

Power Rules

① Zero Exponent
 $2^0 = 1$

② Power of a Power (multiply the exponents)
 $(3^4)^5 = 3^{20}$

③ Product Rule (add exponents)
 $5^3 \times 5^4 = 5^7$

④ Quotient (subtract exponents)
 $5^8 \div 5^3 = 5^5$

⑤ Power of a Product (multiply)
 $(2^5 \times 3^4)^2 = 2^{10} \times 3^8$

⑥ Power of a Quotient
 $\left(\frac{3^2}{5^6}\right)^3 = \frac{3^6}{5^{18}}$

1. Complete sheets from before Christmas
2. Homework...page 1 of handout

13. $4^9 \times 4^{-5} = 4^4$

$$12. a) 10^{-3} = \frac{1}{10^3} \quad g) \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{-2} = \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1000} \quad = \frac{100}{1}$$

$$= 100$$

$$1.) \begin{aligned} 100 &= 10^2 \\ 1000 &= 10^3 \\ 10000 &= 10^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$1. (9k^3g^2)^2 =$$

$$=$$

$$2. (2h^2 \cdot h \cdot 3)^3 =$$

$$=$$

$$3. (4h^2 \cdot 3h \cdot h^3)^2 =$$

$$=$$