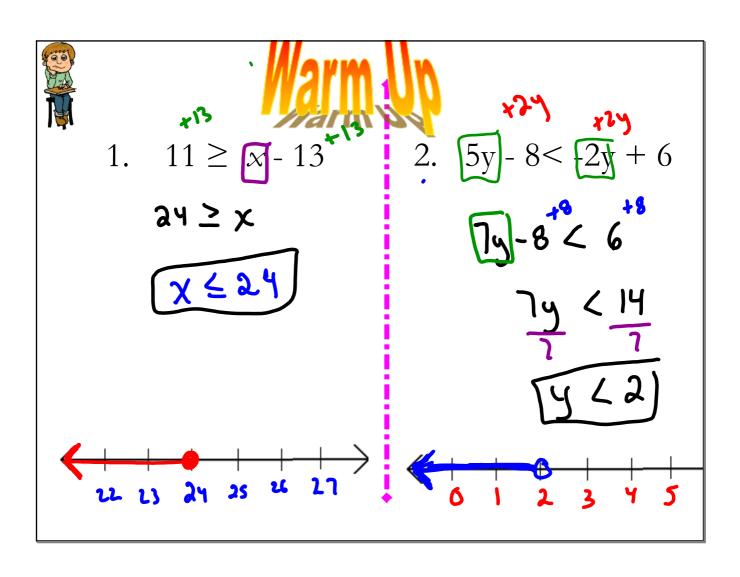
Curriculum Outcome

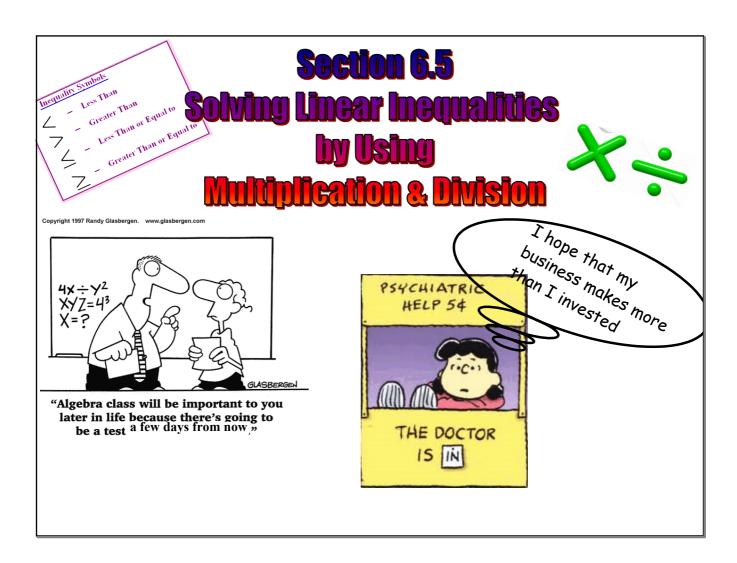
PR1: Generalize a pattern arising from a problem-solving context using linear equations and verify by substitution.

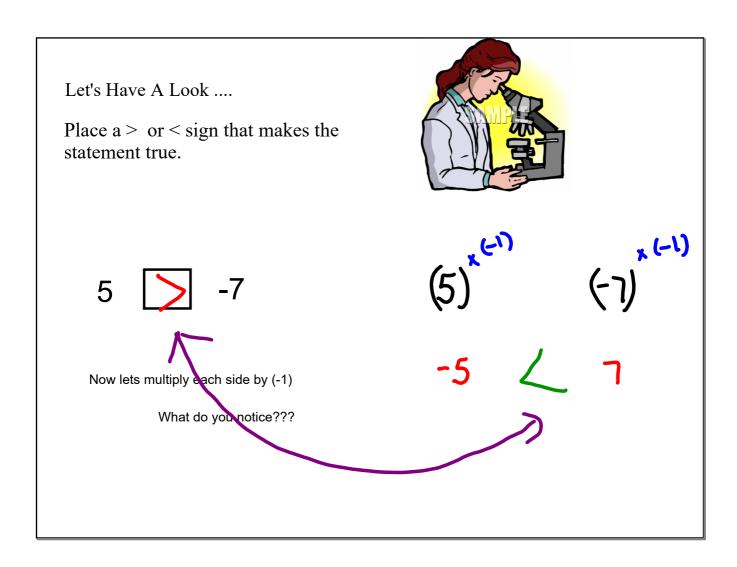
PR3. Model and solve problems using linear equations of the form:

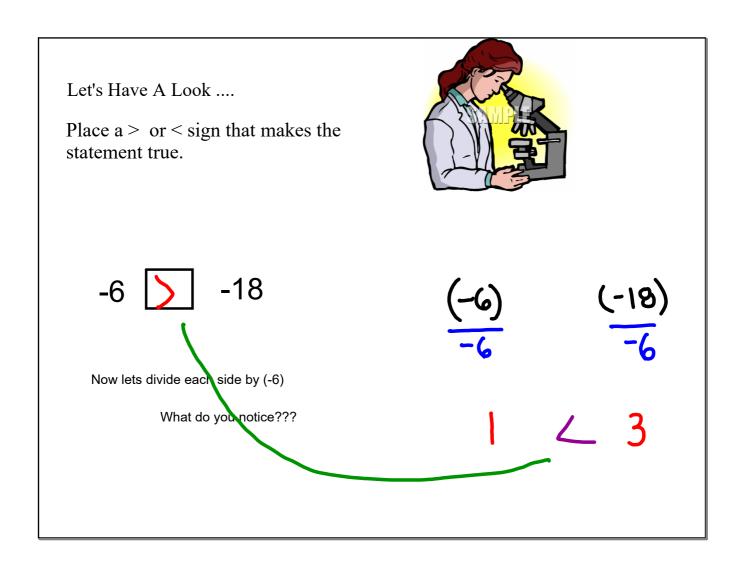
ax = b; = b, a \neq 0; ax + b = c; +b = c, a \neq 0; = b, $x \neq$ 0 ax ax xa ax + b = cx + d; a(bx + c) = d(ex + f); a(x + b) = c; ax = b + cx concretely, pictorially and symbolically, where a, b, c, d, e, and f are rational numbers

Student Friendly: Solving an inequality that has a negative variable (ie. <, >)









Properties of Inequalties

1) When you multiply or divide a inequality by a positive number the inequality remains the same.

Example)
$$5 > -1$$

 $5(3) > (-1)(3)$
 $15 > -3$

Properties of Inequalties

2) When you multiply or divide a inequality by a "negative number" the inequality must be reversed(switched) in order to remain true.

$$\begin{cases}
12 & -10 \\
12 \div (-2) & -10 \div (-2)
\end{cases}$$

Switch inequality since divided by a negative

$$12 \div (-2)$$
 $-10 \div (-2)$ $-6 < 5$

$$-6 < 5$$

FIX

NOTE:

When solving an inequality, we use the same strategy as for solving an equation.

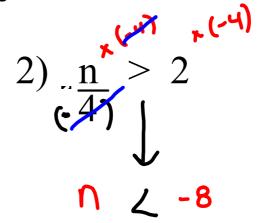
Switch the inequality sign ONLY when you divide or multiple by a negative

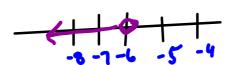
Study

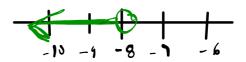
Solving a Multi-Step Inequality

What if you solve for a negative "variable"

1)
$$\frac{2n}{(-2)}$$
 > $\frac{12}{(-2)}$







Solving a Multi-Step Inequality

What if you solve for a negative "variable"

$$2) \left(-2n \right) - 5 > \left(6n \right) + 7$$

$$\frac{-8n}{-8} \rightarrow \frac{12}{-8}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)$$

2)
$$(-2n + 5) > (6n) + 7$$

$$-\frac{12}{8} > \frac{8n}{8}$$

$$\frac{-3}{2}$$
 > η

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{-5} - \frac{4}{2} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$$

