

January Exam Review

Unit 1

Answers are on Slides 30 - 34

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1. Determine the value of $\sqrt{0.16}$
- a. 0.4 b. 0.07 c. 0.2 d. 0.04

$$\sqrt{\frac{16}{100}} = \frac{4}{10} = 0.4$$

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2. Calculate the number whose square root is 0.9.
 a. 0.81 b. 0.0081 c. 0.081 d. 0.09

$$\sqrt{x} = 0.9$$

$$(\sqrt{x})^2 = \left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^2$$

$$x = \frac{81}{100}$$

$$x = 0.81$$

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3. Which numbers are perfect squares?

- i) 30.25
- ii) 32
- iii) 28.9
- iv) 1.44

- a. i and iv b. ii and iii c. i and ii d. i and iii

$$\sqrt{\frac{3025}{100}} = \frac{55}{10}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{32}{1}}$$

$$\frac{?}{1}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{289}{10}}$$

$$\frac{17}{?}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{144}{100}} = \frac{12}{10}$$

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4. Determine the value of $\sqrt{\frac{72}{98}}$.

a. $\frac{6}{14}$

b. $\frac{6}{7}$

c. $\frac{12}{7}$

d. $\frac{36}{49}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{72}{98} \div 2} = \sqrt{\frac{36}{49}} = \frac{6}{7}$$

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5. Name the two whole numbers whose squares are closest to 22.5.

a. 9, 25

b. 4, 5

c. 4, 9

d. 16, 25

$$\sqrt{16} \quad 22.5 \quad \sqrt{25}$$

4 5

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6. Name the two whole numbers whose squares are closest to $\frac{595}{10}$.

a. 49, 64

b. 4, 9

c. 16, 25

d. 7, 8

$$\frac{595}{10} = 59.5$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \sqrt{49} & 59.5 & \sqrt{64} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 7 & & 8 \end{array}$$

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7. Estimate the value of $\sqrt{0.35}$, to the nearest tenth.

a. 0.5

b. 0.6

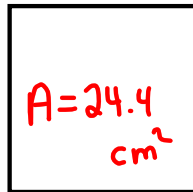
c. 0.59

d. 0.9

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \sqrt{0.35} & \text{closer} \\ & \downarrow & \swarrow \\ \sqrt{0.25} & & \sqrt{0.36} \\ 0.5 & & 0.6 \\ & 0.59 & \\ & \text{round} & \\ & \text{to nearest} & \\ & \text{tenth} & \\ & & 0.6 \end{array}$$

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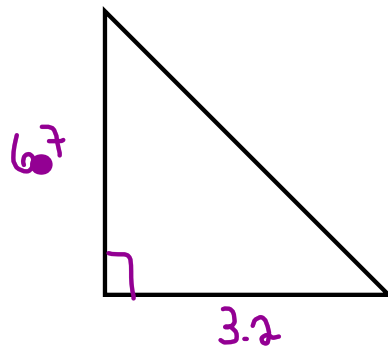
8. A square has an area of 24.8 cm^2 .
 Determine the side length of the square, to the nearest centimeter.
- a. 4.98 cm b. 4.9 cm c. 5.0 cm d. 5 cm



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Side} &= \sqrt{24.4} \\ &= 4.93 \\ &\text{Nearest} \\ &\text{cm} \\ &5\text{cm} \end{aligned}$$

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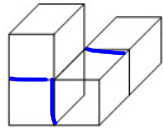
9. The lengths of the two legs of a right triangle are 6.7 cm and 3.2 cm.
 Determine the length of the hypotenuse to 1 decimal place.
- a. 5.1 cm b. 5.9 cm c. 7.4 cm d. 3.1 cm



$$\begin{aligned} c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\ c^2 &= 6.7^2 + 3.2^2 \\ c^2 &= 44.89 + 10.24 \\ \sqrt{c^2} &= \sqrt{55.13} \\ c &= 7.4\text{cm} \end{aligned}$$

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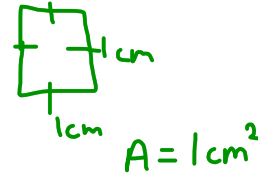
10. This composite object is made using centimetre cubes. Determine its surface area.



3 overlaps = 6 faces

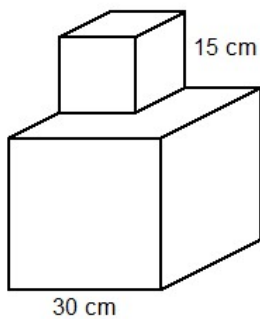
- a. 24 cm^2 b. 20 cm^2 c. 15 cm^2 d. 18 cm^2

$$\begin{aligned}
 &4 \text{ cubes} \times 6 \text{ faces} \\
 &= 24 \text{ faces} - 6 \text{ faces} \\
 &= 18 \text{ faces} \\
 &\quad \underline{\times 1 \text{ cm}^2} \\
 &\quad 18 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$



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11. This composite object is made of a 15-cm cube on top of a 30-cm cube. Determine its surface area.



Small
 $6(15 \times 15) = 1350 \text{ cm}^2$

Big
 $6(30 \times 30) = 5400 \text{ cm}^2$

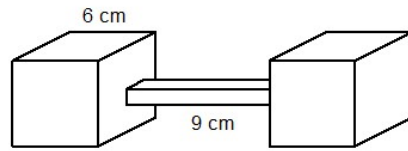
Overlap
 $2(15 \times 15) = 450 \text{ cm}^2$

- a. 6750 cm^2 b. 5625 cm^2 c. 6300 cm^2 d. 6525 cm^2

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1350 + 5400 - 450 \\
 &= 6300 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

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12. This object is composed of two identical cubes joined by a right rectangular prism. The edge length of each cube is 6 cm. The rectangular prism is 9 cm long and has square ends of side length 3 cm. Determine the surface area of the object.



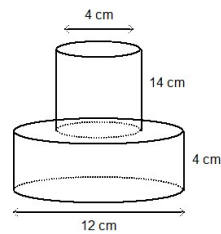
4, 3, 3

- a. 540 cm² b. 558 cm² c. 522 cm² d. 324 cm²

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2(\text{cubes}) + (\text{rect prism}) - 2\text{overlaps} \\
 & 12(6 \times 6) + (2(4 \times 3) + 2(4 \times 3) + 2(3 \times 3)) - 4(3 \times 3) \\
 & 432 \text{ cm}^2 + 126 \text{ cm}^2 - 36 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 & = 522 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

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13. This object is composed of a cylinder of diameter 4 cm and height 14 cm on top of another cylinder of diameter 12 cm and height 4 cm. Determine the surface area of the object, to the nearest square centimeter.



- a. 440 cm² b. 557 cm² c. 561 cm² d. 553 cm²

Big

$$\begin{aligned}
 SA &= 2\pi(6)^2 + 2\pi(6)(4) \\
 SA &= 226.08 + 150.72 \\
 SA &= 376.8
 \end{aligned}$$

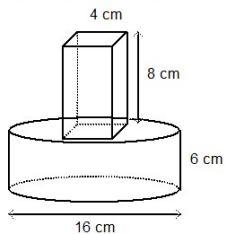
Sm

$$\begin{aligned}
 SA &= 2\pi(2)^2 + 2\pi(2)(14) \\
 SA &= 2\pi(2)(14) \\
 SA &= 175.84
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 TSA &= 376.8 + 175.84 \\
 &= 552.6 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

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14. This object is composed of a rectangular prism on top of a cylinder. The rectangular prism has height 8 cm and square ends of side length 4 cm. The cylinder has diameter 16 cm and height 6 cm. Determine the surface area of the object, to the nearest square centimeter.



- a. 631 cm² b. 816 cm² c. 832 cm² d. 848 cm²

Cylinder

$$SA = 2\pi(8)^2 + 2\pi(8)(6)$$

$$SA = 401.92 + 301.44$$

$$SA = 703.36 \text{ cm}^2$$

Prism 8,4,4 ^{over lap}

$$2(8 \times 4) + 2(8 \times 4) + 2(4 \times 4)$$

$$64 + 64 + 32$$

$$= 160 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$703.36 + 160 - 32$$

$$= 831.4 \text{ cm}^2$$

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15. Determine the value of $\sqrt{2.89}$.

$$\sqrt{\frac{289}{100}} = \frac{17}{10}$$

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16. Determine the value of $\sqrt{\frac{25}{36}}$. $= \frac{5}{6}$

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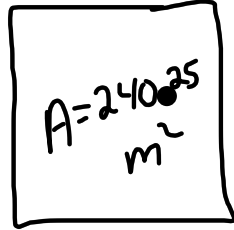
17. Determine the value of $\sqrt{6 \times 3 \times 18}$.

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{18 \times 18} \quad \text{or} \quad \sqrt{18^2} \\ & \sqrt{324} \\ & = 18 \qquad = 18 \end{aligned}$$

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18. A square garden has an area of 240.25 m^2 .
 a) Determine the length of one side of the garden.
 b) Determine the perimeter of the garden.

a)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{side} &= \sqrt{240.25} \\ &= 15.5 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } P &= 4(15.5) \\ &= 62 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 15.5 + 15.5 + 15.5 + 15.5 \\ &= 62 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

or

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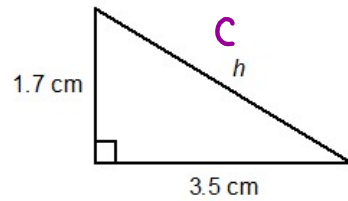
19. Determine the value of $\sqrt{0.27}$, to the nearest tenth.

closer \swarrow

$\sqrt{0.25}$	$\sqrt{0.27}$	$\sqrt{0.36}$
$\sqrt{\frac{25}{100}}$	↓	$\sqrt{\frac{36}{100}}$
$\frac{5}{10}$		$\frac{6}{10}$
0.5	0.52	0.6

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20. Determine the length of the hypotenuse, h .



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 1.7^2 + 3.5^2$$

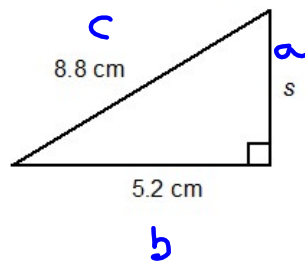
$$c^2 = 2.89 + 12.25$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{15.14}$$

$$c = 3.9 \text{ cm}$$

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21. Determine the length of side s .



$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

$$a^2 = 8.8^2 - 5.2^2$$

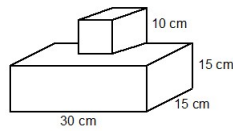
$$a^2 = 77.44 - 27.04$$

$$\sqrt{a^2} = \sqrt{50.4}$$

$$a = 7.1 \text{ cm}$$

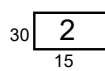
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22. This object is composed of a cube on top of a right rectangular prism. Determine the surface area of the object.

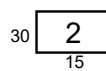


Cube
 10×10
 $A = b \times h$
 $A = 10 \times 10$
 $A = 100 \text{ cm}^2$
 $6A = 600 \text{ cm}^2$

Prism (30, 15, 15)



$A = b \times h$
 $A = 30 \times 15$
 $A = 450$
 $2A = 900$



$A = b \times h$
 $A = 30 \times 15$
 $A = 450$
 $2A = 900$



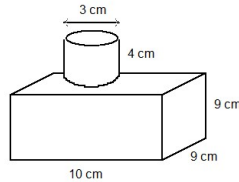
$A = b \times h$
 $A = 15 \times 15$
 $A = 225$
 $2A = 450$

$sa = 900 + 900 + 450$
 $= 2250 \text{ cm}^2$

$Tsa = \text{Cube} + \text{Prism} - \text{overlap}$
 $= 600 + 2250 - 200$
 $= 2650 \text{ cm}^2$

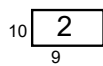
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23. Determine the surface area of this composite object, to the nearest square centimeter. The cylinder has diameter 3 cm and height 4 cm. The prism has length 10 cm, width 9 cm, and height 9 cm.

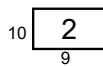


Cylinder Overlap
 ~~$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$~~
 $SA = 2\pi(1.5)^2 + 2\pi(1.5)(4)$
 $SA = 14.13 + 37.68$
 $SA = 51.81 \text{ cm}^2$

Prism (10, 9, 9)



$A = b \times h$
 $A = 10 \times 9$
 $A = 90$
 $2A = 180$



$A = b \times h$
 $A = 10 \times 9$
 $A = 90$
 $2A = 180$



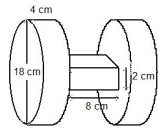
$A = b \times h$
 $A = 9 \times 9$
 $A = 81$
 $2A = 162$

$sa = 180 + 180 + 162$
 $= 522 \text{ cm}^2$

$Tsa = \text{Cylinder} + \text{Prism} - \text{overlap}$
 $= 50.81 + 522 - 14.13$
 $= 559.68 \text{ cm}^2$

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24. This object is composed of two identical cylinders connected by a right rectangular prism. Each cylinder has diameter 18 cm and height 4 cm. The rectangular prism has length 8 cm and square ends of side length 2 cm. Determine the surface area of the object. Give your answer to the nearest whole number.



2 Cylinder

$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$SA = 2\pi(9)^2 + 2\pi(9)(4)$$

$$SA = 508.68 + 226.08$$

$$SA = 734.76$$

$$\times 2$$

$$1469.52 \text{ cm}^2$$

Prism (8, 2, 2)

8 $\frac{2}{2}$	8 $\frac{2}{2}$	2 $\frac{2}{2}$
$A = bxh$	$A = bxh$	$A = bxh$
$A = 8 \times 2$	$A = 8 \times 2$	$A = 2 \times 2$
$A = 16$	$A = 16$	$A = 4$
$2A = 32$	$2A = 32$	$2A = 8$
$sa = 32 + 32 + 8$		
$= 72 \text{ cm}^2$		

$$Tsa = \text{Cylinder} + \text{Prism} - \text{overlap} - \text{overlap}$$

$$= 1469.52 + 72 - 8 - 8$$

$$= 1525.52 \text{ cm}^2$$

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25. Determine the value of $\sqrt{6.47 + 7.36 + 17.53}$.

$$\sqrt{31.36}$$

$$= 5.6$$

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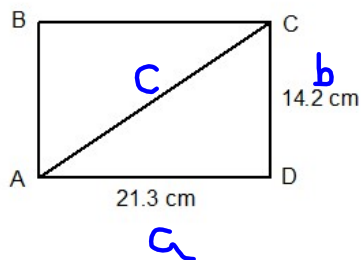
26. Determine the value of

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{81} + \sqrt{49}}{\sqrt{196} - \sqrt{100}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{\frac{9 + 7}{14 - 10}} &= \sqrt{\frac{16}{4}} \\ &= \frac{4}{2} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

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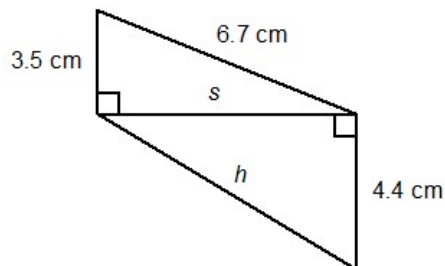
27. Determine the length of the diagonal AC of rectangle ABCD, to the nearest centimeter.



$$\begin{aligned} c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\ c^2 &= (21.3)^2 + (14.2)^2 \\ c^2 &= 453.69 + 201.64 \\ \sqrt{c^2} &= \sqrt{655.33} \\ c &= 25.6 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

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28. Determine the values of s and h . Show your work.



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**Unit 1 Review for January Exam
Answer Section**

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: NumberKEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: NumberKEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: NumberKEY: Conceptual Understanding
- PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: NumberKEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy LOC: 9.N6
 REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 TOP: NumberKEY: Conceptual Understanding
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy LOC: 9.N6
 REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 TOP: NumberKEY: Conceptual Understanding
- PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate LOC: 9.N6
 REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 TOP: NumberKEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate LOC: 9.N6
 REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 TOP: NumberKEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate LOC: 9.N6
 REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 TOP: NumberKEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy
 REF: 1.3 Surface Areas of Objects Made from Right Rectangular Prisms
 LOC: 9.SS2 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes)
 KEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate
 REF: 1.3 Surface Areas of Objects Made from Right Rectangular Prisms
 LOC: 9.SS2 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes)
 KEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy LOC: 9.SS2
 REF: 1.4 Surface Areas of Other Composite Objects
 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes) KEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy LOC: 9.SS2
 REF: 1.4 Surface Areas of Other Composite Objects
 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes) KEY: Procedural Knowledge
- PTS: 1 DIF: Easy LOC: 9.SS2
 REF: 1.4 Surface Areas of Other Composite Objects
 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes) KEY: Procedural Knowledge

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SHORT ANSWER

ANS:

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

ANS:

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

- a) The length of one side of the garden is $\sqrt{240.25}$ m, or
- b) The perimeter of the garden is 4×15.5 m,

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N6 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

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The length of the hypotenuse is about

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N6 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

The length of side s is about

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N6 TOP: Number KEY: Procedural Knowledge

The surface area of the composite object is

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.3 Surface Areas of Objects Made from Right Rectangular Prisms
 LOC: 9.SS2 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes)
 KEY: Procedural Knowledge

The surface area of the object is about

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.4 Surface Areas of Other Composite Objects
 LOC: 9.SS2 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes)
 KEY: Procedural Knowledge

The surface area of the object is about

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.4 Surface Areas of Other Composite Objects
 LOC: 9.SS2 TOP: Shape and Space (3-D Objects and 2-D Shapes)
 KEY: Procedural Knowledge

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PROBLEM

ANS:

$$\sqrt{6.47 + 7.36 + 17.53} = \sqrt{31.36}$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: Number KEY: Problem-Solving Skills

S:

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{81} + \sqrt{49}}{\sqrt{196} - \sqrt{100}}} = \sqrt{\frac{9+7}{14-10}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{16}{4}}$$

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: 1.1 Square Roots of Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N5 TOP: Number KEY: Problem-Solving Skills

ANS:

$$AC^2 = AD^2 + DC^2$$

$$= 21.3^2 + 14.2^2$$

$$= 655.33$$

$$AC = \sqrt{655.33}$$

The length of AC is about 25.6 cm.

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N6 TOP: Number KEY: Problem-Solving Skills

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ANS:
 Use the Pythagorean Theorem.

$$s^2 + 3.5^2 = 6.7^2$$

$$s^2 = 6.7^2 - 3.5^2$$

$$s^2 = 32.64$$

$$s = \sqrt{32.64}$$

$$h^2 = s^2 + 4.4^2$$

$$= 32.64 + 19.36$$

$$= 52$$

$$h = \sqrt{52}$$

Side s is about 5.7 cm and side h is about 7.2 cm.

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: 1.2 Square Roots of Non-Perfect Squares
 LOC: 9.N6 TOP: Number KEY: Problem-Solving Skills | Communication

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