{-5}{6}$$

Find the LCM first!

$$4, 8, 12, 16$$
$$6, 12, 18$$
$$\frac{9}{12} + \frac{-10}{12}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{12}$$



Find a common denominator:

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{8}{3}$$

$\times 3$ $\times 5$

$$= \frac{12}{15} + \frac{40}{15}$$

$$= \frac{52}{15}$$

$$= 3 \frac{7}{15}$$

Multiples

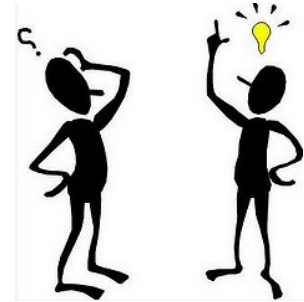
$$\begin{array}{l} 5 \\ 10 \\ 15 \\ 20 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ 12 \\ 15 \end{array}$$

What about mixed numbers?

$$2\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{3}{5}$$

Option 1



Step 1: Write each mixed number as an improper fraction.

$$\left[\frac{7}{3} + \frac{13}{5} \right] \times 3$$

$$\xrightarrow{\times 5} \frac{35}{15} + \frac{39}{15}$$

Step 2: Find a common denominator, and then add numerators.

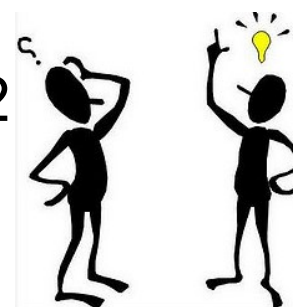
$$= \frac{74}{15}$$

$$= 4\frac{14}{15}$$

What about mixed numbers?

$$2\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{3}{5}$$

Option 2



Step 1: Add Integers together .

$$2 + 2 = 4$$

Step 2: Add Fractional parts together (must have common denominators).

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{5} \xrightarrow{\times 5} \frac{5}{15} + \frac{9}{15} \xrightarrow{\times 3} \frac{14}{15}$$

$$4 + \frac{14}{15} = 4\frac{14}{15}$$

$$1 \frac{3}{4} + 2 \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{7}{4} + \frac{13}{5}$$

$\times 5$ $\times 4$

$$\frac{35}{20} + \frac{52}{20}$$

$$\frac{87}{20}$$

$$4 \frac{7}{20}$$

$$1 \frac{3}{4} + 2 \frac{3}{5}$$

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{15}{20} + \frac{12}{20} = \frac{27}{20} = 1 \frac{7}{20}$$

$$3 + 1 \frac{7}{20} = 4 \frac{7}{20}$$

$$1 \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5$$

$$-1 \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2} = -1.5$$

$$3 \frac{5}{4} = \frac{19}{4}$$

$$-3 \frac{5}{4} = -\frac{19}{4}$$

$$2) \left(-1\frac{2}{3}\right) + \left(2\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -\frac{5}{3} + \frac{9}{4} \\ \times 4 \quad \times 3 \\ \hline -\frac{20}{12} + \frac{27}{12} \\ \hline = \frac{7}{12} \end{array}$$

$$2) \left(-1\frac{2}{3}\right) + \left(2\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$-1 + 2 = \boxed{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \\ \times 4 \quad \times 3 \\ \hline -\frac{8}{12} + \frac{3}{12} \\ \hline \boxed{-\frac{5}{12}} \end{array}$$

$$1 + \frac{-5}{12}$$

$$\frac{12}{12} + \frac{-5}{12}$$

$$\frac{7}{12}$$